

# STATISTICAL YEARBOOK OF BHUTAN

## 1992



SYB1992-2

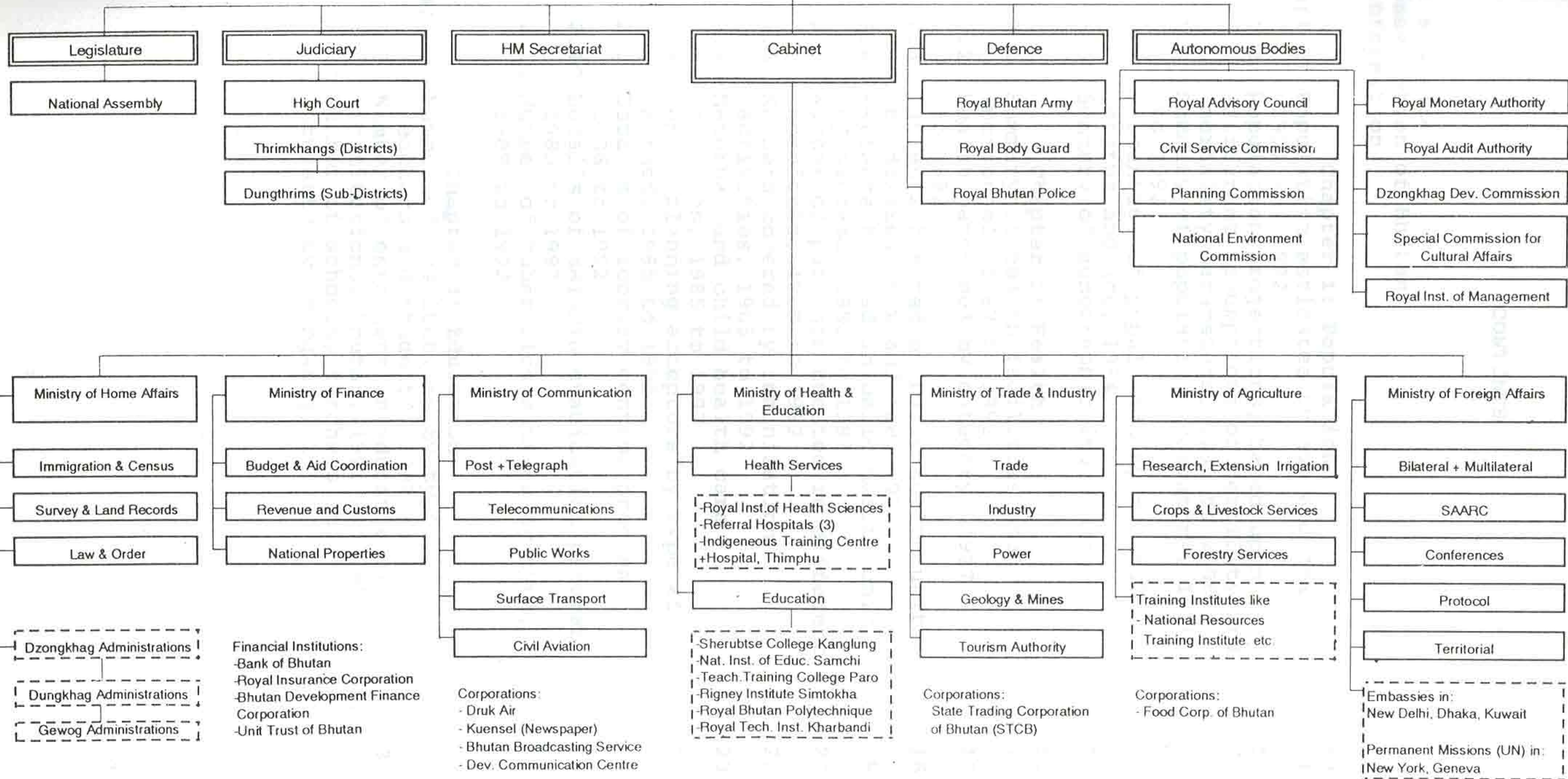
Central Statistical Organization  
Ministry of Planning  
Royal Government of Bhutan  
Thimphu, September 1994

# Structure of Government, 1992

Source:

Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

**HM THE KING**



In addition to above indicated Divisions, each Ministry has also a Policy and Planning Division and an Administration and Finance Division.

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## PREFACE

Statistical Yearbook of Bhutan 1992 is the eleventh in the series of annual statistical publications issued by the Central Statistical Office, Ministry of Planning.

The purpose of the publication is to provide a summary of the more important statistics of Bhutan referring to 1992. *This publication is being issued to keep the continuity of data series of Bhutan* although it has been delayed due to unavoidable circumstances.

Statistics have been presented under a number of subject headings corresponding to the major areas of statistical interest. For each subject, a short introductory text has been given providing a brief description of the statistics, how they were obtained and any existing shortcomings.

In preparing the publication, attempts have been made to assess the quality of each data source and where appropriate, tables have been footnoted to highlight any shortcomings in the data.

Every effort has been made to ensure that the statistics given in the publication meet with acceptable statistical standards. However, it has been necessary to place reliance on existing data collections and it was not always possible to undertake as detailed an assessment of data sources as would have been preferred. This was due to the wide range of data sources used and because detailed background information on many data collections was not always available. Consequently, some shortcomings in the data presented are inevitable, though it is considered that these have been kept to a minimum. Throughout the compilation of the publication, the CSO has maintained close contact with all sectors.

The range and quality of statistics available in Bhutan should improve over the next few years, and this will be reflected in further upgrading of this publication in the future.

Joint Director  
Central Statistical Organization  
Ministry of Planning  
Thimphu

## BHUTAN AT A GLANCE

### POPULATION

Population 1992 (projected)	numbers	6,23,543
Urban population (estimate)	Percent	14.5
Area of Bhutan	sq. km.	46,500
Population density	persons/sq. km.	13.4
Birth rate 1984	per 1000 population	39.1
Death rate 1984	per 1000 population	19.3
Infant mortality 1989	per 1000 live birth	134
Life expectancy 1984		
Males	years	45.8
Females	years	49.1
Both	years	47.5

### Health 1992

Population per doctor	numbers	5,882
Population per hospital bed	numbers	654

### Education 1992

Number of schools		268
Number of students		67,370
Number of teachers		2,333

### Agriculture and Forestry 1983

Agriculture land	'000 hectares	355.9
Forested land	'000 hectares	2,839.9

### Transport and Communication 1992

Road length	km	2,462
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### Energy 1992

Electricity generation	MU	1551.9
Electricity sale	MU	159.7
Electricity export	MU	1336.9

### Balance of Payments 1991/92

Value of exports	million Nu.	1632.0
Value of imports	million Nu.	2148.5
Trade balance	million Nu.	-516.6
Current account balance	million Nu.	-639.5
Overall balance	million Nu.	666.9
International reserves		
Rupees	million Rs.	97.8
Convertible currency	million US \$	95.96

### Gross Domestic Product

Agricultural sector 1992	% of total	39.8
Real growth 1991 to 1992	%	4.1

### Consumer Price Index

Change Dec 1991 to Dec 1992	%	16
Average change 1979 to 1992	%	9.8

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BHUTAN

### Position and area:

Bhutan comprises a land area of 46,500 square kilometers. The land lies between  $26^{\circ}45'N$  and  $28^{\circ}10'N$  and between longitudes  $88^{\circ}45'E$  and  $92^{\circ}10'E$ . The country is relatively compact with a maximum longitudinal distance of 170 kilometers and the maximum longitudinal distance of 300 kilometers.

Bhutan is landlocked and is bordered by India in the south, and by the Tibetan Autonomous Region of China in the north and north west.

Bhutan's borders are largely natural ones. The border with Tibet is traditional following the watershed of the Chumbi Valley in the northwest and the crest of the Himalayas in the north. The southern border with India was established by treaty with the British in the nineteenth century and basically follows the line made by the Himalayan foothills with the plains.

### Landform:

Bhutan is almost entirely mountainous with flat land limited to the broader river valleys. The land rises from approximately 300 metres above sea level in the south to the towering Himalayan mountains in the north of over 7,000 meters high. The densely populated central valleys are separated from the south by a 2,000 meter high chain of mountains.

Bhutan has three major landform features; the southern foothills, the inner Himalayas and the higher Himalayas. The southern foothills rise from the plains to heights of 1500 meters extending to the north by about 20 kilometers. Southern Bhutan consists of a heavy network of steep hills covered with large tracts of dense forests and jungles.

Central Bhutan consisting of the inner Himalayas rises gradually to about 3000 meters. This region contains the broader river valleys of Paro, Thimphu, Punakha, Wangduephodrang and Trashigang which comprise the economic and cultural heartland of the country. An infinite variety of plants, flowers and trees including apples, peaches and plums grow in the fertile valleys. Rice is the principle crop and large tracts of forests including birch, pine, chestnut and oak cover central Bhutan.

The northern region comprises the main Himalayan range of high snow capped mountains which separate Bhutan from Tibet. The Kulagangri and the Gangkar Punsum (both over 7,500 meters) and the Jomolhari (7316 metres) are the highest peaks in the Bhutan Himalaya. The slopes of the mountains are covered with birch, magnolia and rhododendrons while for many months of the year the summits are decked with snow. Population in this zone is sparse.

**Rivers:**

All but two of Bhutan's rivers rise in the higher Himalayas and journey south to join the Brahmaputra in India. Almost all the valleys have swift flowing rivers or streams which merge ultimately into four major river systems as they flow south viz. the Ammochu, the Wangchhu, the Sankosh and the Manas. The flows of the rivers are fed by the perennial snows or the summer monsoons and are highest in the monsoon season (June to September) and lowest in winter (December to March).

**Climate:**

The country can be divided into three distinct climatic zones corresponding broadly to the three main geographical divisions. The southern belt has a hot humid climate with temperatures remaining fairly even throughout the year between 15 and 30 degree celsius with rainfall ranging between 2500 to 5000 millimeters in some areas.

The central inner Himalayas has a cool temperate climate with annual rainfall averaging about 1000 millimeters with western region receiving comparatively higher rainfall.

The higher and more northern region has a severe alpine climate with annual rainfall around 400 mm. Much of the rainfall is concentrated in the summer months with the southwest monsoon accounting for 60 to 90 percent of the total rainfall.

There is substantial variation within these broad ranges and the climate and rainfall characteristics change dramatically from one valley to an adjacent one with consequent sharp changes in the composition of agricultural production.

Wide spread flood rainfall may occur during summer monsoon and the waters of the valleys may swell dramatically, spreading across the plains and flooding fields, bridges and houses.

**Government:**

**The monarchy:** On 17 December 1907, Ugyen Wangchuck was crowned the first hereditary monarch of Bhutan by the civil and monastic representatives. It was as a result of the influence of the strength and the farsightedness of Ugyen Wangchuck that for the first time Bhutan was united under a central authority which provided the country with stability and opportunity for development. In 1926 Ugyen Wangchuck was succeeded by his son Jigme Wangchuck, who ruled until his death in 1952.

The third Druk Gyalpo, Jigme Dorji Wangchuck began a campaign of modernization and expansion of Bhutan's government and society based on the accomplishments of his two predecessors in uniting the country under a strong central authority. Hence, the National Assembly consisting of representatives of the people, the Monastic order and Civil administration was reestablished in 1953.

The present Druk Gyalpo, His Majesty King Jigme Singye Wangchuck, acceded to the throne in 1972. His Majesty the king is the head of state and also the head of government. He is assisted by the cabinet which consists of His Majesty's representatives in various Ministries, Ministers and some senior civil servants.

**The National Assembly:** The Tshogdu (The National Assembly) consists of 150 members; 105 are the elected representatives of the people, 10 are from the Dratshang (Clergy) and 35 are nominated representatives of the Government. The people's representatives are directly elected by the people of their respective constituencies through secret ballot. The representatives of the clergy are elected by the Zhung Dratshang (Central Monastic Body) and the concerned Rabdeys (District Monastic Bodies). The representatives of the government are nominated by the King from among senior civil servants. All the members serve for a term of three years. The Speaker and the Deputy Speaker are elected by the National Assembly from among its members.

The National Assembly meets twice a year. The assembly enacts legislation and advises the government on all matters of national importance. Decisions are passed by a simple majority. A secret ballot is taken on all matters of national importance. Any Bhutanese over 25 years of age can be a candidate for membership.

**The Royal Advisory Council:** The Lodey Tshogdey (The Royal Advisory Council) was formally established in 1965 to advise the King and government ministers and to supervise the implementation of programs and policies laid down by the National Assembly. It consists of nine members. There are six representatives of the public (Measer Thuepoens) who serve for a term of three years. They are elected by the National Assembly through secret ballot from among the representatives of the Dzongkhags. Each Dzongkhag (district) deputes one representative who is elected through secret ballot from among the public. Two members represent the Monastic Body, one each from the Central Monastic Body and the Rabdeys who serve a term of one year. The chairman (Zhung Kaloen) is nominated by the king.

**The Monastic Body:** The Monastic Body is comprised of the Central Monastic Body and the Rabdeys (District Monastic Bodies). The current strength of the Monastic Body is about 5,000 registered gelongs (monks) and is financed by an annual subsidy from the Royal Government. Punakha and Thimphu Dratshang having a strength of 1,600 constitutes the Central Monastic Body.

The Monastic Body is the sole arbiter on religious matters. The Je Khempo who is chosen from among high ranking gelongs is the head of the Body. He is assisted by four high ranking Lopens of the Central Monastic Body.

**Local Government:** Local administration has been strengthened to meet the requirement of decentralized administration and development. There are twenty dzongkhags or districts each under the charge of a dzongkhag administrator or dzongda responsible for civil administration and development activities. Each dzongda is assisted by a dzongrab who is responsible for planning and development and civil administration. The larger dzongkhags are subdivided into dungkhags headed by a dungpa. Groups of villages have a headman called the gup (in the north) or mandal (in the south). In each dzongkhag the dzongda is assisted in his development function by the Dzongkhag Yargye Tshogchung (District Development Committee) which consists of peoples representatives and government officials.

**The Judiciary:** Bhutan's Legal Code is based on that laid down by Ngawang Namgyal, the first Shabdrung who arrived Bhutan in 1616. Traditional Buddhist precepts are significantly maintained in the legal processes.

The High Court consists of eight judges. There is a court in each dzongkhag headed by a Thrimpoen and assisted by ramjams but minor disputes are settled by village gups.

## GENERAL INFORMATION

### EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS

- n.a stands for "not available"  
.. stands for "not applicable"  
- stands for "nil or rounded to zero"  
\* stands for "sampling error too high for accurate estimation or estimates less than one percent"  
( ) stands for negative numbers

### EXPLANATORY NOTES

1. In some cases, minor discrepancies may occur between sums of component items and totals because of rounding.
2. Dzongkhags given in some tables differ from those given in Annex. This is because of changes following the creation of new Dzongkhags.

### SOME UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

#### Numbering (UK)

Hundred =  $10^2$

Thousand =  $10^3$

Million =  $10^6$

Billion =  $10^{12}$

Trillion =  $10^{18}$

#### A. Length Measurement

##### 1. Metric equivalents

10 mm	=	1 cm
10 cm	=	1 dm
10 dm	=	1 m
10 m	=	1 dk m
10 dk m	=	1 hm
10 hm	=	1 km

##### Abbreviations

mm	=	millimetre
cm	=	centimetre
m	=	metre
dm	=	decimetre
hm	=	hectometre

##### 2. British units

12 inches	=	1 foot
3 feet	=	1 yard
5.5 yards	=	1 rod, pole
4 poles	=	1 chain
10 chains	=	1 furlong
8 furlongs	=	1 mile

##### 3. Conversion from British to metric units (lengths)

1 inch	=	2.539998 cm
1 foot	=	0.3047997 m
1 yard	=	0.9143992 m
1 mile	=	1.609343 km
1 nautical mile	=	1.853182 km
1 m	=	39.370113 inches
1 m	=	3.280843 feet
1 m	=	1.093614 yard
1 km	=	0.6213717 miles

## B. Area measurements

### 1. British units

144 square inches	=	1 square foot
9 square feet	=	1 square yard
30 1/4 yards	=	1 square rod, pole
40 square rod	=	1 rood
4 roods	=	1 acre
640 acres	=	1 square miles

### 2. Metric units

100 square mm	=	1 square cm
100 square cm	=	1 square dm
100 square dm	=	1 square m
100 square m	=	1 are
100 square ares	=	1 hectare
100 hectares	=	1 square km

### 3. Conversion from British to Metric units (Area)

1 square yard	=	0.836 square m
1 square feet	=	0.093 square m
1 square inch	=	6.452 square cm
1 square m	=	1.196 square yard
1 square cm	=	0.155 square inch
1 square mile	=	2.590 square km
1 square km	=	0.386 square mile

## C. Weight measurements

### 1. British units

16 dram	=	1 ounce
16 ounces	=	1 pound
28 pounds	=	1 cwt
20 cwt	=	1 ton
14 pounds	=	1 stone

### 2. Metric units

10 mg	=	1 cg
10 cg	=	1 dg
10 dg	=	1 g
10 g	=	1 dk g
10 dk g	=	1 hg
10 hg	=	1 kg
100 kg	=	1 quintal

### 3. Conversion from British to metric units

1 grain	=	0.0648 g
1 ounce	=	31.103 g
1 g	=	15.432 grains
1 pound	=	0.373 kg
1 tonne	=	1.016 metric tonne

## D. Conversion of air temperatures

### 1. Degree celsius to degree Fahrenheit

$$(9 \times T_c) / 5 + 32, \text{ where } T_c \text{ is temperature in degree celsius}$$

### 2. Fahrenheit to degree celsius

$$5 \times (T_f - 32) / 9, \text{ where } T_f \text{ is temperature in fahrenheit}$$



## CHAPTER 1: POPULATION

### INTRODUCTION

The main source of statistics on population is the population census. Population censuses are undertaken in most countries on a five or ten yearly basis aimed to provide a full count of the population according to a range of characteristics such as demography, health, education and other social aspects. Censuses are useful not only because they provide a range of current population data but also for use as a benchmark for making population estimates in non census years and for population projections. Population censuses were undertaken in Bhutan in 1960 and 1980.

The second major element of population statistics relates to the demography characteristics of the population. The most common source of information on demography is the vitals registration system (which usually covers the registration of births and deaths and sometimes marriages and divorces). In Bhutan, the vital registration system does not currently provide the full coverage of births and deaths and it has been necessary to undertake a special sample survey (in 1984) to obtain the important demographic information.

Statistics presented in this chapter include estimates of current and future population together with data from 1984 demographic survey. The interpretation of demographic indicators is as follows:

**Crude birth rate:** Number of live births in a year per thousand population.

**General fertility rate:** Number of live births in a year per thousand woman aged 15 to 49.

**Total fertility rate:** Average number of children born by women during their life time.

**Gross reproduction rate:** Average number of daughters born by women during their life time.

**Net reproduction rate:** Reproduction rate adjusted for mortality of women.

**Crude death rate:** Number of deaths in a year per thousand population.

**Infant mortality rate:** Number of deaths during first year of life per thousand live births.

**Rate of natural increase:** The difference between the crude birth rate and the crude death rate.

**Dependency ratio:** Measures the number of dependents as a percentage of population aged 15 to 64. Child dependency refers to children aged 0 to 14, while old age dependency refers to persons aged 65 and over.

**Index of aging:** It is the number of persons aged 65 and over as a percentage of the number of persons aged 0 to 14.

TABLE 1.1: POPULATION ESTIMATES BY AGE AND SEX, 1991 AND 1992

Age group	Persons			Percent		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
<b>1991</b>						
0 - 4	81419	40493	40926	13.3	6.6	6.7
5 - 9	82691	41344	41347	13.5	6.8	6.8
10 - 14	73833	37687	36146	12.1	6.2	5.9
15 - 19	61595	30756	30839	10.1	5.0	5.1
20 - 24	54062	27011	27051	8.9	4.4	4.4
25 - 29	47894	23888	24006	7.8	3.9	3.9
30 - 34	37659	19296	18363	6.2	3.2	3.0
35 - 39	33023	17012	16011	5.4	2.8	2.6
40 - 44	29495	15311	14184	4.8	2.5	2.3
45 - 49	26934	14015	12919	4.4	2.3	2.1
50 - 54	22957	11834	11123	3.8	1.9	1.8
55 - 59	17404	9142	8262	2.9	1.5	1.4
60 - 64	14982	7616	7366	2.5	1.2	1.2
65 - 69	10818	5380	5438	1.8	0.9	0.9
70 - 74	6762	3393	3369	1.1	0.6	0.6
75 +	8899	4463	4436	1.5	0.7	0.7
All ages	610427	308641	301786	100.0	50.6	49.4
<b>1992</b>						
0 - 4	84396	42096	42300	13.5	6.8	6.8
5 - 9	81763	40723	41040	13.1	6.5	6.6
10 - 14	76309	38826	37483	12.2	6.2	6.0
15 - 19	63680	32031	31649	10.2	5.1	5.1
20 - 24	55060	27426	27634	8.8	4.4	4.4
25 - 29	49148	24531	24617	7.9	3.9	3.9
30 - 34	39577	20121	19456	6.3	3.2	3.1
35 - 39	33306	17179	16127	5.3	2.8	2.6
40 - 44	30027	15530	14497	4.8	2.5	2.3
45 - 49	27150	14110	13040	4.4	2.3	2.1
50 - 54	23567	12139	11428	3.8	1.9	1.8
55 - 59	18031	9397	8634	2.9	1.5	1.4
60 - 64	14759	7560	7199	2.4	1.2	1.2
65 - 69	11390	5628	5762	1.8	0.9	0.9
70 - 74	6520	3283	3237	1.0	0.5	0.5
75 +	8860	4433	4427	1.4	0.7	0.7
All ages	623543	315013	308530	100.0	50.5	49.5

Note: Estimates based upon 1990 population figure and age sex structure of 1980 census

Source: Estimates made by CSO, Ministry of Planning

TABLE 1.2: POPULATION PROJECTIONS, BASED UPON DIFFERENT ASSUMPTIONS OF FERTILITY AND MORTALITY PARAMETERS, 1991 TO 2006

Indicators\Assumptions	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	Age s
Total fertility rate	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	
Crude birth rate, 2006	41.0	40.4	39.9	36.9	36.3	35.9	31.2	30.8	30.4	0 -
Crude death rate, 2006	17.6	14.1	11.3	17.2	13.8	11.2	16.7	13.4	10.9	15 -
Life expectancy, 2006										20 -
Males	45.8	51.8	56.5	45.8	51.8	56.5	45.8	51.8	56.5	25 -
Females	48.7	55.0	60.0	48.7	55.0	60.0	48.7	55.0	60.0	30 -
Population estimates										35 -
1991	614,400	615,000	616,200	612,600	613,800	614,400	611,400	612,000	613,200	40 -
1996	691,753	630,375	632,837	625,465	627,917	691,753	623,017	624,240	626,690	45 -
2001	778,845	646,134	649,924	638,599	642,360	778,845	634,854	636,725	640,478	50 -
2006	876,901	662,288	667,472	652,010	657,134	876,901	646,916	649,459	654,568	ALL
Average annual growth rate (%)	2.4	2.5	2.7	2.1	2.3	2.4	1.9	2.0	2.2	Sou

Source: Estimates by CSO, Ministry of Planning

TABLE 1.3: SUMMARY OF POPULATION INDICATORS, 1990 TO 1992

Population indicators	1990	1991	1992
Sex ratio (males/females)	102.5	102.3	102.1
Age composition (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0
0 - 14	39.2	38.9	38.7
15 - 49	47.3	47.7	47.9
50 - 59	6.6	6.6	6.7
60 +	6.9	6.8	6.7
Median age (years)	20.5	20.5	20.6
Dependency ratio			
Child dependency	67.4	68.8	68.4
Old age dependency	6.8	7.7	7.6
Total dependency	74.2	76.4	76.0
Index of aging	10.1	11.1	11.0

Source: Estimates by CSO, Ministry of Planning

TABLE 1.4: PERCENTAGE OF POPULATION BY MARITAL STATUS AND AGE, 1984

(percent)

Age group	Never married		Married		Divorced/separated		Widowed		Total	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
	0 - 14	99.9	99.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0
15 - 19	92.1	73.4	7.7	25.5	-	-	-	-	100.0	100.0
20 - 24	54.5	30.1	43.8	64.8	1.5	4.4	-	-	100.0	100.0
25 - 29	26.8	12.4	70.0	80.5	2.4	5.7	-	1.4	100.0	100.0
30 - 34	13.1	8.4	82.8	81.3	1.9	7.3	2.3	3.1	100.0	100.0
35 - 39	10.0	5.5	85.8	84.9	1.8	5.7	2.5	3.9	100.0	100.0
40 - 44	7.6	6.3	87.9	81.4	1.7	5.3	2.8	7.0	100.0	100.0
45 - 49	6.9	6.9	86.8	78.7	1.4	5.4	5.0	9.1	100.0	100.0
50 +	6.5	4.2	75.4	58.8	2.3	4.8	15.7	32.2	100.0	100.0
All ages	57.8	52.0	38.0	39.0	1.0	2.8	3.2	6.2	100.0	100.0

Source: 1984 Demographic Sample Survey, CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

TABLE 1.5: SUMMARY OF DEMOGRAPHIC INDICATORS

Indicators	1984
<b>Fertility</b>	
Crude birth rate	39.1
General fertility rate	169.6
Total fertility rate	5.9
Gross reproduction rate	2.9
Net reproduction rate	1.9
Rate of natural increase (%)	2.0
Singulate Mean Age at First Marriage	20.3
<b>Mortality</b>	
Crude death rate	19.3
Infant mortality rate	142.0
Life expectancy at birth	
Males	45.8
Females	49.1

Source: 1984 Demographic Sample Survey, CSO

## INTRODUCTION

General health conditions in Bhutan are affected by low nutritio intake, poor sanitation and high prevalence of parasitic infection and contagious diseases. Health facilities are spread through ou the country. Greater emphasis is given to the rural areas where th majority of the population live. Basic health units (BHUs) usuall serving remote districts staffed by well trained paramedica personnel are equipped to treat minor ailments and advise O preventive measures to avoid the spread of communicable diseases. These BHUs are supported by dispensaries.

There are also a number of special health programs in Bhuta administered by the Division of Health. These cover immunization, maternal and child health services, malaria eradication, leproso control program and family planning.

The main indicators of the health status of the population are morbidity and mortality. Morbidity refers to the type of illness people suffer from, while mortality relates to death rates and causes of death. Morbidity and mortality data are usually obtained from administrative sources. Morbidity data can often be obtained from patients records of health units, while information on mortality rates and causes of death is usually obtained from vital registration systems (that is the civil registration of births and deaths)

In Bhutan, some morbidity statistics are available based on patients treated by hospitals, basic health units and dispensaries. Little information is available, while a registration system is in place for the reporting of births and deaths, it is recognized that there is some under coverage and problems with the identification of cause of death. Over all level of mortality have been estimated from the demographic sample surveys, but cause of death data have not yet become available. Efforts are under way to improve the vital registration system.

TABLE 2.1: SUMMARY OF HEALTH FACILITIES AND PERSONNEL, 1987 TO 1992

Health indicators	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Number of hospitals	27	28	26	26	26	26
Number of basic health units	68	69	69	71	74	75
Number of dispensaries	46	46	46	44	43	43
Number of indigenous hospitals	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of indigenous dispensaries	5	6	6	6	6	6
Number of hospital beds	922	932	944	944	914	954
Number of doctors	138	138	157	157	109	106
Persons per doctor (a)	9,740	9,700	9,100	3,822	5,600	5,882
Persons per hospital bed	1,460	1,500	1,500	636	668	654
Doctors per 10,000 persons	1	1	1	3	2	2
Hospital bed per 10,000 persons	7	7	7	16	15	16
Population covered by health care(%)	n.a	65	65	65	90	70
Population access to safe drinking water(%)	n.a	n.a	38	38	54	54
Women attended by trained personnel during child birth (%)	n.a	n.a	16	21	25	25

(a) Includes doctors in administrative services and non-nationals

Source: Health Division, Thimphu

TABLE 2.2: HEALTH PERSONNEL BY CATEGORY, 1987 TO 1992

Health personnel	(numbers)					
	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Doctors	138	138	157	157	109	106
Health assistants	91	100	119	117	115	116
Basic health workers	91	97	91	114	127	119
Sister and nurses	279	303	317	325	316	323
Other technicians	150	178	144	182	239	251
Indigenous physicians	11	10	12	12	14	14
Indigenous compounders	9	9	10	10	8	8
Total health personnel	769	835	850	917	928	937

Source: Health Division, Thimphu

(numbers)

Disease	Age below 1			Age 1 to 4			Age 5 to 14			Age 15 and above			All ages	
	Male	Female	Persons	Male	Female	Persons	Male	Female	Persons	Male	Female	Persons	Persons	Percent
	Diarrhoea/Dysentery	2,050	2,358	4,408	6,177	5,805	11,982	7,988	7,174	15,162	12,209	9,875	22,084	53,636
Respiratory tract infection	2,040	2,235	4,275	4,338	4,684	9,022	7,999	8,578	16,577	24,197	21,508	45,705	75,579	21.2
Worms	228	294	522	3,530	3,589	7,119	6,297	6,241	12,538	9,226	9,922	19,148	39,327	11.0
Skin infection	1,403	1,638	3,041	4,106	4,327	8,433	7,705	6,406	14,111	14,687	10,882	25,569	51,154	14.3
Malaria/P.U.O	469	541	1,010	1,264	1,402	2,666	2,816	2,812	5,628	9,043	7,391	16,434	25,738	7.2
Conjunctivitis	565	664	1,229	1,562	1,728	3,290	3,086	3,323	6,409	7,133	7,862	14,995	25,923	7.3
Otitis media	477	527	1,004	1,043	1,081	2,124	1,474	1,171	2,645	1,054	959	2,013	7,786	2.2
Nutritional deficiency	273	320	593	868	1,013	1,881	1,233	1,314	2,547	3,941	5,724	9,665	14,686	4.1
Peptic ulcer syndrome	3	5	8	31	89	120	701	789	1,490	6,383	6,640	13,023	14,641	4.1
Disease of teeth and gum	7	5	12	89	131	220	614	637	1,251	2,799	2,763	5,562	7,045	2.0
Urinary tract infection and nephritis	18	22	40	164	189	353	360	405	765	2,079	2,255	4,334	5,492	1.5
Injuries	72	112	184	628	675	1,303	2,008	1,449	3,457	5,927	2,939	8,866	13,810	3.9
Sexually transmitted diseases	0	0	0	0	0	0	33	26	59	807	455	1,262	1,321	0.4
Other childhood diseases	27	31	58	112	120	232	376	347	723	117	91	208	1,221	0.3
Diseases of female genital tract	0	1	1	0	14	14	0	60	60	0	1,203	1,203	1,278	0.4
Complication of pregnancy and child birth peuperum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	11	0	988	988	999	0.3
Others	69	97	166	434	499	933	1,605	1,545	3,150	6,963	6,498	13,461	17,710	5.0
All diseases	7,701	8,850	16,551	24,346	25,346	49,692	44,295	42,288	86,583	106,565	97,955	204,520	357,346	100.0

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Source: Health Division, Thimphu

TABLE 2.3: PATIENTS TREATED IN BASIC HEALTH UNITS BY DISEASE, SEX AND AGE 1992

continuation

(numbers)

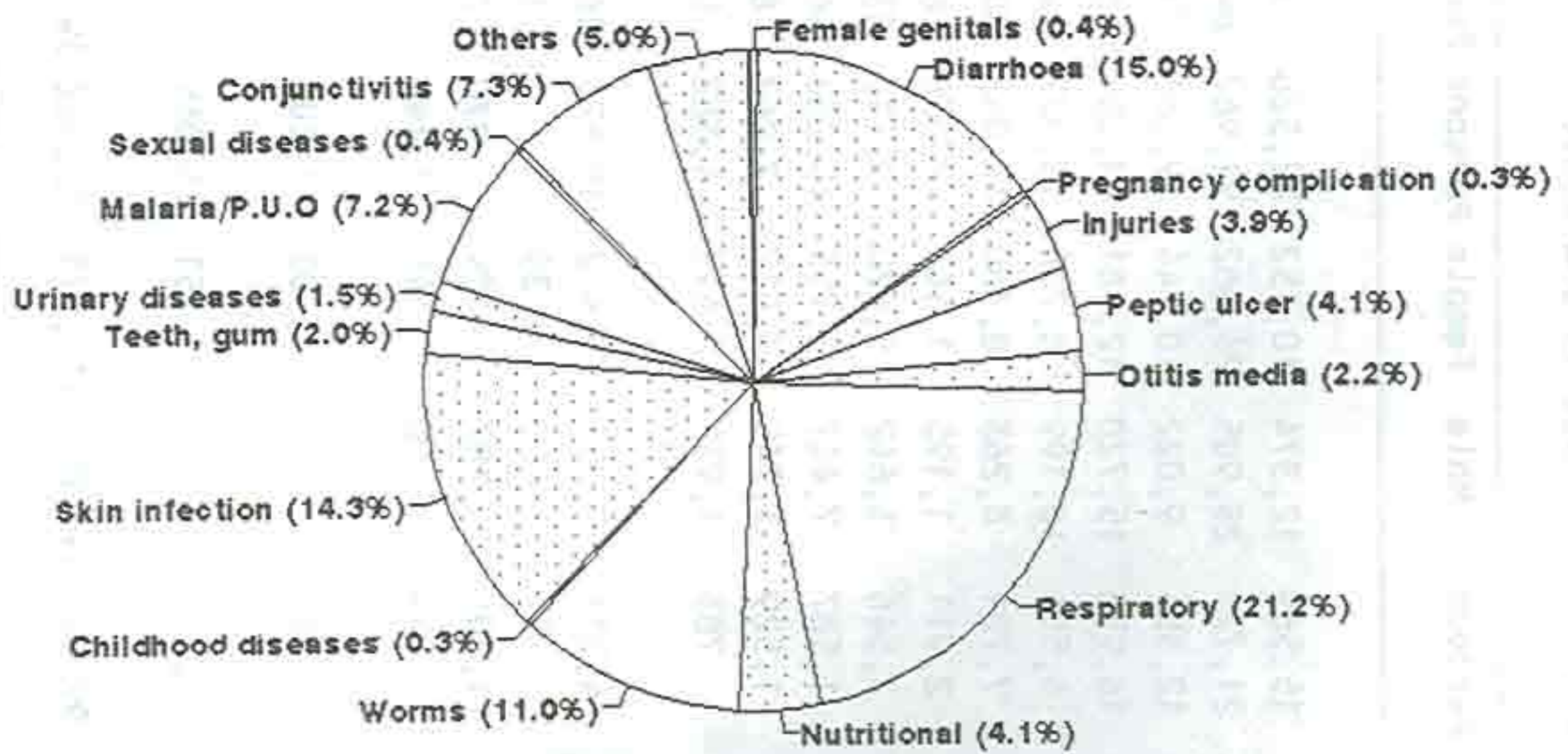
Disease	Age below 1			Age 1 to 4			Age 5 to 14			Age 15 and above			All ages	
	Male	Female	Persons	Male	Female	Persons	Male	Female	Persons	Male	Female	Persons	Persons	Percent
Diarrhoea/Dysentery	2,394	2,647	5,041	6,609	6,128	12,737	8,276	7,293	15,569	12,374	10,152	22,526	55,873	14.0
Respiratory tract infection	2,240	2,575	4,815	5,279	5,775	11,054	10,311	11,418	21,729	25,905	26,062	51,967	89,565	22.5
Worms	177	219	396	3,603	3,774	7,377	6,176	6,178	12,354	9,022	10,244	19,266	39,393	9.9
Skin infection	1,512	1,851	3,363	4,814	4,794	9,608	9,255	7,703	16,958	15,720	12,581	28,301	58,230	14.6
Malaria/P.U.O	413	473	886	1,418	1,516	2,934	3,352	3,152	6,504	10,199	8,728	18,927	29,251	7.3
Conjunctivitis	622	845	1,467	1,871	2,075	3,946	3,965	3,816	7,781	8,263	8,780	17,043	30,237	7.6
Otitis media	544	579	1,123	1,239	1,206	2,445	1,554	1,357	2,911	1,195	1,143	2,338	8,817	2.2
Nutritional deficiency	184	230	414	722	801	1,523	1,210	1,336	2,546	3,642	5,470	9,112	13,595	3.4
Peptic ulcer syndrome	5	5	10	78	100	178	635	952	1,587	7,447	7,755	15,202	16,977	4.3
Disease of teeth and gum	2	3	5	69	117	186	807	722	1,529	3,745	3,517	7,262	8,982	2.3
Urinary tract infection and nephritis	12	17	29	155	184	339	349	434	783	1,939	2,443	4,382	5,533	1.4
Injuries	61	72	133	708	755	1,463	2,505	1,806	4,311	7,051	3,472	10,523	16,430	4.1
Sexually transmitted diseases	0	0	0	0	1	1	31	63	94	888	539	1,427	1,522	0.4
Other childhood diseases	65	61	126	249	236	485	613	493	1,106	187	189	376	2,093	0.5
Diseases of female genital tract	0	2	2	0	13	13	0	54	54	0	1,140	1,140	1,209	0.3
Complication of pregnancy and child birth peuperum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	11	0	1,205	1,205	1,216	0.3
Others	70	76	146	423	482	905	1,935	1,844	3,779	7,514	7,551	15,065	19,895	5.0
All diseases	8,301	9,655	17,956	27,237	27,957	55,194	50,974	48,632	99,606	115,091	110,971	226,062	398,818	100.0

end

Source: Health Division, Thimphu



Major causes of health problems, 1991  
(for details see table 2.3)



Major causes of health problems, 1992  
(for details see table 2.3)

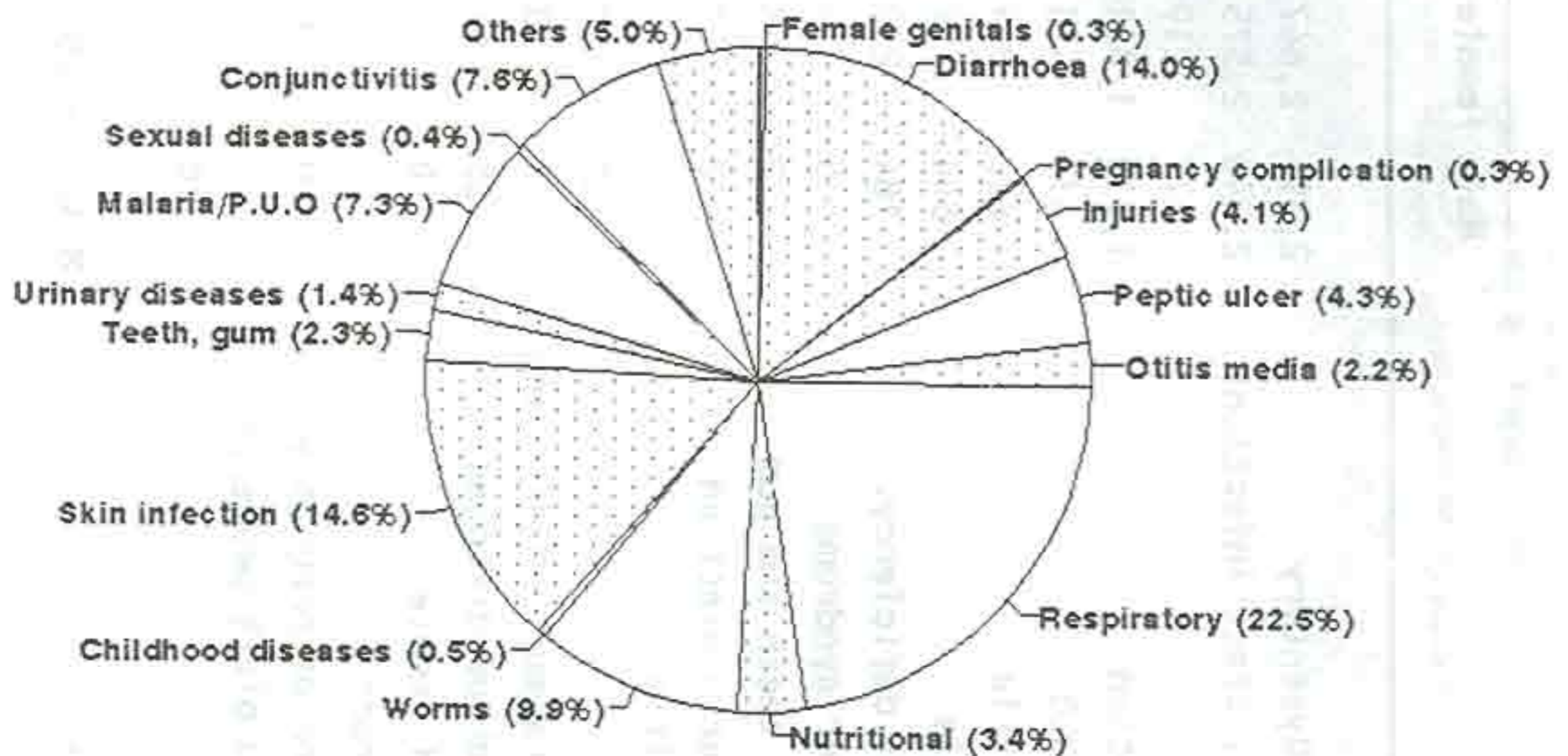


TABLE 2.4: PATIENTS TREATED IN BASIC HEALTH UNITS BY DISEASE, 1988 TO 1992

Disease	Persons ('000)					Percent				
	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Diarrhoea/Dysentery	64.3	63.4	78.7	53.6	55.9	15.0	14.8	15.1	15.0	14.0
Respiratory tract infection	78.0	83.7	104.0	75.6	89.6	18.2	19.5	20.0	21.2	22.5
Worms	55.0	43.7	55.3	39.3	39.4	12.8	10.2	10.6	11.0	9.9
Skin infection	50.9	48.4	69.9	51.2	58.2	11.9	11.3	13.4	14.3	14.6
Malaria/P.U.O	35.7	40.5	41.8	25.7	29.3	8.3	9.4	8.0	7.2	7.3
Conjunctivitis	25.4	25.5	35.9	25.9	30.2	5.9	5.9	6.9	7.3	7.6
Otitis media	9.3	9.4	10.8	7.8	8.8	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2
Nutritional deficiency	27.0	26.0	26.2	14.7	13.6	6.3	6.1	5.0	4.1	3.4
Peptic ulcer syndrome	14.9	19.0	22.3	14.6	17.0	3.5	4.4	4.3	4.1	4.3
Disease of teeth and gum	8.1	8.0	9.5	7.0	9.0	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.3
Urinary tract infection and nephritis	6.5	6.2	8.5	5.5	5.5	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.4
Injuries	17.6	16.9	22.4	13.8	16.4	4.1	4.0	4.3	3.9	4.1
Sexually transmitted diseases	1.3	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
Other childhood diseases	2.4	2.5	2.5	1.2	2.1	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.5
Disease of female genital tract	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3
Complication of pregnancy and childbirth peuperum	0.8	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Others	30.0	30.2	28.4	17.7	19.9	7.0	7.0	5.5	5.0	5.0
All diseases	428.5	428.9	520.4	357.3	398.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Health Division, Thimphu

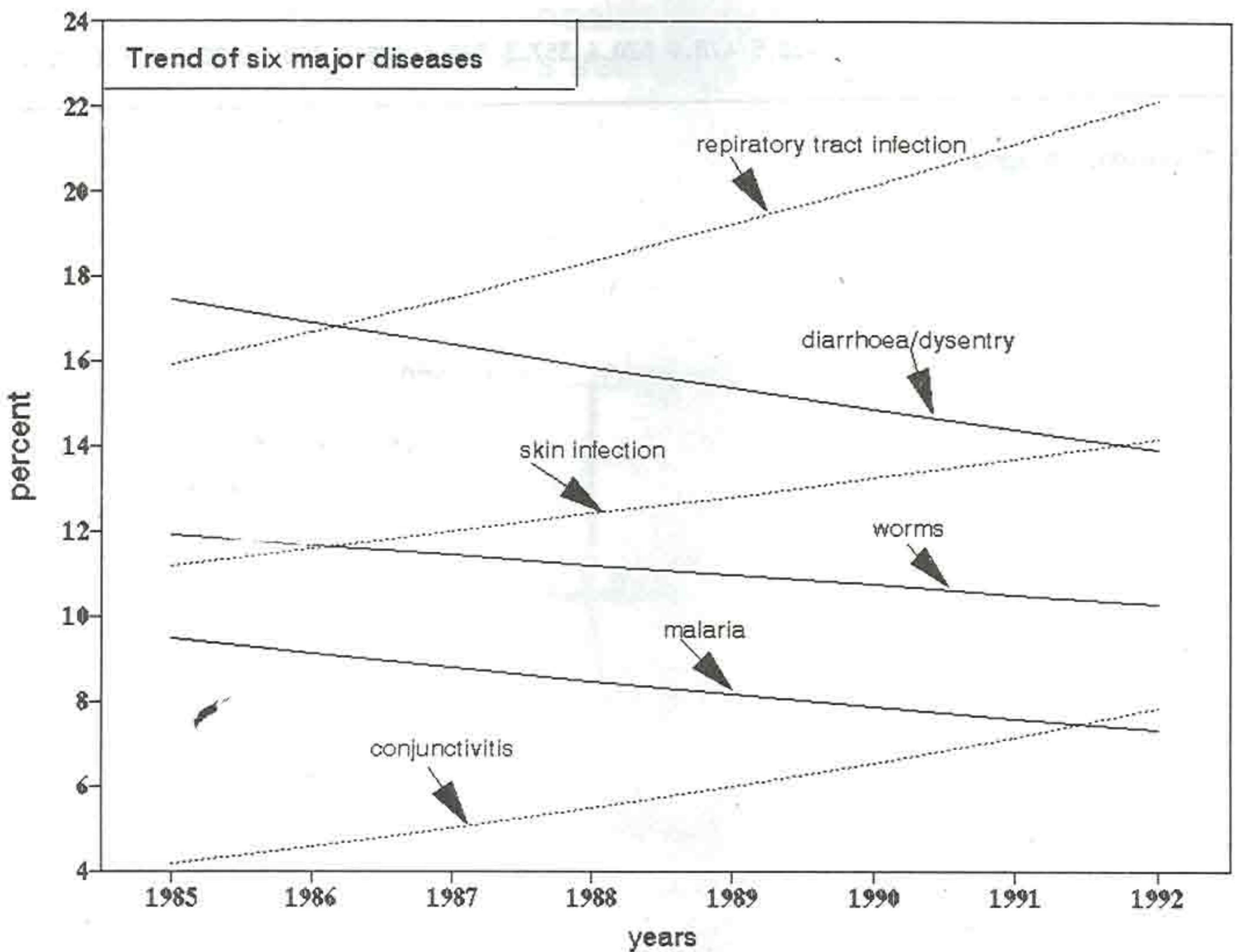
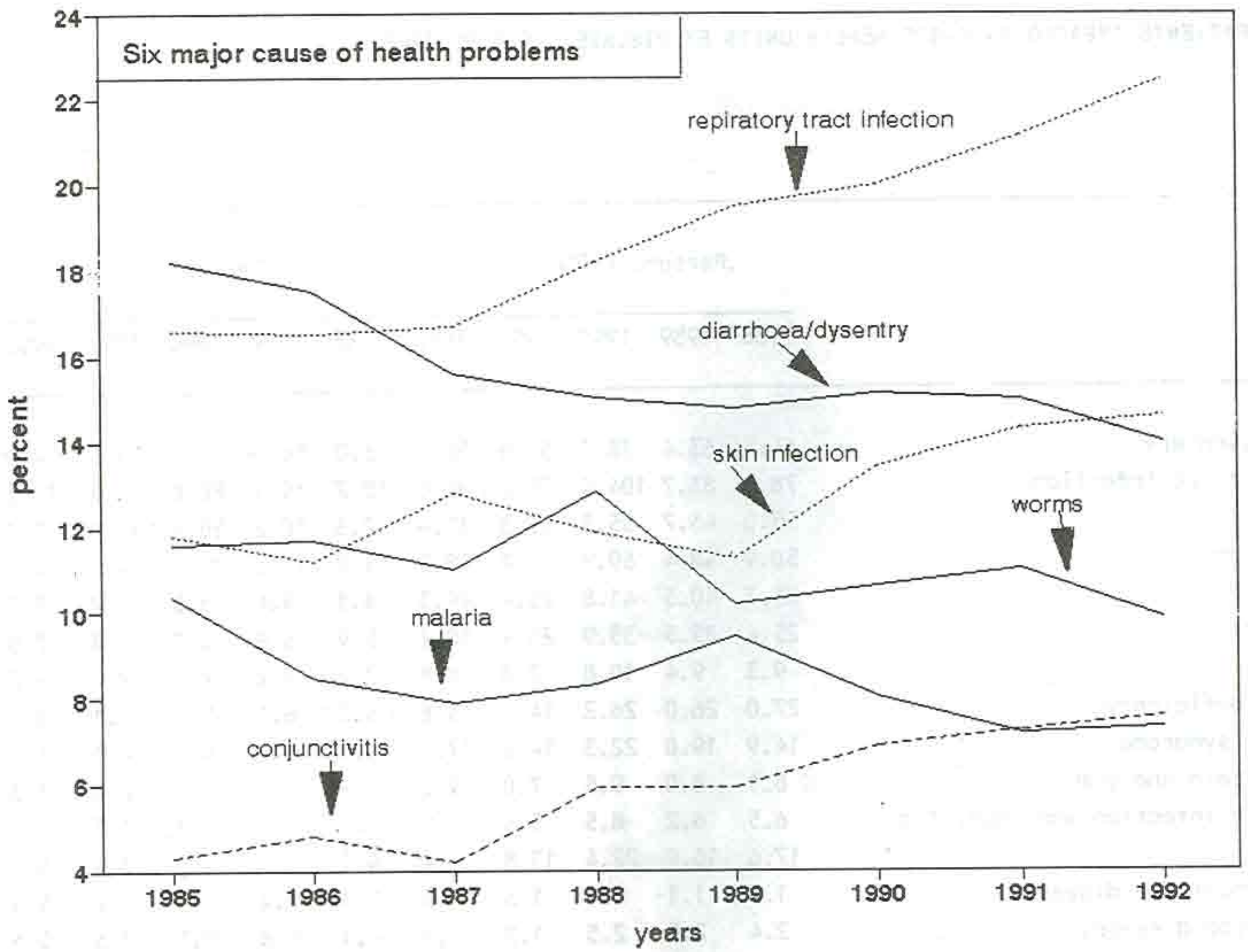


TABLE 2.5: NUMBER OF PATIENTS TREATED IN DIFFERENT HOSPITALS, 1988 TO 1992

(thousand)

Hospital	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
<b>Government hospitals</b>					
Bjakar	8.1	6.4	4.4	9.4	10.4
Tsirang	23.5	23.8	20.3	73.8	38.7
Geylegphug(a)	67.7	60.0	46.6	77.1	70.0
Pemagatshel	8.4	6.1	7.6	11.0	9.6
Paro	17.4	28.9	40.1	28.5	18.9
Phuntsholing	22.5	16.4	33.1	34.6	34.9
Samdrupjongkhar	16.5	22.5	25.8	17.7	25.6
Samtse	25.9	21.3	22.1	23.1	29.9
Sarpang	22.9	-	46.6	n.a	n.a
Sibsoo	11.2	8.9	9.4	9.5	8.4
Thimphu	98.6	129.6	145.0	5.5	5.1
Trashigang	19.5	17.2	28.6	17.7	20.9
Tsimalakha	11.2	24.7	20.5	24.6	20.6
Trongsa	4.9	5.9	7.0	6.9	6.4
<b>Leprosy Mission hospitals</b>					
Gidakom(Thimphu)	9.2	4.8	10.0	8.7	9.0
Lhuntse	5.7	5.5	7.0	8.7	9.6
Mongar	12.9	10.0	11.0	11.8	12.1
Riserboo(Trashigang)	7.0	n.a	3.6	5.2	7.9
Yebilaptsa(Zhemgang)	5.0	4.1	6.2	6.8	7.7
<b>Army hospitals</b>					
Lungtenphug	51.7	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Wangdiphodrang	16.8	31.0	28.5	29.0	24.2
Yonphula	n.a	n.a	7.0	15.2	10.5
Imtrat (Haa)	n.a	n.a	24.1	23.3	30.1
<b>Others</b>					
Dantak (Deothang)	n.a	n.a	24.1	56.5	n.a
IBFH (Thimphu)	n.a	n.a	56.9	44.6	51.5
<b>Project hospitals</b>					
Gomtu	n.a	n.a	26.1	33.2	38.3
Indigenous hospital	36.6	18.0	15.8	33.4	33.5
Indigenous dispensary	19.0	18.0	17.0	71.4	77.1
All hospitals(b)	522.2	463.1	694.4	687.2	610.9

Note: Comparison over time may be affected by different coverage in each year (a) Figure includes both Gaylephug and Sarpang hospitals  
(b) Total patients exclude hospitals for which data were not available for 1989

Source: Health Division, Thimphu

TABLE 2.6: NUMBERS COVERED BY IMMUNIZATION ACTIVITIES, 1985 TO 1992

(numbers)

Immunization	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
BCG	17,379	28,469	28,158	24,830	26,881	20,099	18,454	16,597
DPT1	14,078	21,556	25,456	21,819	23,718	19,639	18,363	16,710
DPT3	10,139	14,846	21,358	17,939	21,810	17,763	15,730	14,888
OPV1	13,331	20,927	25,355	21,455	24,113	19,764	18,167	16,307
OPV3	10,190	14,179	21,281	17,497	22,241	17,933	15,688	14,702
Measles	12,487	17,076	21,514	16,872	21,293	13,991	13,716	12,438
TT1	5,327	4,912	8,365	8,883	11,480	10,342	7,926	7,073
TT2	1,454	2,395	4,948	5,244	7,497	7,361	5,475	4,847

Source: Health Division, Thimphu

TABLE 2.7: COVERAGE by MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH CARE SERVICES, 1985 TO 1992

Type of care	(persons)							
	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Maternal health care attendance(a)								
Antenatal	13,548	18,532	26,662	29,425	33,324	40,616	38,064	40,310
Postnatal	18,080	22,803	37,476	34,277	36,406	45,916	40,289	42,182
Total attendance	31,628	41,335	64,138	63,702	69,730	86,532	78,353	82,492
Deliveries attended								
Home (b)	497	800	2,170	1,838	2,258	2,450	2,206	2,667
Hospital/Basic Health Units	1,817	3,007	2,491	3,086	3,588	3,513	3,287	3,392
Total deliveries	2,314	3,807	4,661	4,924	5,846	5,963	5,438	6,059
Child health care attendance								
First visit	17,734	23,996	33,240	26,090	35,784	29,450	23,954	22,081
Re-visit	93,275	90,754	163,161	136,450	151,526	180,410	147,819	159,190
Total attendance	111,009	114,750	196,401	162,540	187,310	209,860	171,773	181,271
Malnourished children (c)								
All malnourished	12,456	9,030	15,502	8,334	10,807	12,155	11,093	10,746
Third degree	1,250	953	2,020	876	1,145	2,967	767	834

(a) Refers to total attendance, not a count of individuals

(b) Home deliveries are those attended by health staff. Most women attending health units for antenatal care have deliveries at home without attendance by health staff and are included in the delivery figures

(c) Children attending health units are classified according to three degrees of malnourishment. Third degree malnourishment refers to the most severe cases

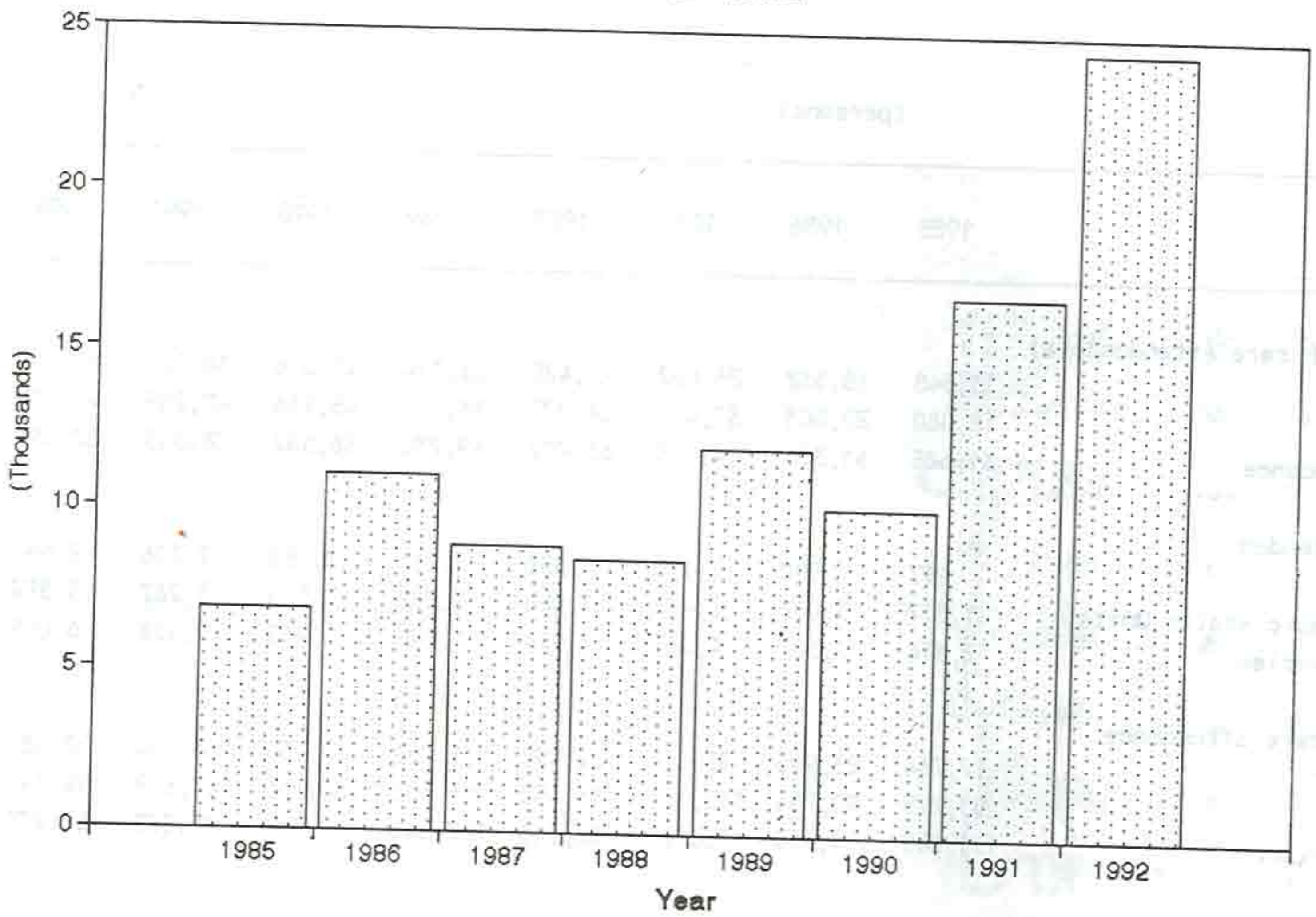
Source: Health Division, Thimphu

TABLE 2.8: FAMILY PLANNING ACCEPTORS BY TYPE OF METHOD, 1985 TO 1992

Method	(persons)							
	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Vasectomy	447	414	552	897	1,961	1,120	685	231
Minilap	371	428	470	379	506	301	177	68
Intra uterine device (IUD)	584	896	665	619	757	987	986	637
Pills	4,314	6,355	6,036	5,663	7,168	5,675	7,721	9,572
Condoms	1,159	2,846	1,099	897	1,476	2,049	6,777	7,529
Injection DMPA	-	81	78	48	125	50	453	6,448
All methods	6,875	11,020	8,900	8,503	11,993	10,182	16,799	24,485

Source: Health Division, Thimphu

Total family planning acceptors,  
1985 to 1992



Family planning acceptors by method,  
1985 to 1992

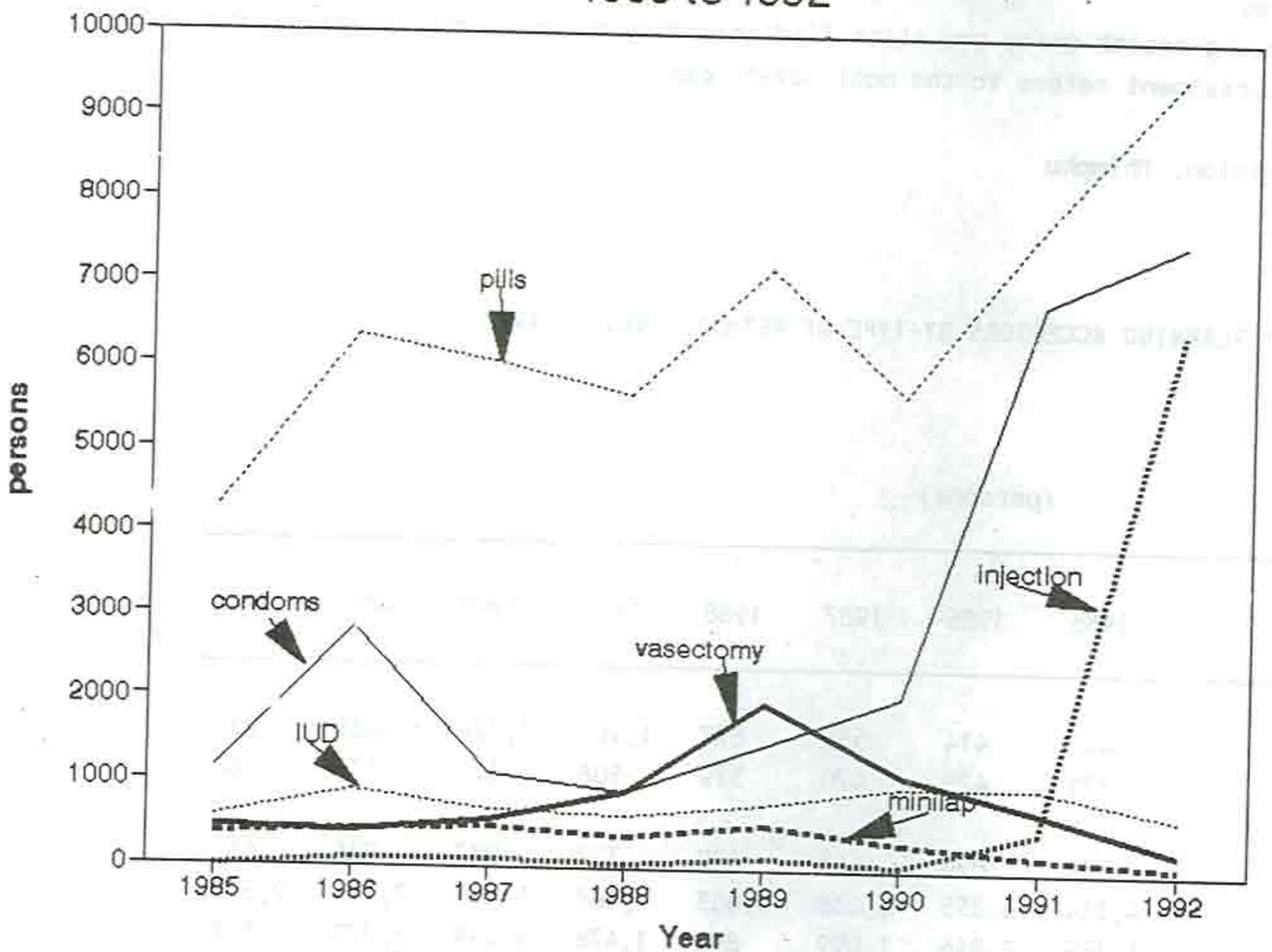


TABLE 2.9: DETAILS OF LEPROSY CONTROL PROGRAMME, 1986 TO 1992.

(persons)

Details	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Patients at beginning of year	2,233	1,674	1,018	601	405	245	201
New cases detected	71	88	69	57	58	54	53
Relapse cases	9	6	11	3	12	1	2
Deaths	33	33	20	12	7	5	5
Released from control (a)	546	534	447	282	209	91	55
Lost to control (b)	60	18	30	14	11	9	12
Patients at the end of of year	1,674	1,183	601	353	249	201	162

(a) Patients successfully treated. (b) Patients unsuccessfully treated

Source: Health Division, Thimphu

TABLE 2.10: DETAILS OF MALARIA ERADICATION PROGRAMME, 1985 TO 1992

(numbers)

Items	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Population in malaria areas	148,000	158,000	161,000	173,000	176,872	17,627	350,000	350,000
Population under control programme	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	176,000
Population without control measures	n.a	n.a	n.a	52,563	35,596	35,000	174,000	174,000
Blood film examined	69,421	82,446	69,029	51,164	71,653	33,973	67,699	73,986
Blood slide positive	15,999	16,523	13,134	11,314	19,162	9,497	22,126	28,900
Deaths due to malaria	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	54
Under insecticide spraying, case detection and treatment	n.a	n.a	n.a	120,841	141,276	141,276	176,000	176,000

Source: Health Division, Thimphu



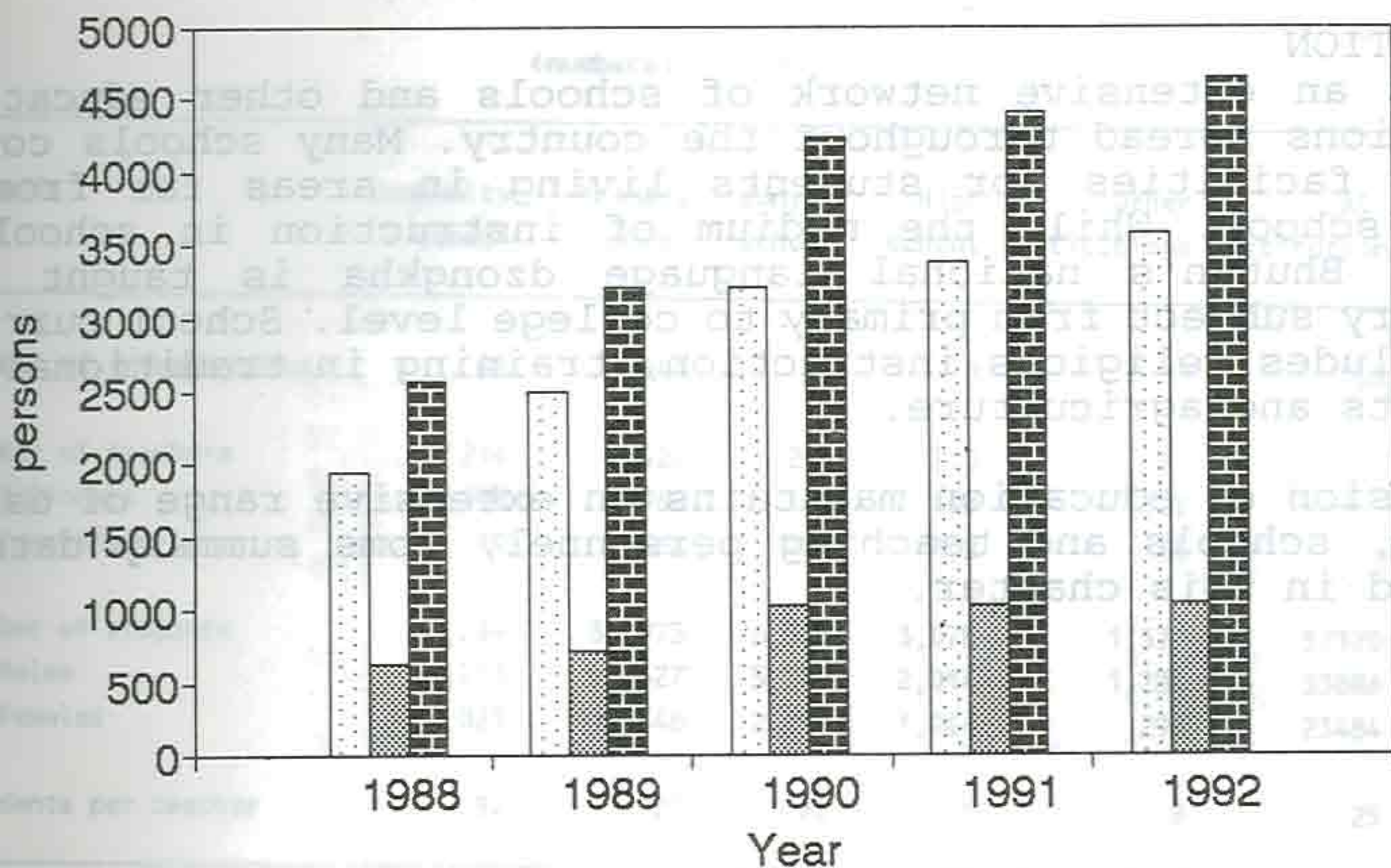
TABLE 2.11: NUMBER OF TUBERCULOSIS CASES BY TYPE, TUBERCULOSIS CONTROL PROGRAMME, 1989 TO 1992

(numbers)

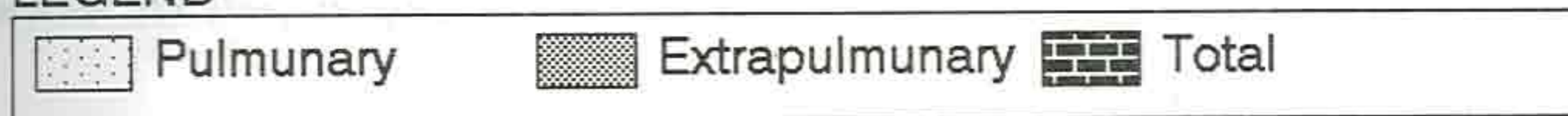
Description	Pulmonary			Extrapulmonary			All cases			
	Male	Female	Persons	Male	Female	Persons	Male	Female	Persons	
<b>Cases at start of year</b>										
1989	1,119	821	1,940	338	288	626	1,457	1,109	2,566	
1990	1,565	1,181	2,746	400	380	780	1,965	1,561	3,526	
1991	1,842	1,376	3,218	513	301	814	2,355	1,877	4,232	
1992	1,898	1,487	3,385	500	520	1,020	2,398	2,007	4,405	
<b>New cases</b>										
1989	574	432	1,006	167	171	338	741	603	1,344	
1990	423	308	731	185	188	373	608	496	1,104	
1991	367	313	680	111	159	270	478	472	950	
1992	376	335	711	141	179	320	517	543	1,060	
<b>Relapsed cases</b>										
1989	73	80	153	15	13	28	88	93	181	
1990	30	10	40	4	6	10	34	16	50	
1991	19	24	43	1	2	3	20	26	46	
1992	56	41	97	7	11	18	63	52	115	
<b>Cases of deaths</b>										
1989	6	20	26	7	7	14	13	27	40	
1990	22	10	32	7	7	14	29	17	46	
1991	18	12	30	3	3	6	21	15	36	
1992	21	11	32	4	4	8	25	15	40	
<b>Completed treatment</b>										
1989	233	151	384	64	66	130	287	217	504	
1990	82	54	136	30	42	72	112	96	208	
1991	125	89	214	31	32	63	156	121	277	
1992	144	99	243	33	58	91	177	157	334	
<b>Loss of control</b>										
1989	107	86	193	83	52	135	180	138	318	
1990	72	59	131	39	24	63	111	83	194	
1991	193	121	314	88	108	196	281	229	510	
1992	213	148	361	95	118	213	308	266	574	
<b>Cases at year end</b>										
1989	1,420	1,076	2,496	366	347	713	1,786	1,423	3,209	
1990	1,842	1,376	3,218	513	501	1,014	2,355	1,877	4,232	
1991	1,898	1,487	3,385	500	520	1,020	2,398	2,007	4,405	
1992	1,952	1,625	3,577	516	530	1,046	2,488	2,164	4,652	

Source: Health Division, Thimphu

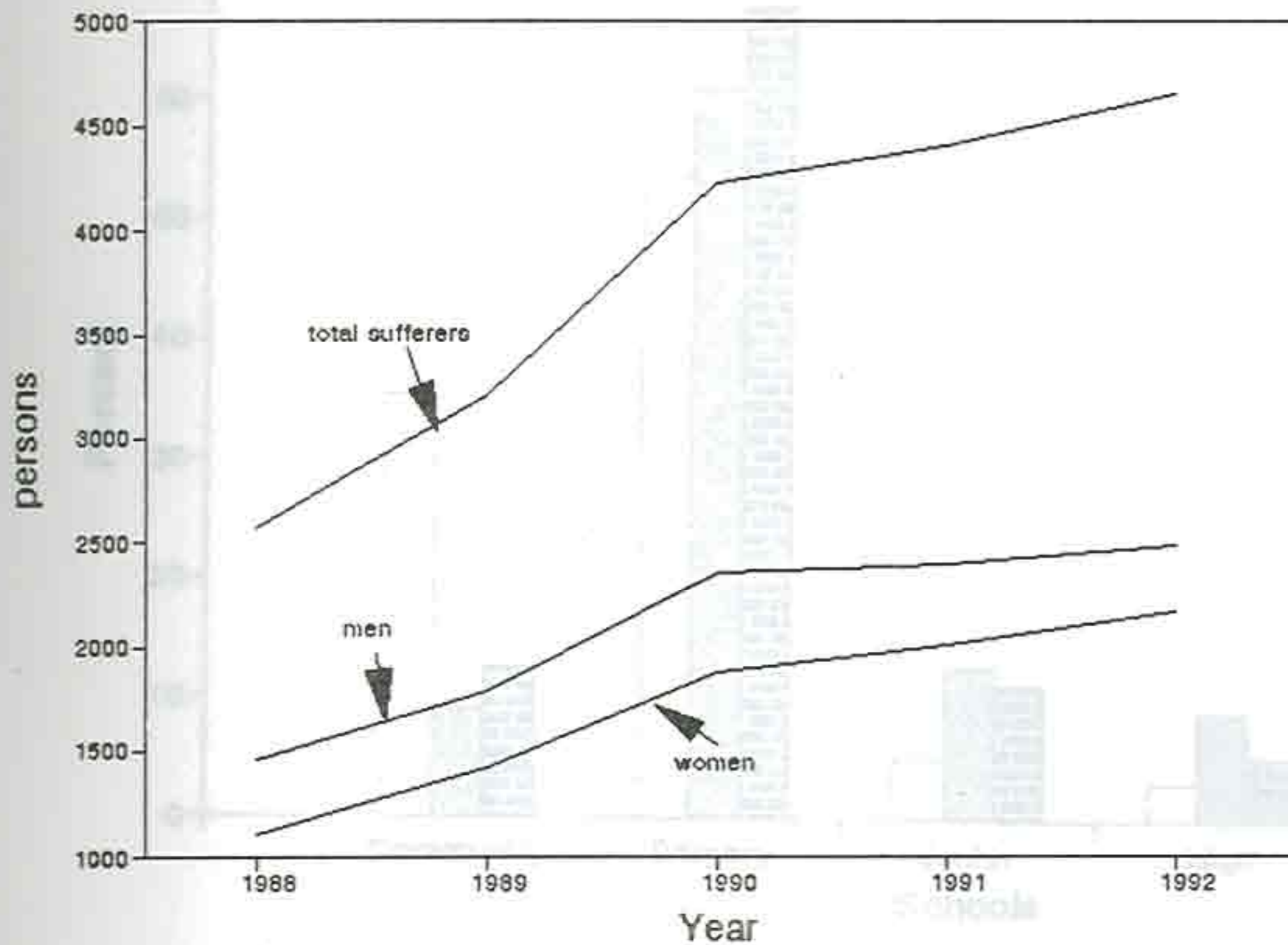
Total sufferers from tuberculosis by type, 1988 to 1992(end of year)



LEGEND



Sufferers from tuberculosis by sex, 1988 to 1992(end of year)



LEGEND



## CHAPTER 3: EDUCATION

### INTRODUCTION

There is an extensive network of schools and other educational institutions spread throughout the country. Many schools contain boarding facilities for students living in areas far from the nearest school. While the medium of instruction in schools is English, Bhutan's national language dzongkha is taught as a compulsory subject from primary to college level. School curriculum also includes religious instruction, training in traditional arts and crafts and agriculture.

The division of education maintains an extensive range of data on students, schools and teaching personnel, some of which is presented in this chapter.

TABLE 3.1: NUMBER OF EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS BY TYPE, TEACHERS AND STUDENTS, 1992

(numbers)

Details	Community school	Primary school	Junior school	High school	Other institutions	All institutions
Number of infrastructure	95	144	14	8	7	268
Number of teachers	214	1,424	298	210	187	2,333
Nationals	195	960	175	108	122	1,560
Foreigners	19	464	123	102	65	773
Number of students	7,239	38,973	6,503	3,078	1,577	57,370
Males	4,218	22,627	3,746	2,014	1,281	33,886
Females	3,021	16,346	2,757	1,064	296	23,484
Students per teacher	34	27	22	15	8	25

Source: Education Division, Thimphu

Percent of institution, teachers and students by type of institution, 1992

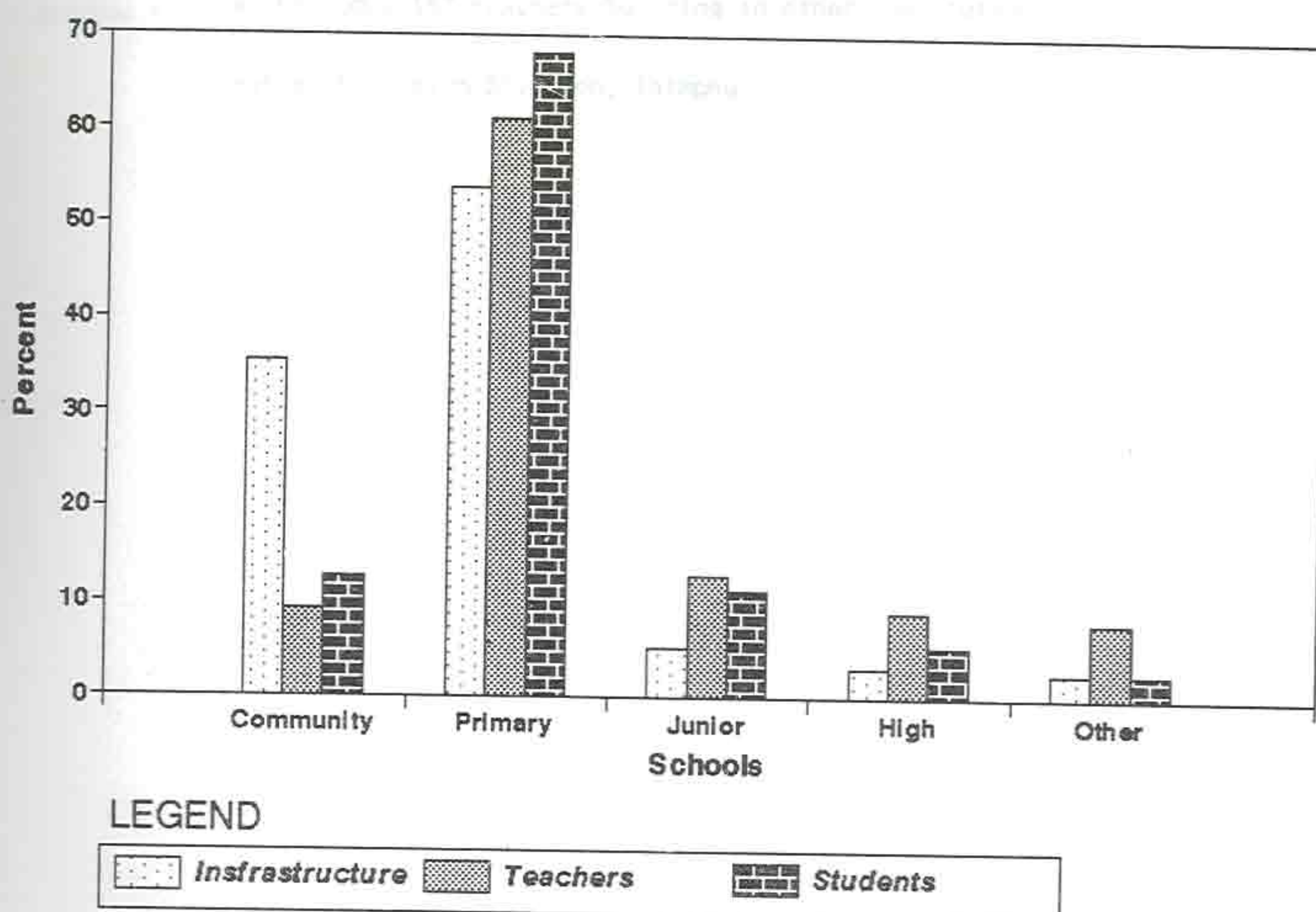


TABLE 3.2: NUMBER OF ENROLMENT IN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS,  
BHUTAN, 1991 TO 1992

Institutions	(numbers)		
	1991	1992	Percent change
Schools	50412	55793	10.67
Community schools	5576	7239	29.82
Primary schools	34807	38973	11.97
Junior schools	7065	6503	-7.95
High schools	2964	3078	3.85
Other institutions	1693	1577	-6.85
Sherubtse college	383	395	3.13
National Institute of Education	185	127	-31.35
Teachers Training Centre	66	61	-7.58
Royal Bhutan Polytechnic	164	142	-13.41
Royal Technical Institute	275	295	7.27
National Trade Training Institute	34	0	-100.00
Simtokha Rigney School	562	530	-5.69
Zangley Muenseling School	24	27	12.50
All institutions	52105	57370	10.10

Source: Education Division, Thimphu

TABLE 3.3: NUMBER OF SCHOOLS, TEACHERS AND STUDENTS  
BY DZONGKHAG, 1992(a)

(numbers)

Dzongkhag	Schools	Teachers	Students		
			Total	Girls	Boys
Bjakar	10	70	1,784	848	936
Chhukha	21	163	4,331	1,817	2,514
Dagana	4	32	777	331	446
Gasa	1	8	150	56	94
Haa	7	75	1,819	817	1,002
Lhuntse	13	63	1,699	584	1,115
Mongar	21	133	3,257	1,140	2,117
Paro	13	153	4,034	1,780	2,254
Pemagatshel	12	78	2,477	909	1,568
Punakha	9	90	2,176	946	1,230
Samdrupjongkhar	20	145	1,655	657	998
Samtse	8	72	4,068	1,439	2,629
Sarpang	7	47	1,198	577	621
Thimphu	20	386	10,158	4,954	5,204
Trashigang	43	243	6,936	2,606	4,330
Trashiyangtse	15	69	1,769	600	1,169
Trongsa	8	66	1,538	735	803
Tsirang	3	13	381	179	202
Wangduephodrang	15	117	2,815	1,275	1,540
Zhemgang	18	123	2,771	938	1,833
<b>Bhutan</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>2,146</b>	<b>55,793</b>	<b>23,188</b>	<b>32,605</b>

(a) Excludes 187 teachers teaching in other institutions

Source: Education Division, Thimphu

TABLE 3.4: DISTRIBUTION OF EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS BY TYPE AND DZONGKHAG, 1992

(numbers)

Dzongkhag	Community schools	Primary schools	Junior schools	High schools	Other institutes	All institutions
Bjakar	5	4	1	0	0	10
Chhukha	8	10	1	1	1	21
Dagana	0	3	1	0	0	4
Gasa	0	1	0	0	0	1
Haa	1	5	1	0	0	7
Lhuntse	8	4	1	0	0	13
Mongar	10	10	0	1	0	21
Paro	2	8	1	1	1	13
Pemagatshel	6	5	1	0	0	12
Punakha	3	5	0	1	0	9
Samdrupjongkhar	7	11	1	0	1	20
Samtse	0	7	0	0	1	8
Sarpang	4	3	0	0	0	7
Thimphu	1	14	2	2	1	20
Trashigang	19	19	2	1	2	43
Trashiyangtse	8	7	0	0	0	15
Trongsa	4	3	1	0	0	8
Tsirang	0	3	0	0	0	3
Wangduephodrang	6	8	1	0	0	15
Zhemgang	3	14	0	1	0	18
<b>Bhutan</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>268</b>

Source: Education Division, Thimphu

TABLE 3.5: NUMBER OF STUDENTS BY TYPE OF SCHOOL AND DZONGKHAG, 1992

(numbers)

Dzongkhag	Community schools	Primary schools	Junior schools	High schools	All schools		
					Boys	Girls	Total
Bjakar	261	1,150	373	..	936	848	1,784
Chhukha	600	3,250	214	267	2,514	1,817	4,331
Dagana	..	510	267	..	446	331	777
Gasa	..	150	..	..	94	56	150
Haa	150	1,252	417	..	1,002	817	1,819
Lhuntse	595	801	303	..	1,115	584	1,699
Mongar	815	2,073	..	369	2,117	1,140	3,257
Paro	142	2,980	623	289	2,254	1,780	4,034
Pemagatshel	772	1,026	679	..	1,568	909	2,477
Punakha	132	1,547	..	497	1,230	946	2,176
Samtse	..	1,655	..	..	998	657	1,655
Samdrupjongkhar	601	3,197	270	..	2,629	1,439	4,068
Sarpang	272	926	..	..	621	577	1,198
Thimphu	79	8,162	983	934	5,204	4,954	10,158
Trashigang	1,525	3,794	1,188	429	4,330	2,606	6,936
Trashiyangtse	367	1,402	..	..	1,169	600	1,769
Trongsa	214	735	589	..	803	735	1,538
Tsirang	..	381	..	..	202	179	381
Wangduephodrang	462	1,756	597	..	1,540	1,275	2,815
Zhemgang	252	2,226	..	293	1,833	938	2,771
Bhutan	7,239	38,973	6,503	3,078	32,605	23,188	55,793

Source: Education Division, Thimphu



TABLE 3.6: NUMBER OF STUDENTS BY GRADE AND TYPE OF SCHOOL, 1992

(numbers)

Grade	Community school			Primary school			Junior school			High school			All schools	
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls
Pre primary	1,931	1,561	3,492	4,931	3,818	8,749	278	267	545	..	..	..	7,140	5,646
I	1,733	1,149	2,882	4,186	3,195	7,381	299	274	573	..	..	..	6,218	4,618
II	418	207	625	4,085	2,936	7,021	327	292	619	..	..	..	4,830	3,435
III	100	75	175	3,215	2,126	5,341	346	295	641	..	..	..	3,661	2,496
IV	36	29	65	2,932	1,969	4,901	435	352	787	..	..	..	3,403	2,350
V	..	..	..	1,872	1,343	3,215	521	386	907	14	12	26	2,407	1,741
VI	..	..	..	1,406	959	2,365	525	405	930	96	75	171	2,027	1,439
VII	..	..	..	..	..	..	516	300	816	519	325	844	1,035	625
VIII	..	..	..	..	..	..	499	186	685	411	288	699	910	474
IX	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	516	198	714	516	198
X	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	458	166	624	458	166
Total	4,218	3,021	7,239	22,627	16,346	38,973	3,746	2,757	6,503	2,014	1,064	3,078	32,605	23,188

Source: Education Division, Thimphu

Enrolment in schools by grade and sex, 1992

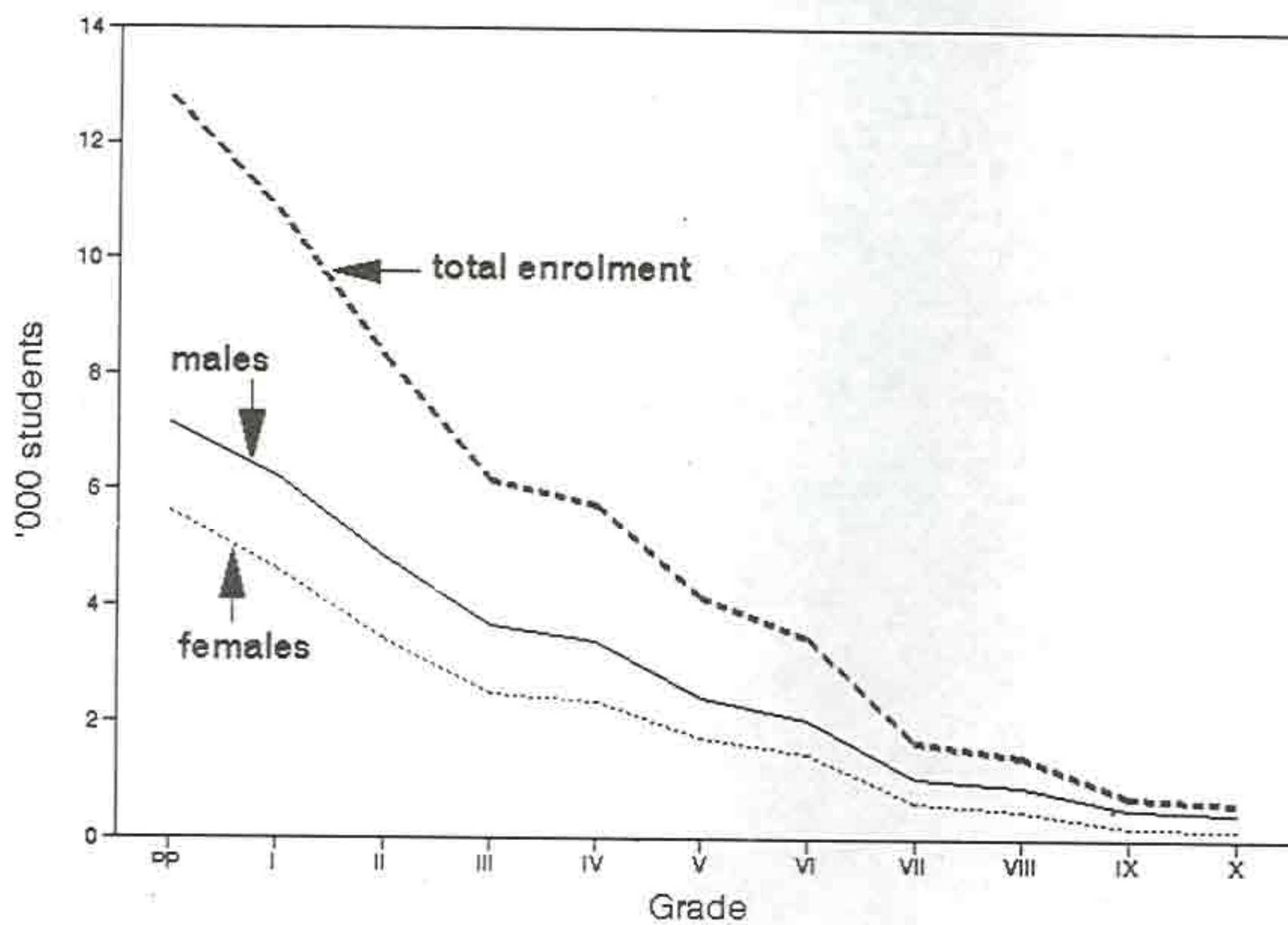


TABLE 3.7: NUMBER OF STUDENTS BY GRADE, 1983 TO 1992

(persons)

Grade	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Primary grades	41,372	44,275	46,441	49,485	51,948	55,340	61,575	63,643	46,517	51,411
Pre-primary	19,217	20,085	20,375	18,431	15,579	14,323	16,042	15,155	13,408	12,786
I	7,018	7,705	8,359	9,814	13,094	13,313	13,756	13,151	8,708	10,836
II	5,307	5,668	6,064	6,760	7,365	9,423	10,798	11,385	7,087	8,265
III	4,331	4,682	4,986	5,361	5,867	6,490	7,754	8,684	6,136	6,157
IV	3,147	3,426	3,690	3,957	4,257	5,048	5,815	6,888	4,905	5,753
V	2,352	2,709	2,967	3,029	3,158	3,728	4,046	4,527	3,467	4,148
VI	-	-	-	2,133	2,628	3,015	3,364	3,853	2,807	3,466
Junior high grades	2,628	3,053	3,184	2,203	2,107	2,419	2,793	3,112	2,590	3,044
VI	1,059	1,249	1,149	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII	869	995	1,129	1,132	1,107	1,277	1,552	1,659	1,381	1,660
VIII	700	809	906	1,071	1,000	1,142	1,241	1,453	1,209	1,384
High School grades	481	555	686	764	872	1,037	1,165	1,258	1,305	1,338
IX	263	336	391	408	528	558	642	698	720	714
X	218	219	295	356	344	479	523	560	585	624
Total students	44,481	47,883	50,311	52,452	54,927	58,796	65,533	68,013	50,412	55,793

Source: Education Division, Thimphu

Total students at different levels of school, 1983 to 1992

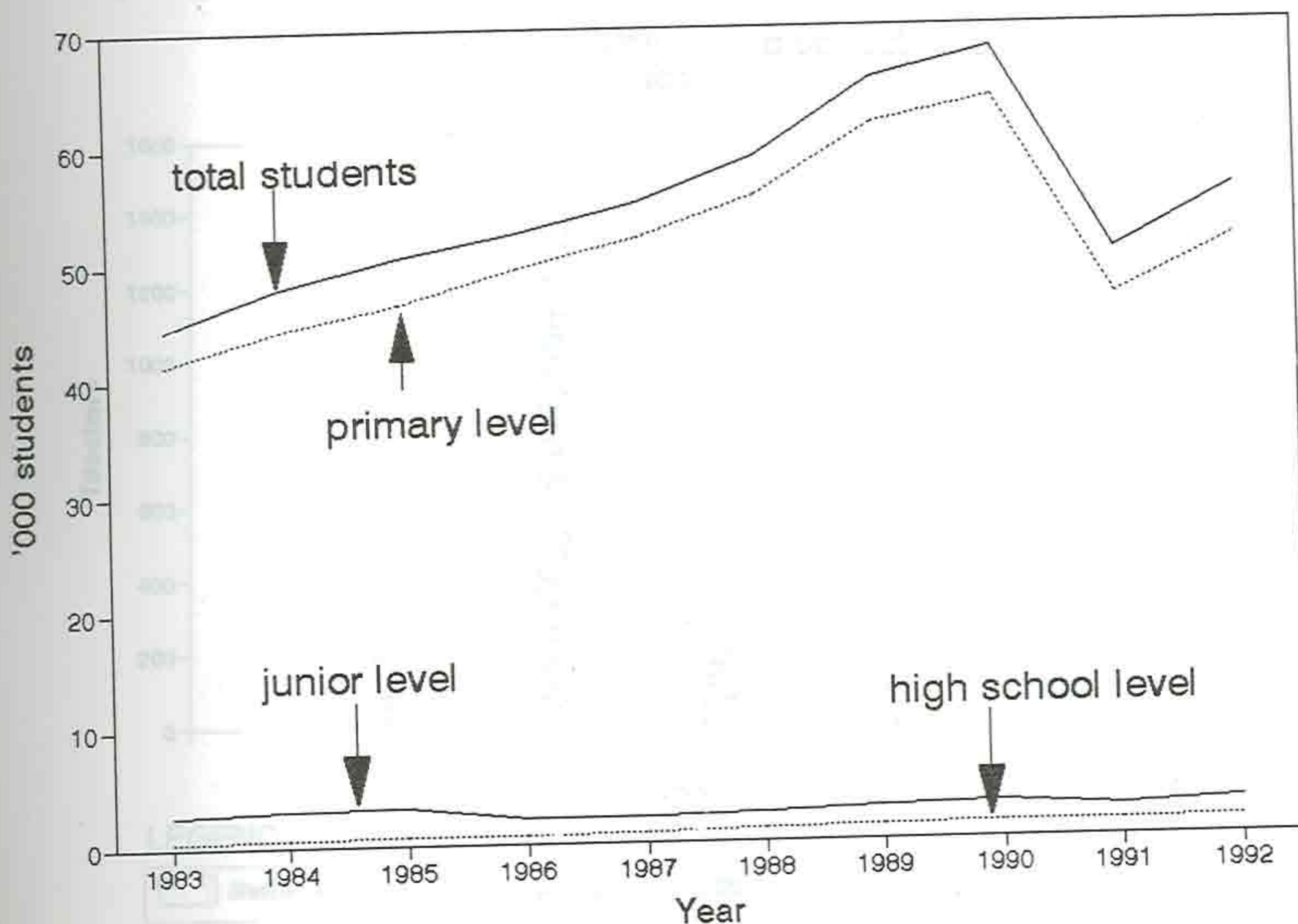


TABLE 3.8: NUMBER OF NON BHUTANESE STUDENTS BY GRADE AND TYPE OF SCHOOLS, 1992

(numbers)

Grade	Community school	Primary school	Junior school	High school	All schools
Pre primary	1	146	10	-	157
I	2	162	12	-	176
II	-	167	21	-	188
III	-	130	16	-	146
IV	1	146	14	-	161
V	-	140	22	4	166
VI	-	92	32	14	138
VII	-	-	20	53	73
VIII	-	-	12	31	43
IX	-	-	-	20	20
X	-	-	-	30	30
Total students	4	983	159	152	1298

Source: Education Division, Thimphu

TABLE 3.9: NUMBER OF TEACHERS IN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS BY NATIONALITY, 1991 TO 1992

Institutions	1991			1992			Foreign teachers(%)	
	National	Foreigner	Total	National	Foreigner	Total	1991	1992
Schools	1,483	890	2,373	1,573	804	2,377	37.16	32.99
Community school	135	13	148	195	19	214	8.78	8.88
Primary school	929	524	1,453	960	464	1,424	36.06	32.58
Junior school	192	146	338	175	123	298	43.20	41.28
High school	97	117	214	108	102	210	54.67	48.57
Specialised/Professional Institutes	118	66	184	122	65	187	35.87	34.76
Sherubtse college	12	24	36	13	31	44	66.67	70.45
National Institute of Education	16	9	25	17	5	22	36.00	22.73
Teachers Training Centre	11	4	15	11	1	12	26.67	8.33
Royal Bhutan Polytechnic	16	9	25	14	9	23	36.00	39.13
Royal Technical Institute	23	16	39	30	17	47	41.03	36.17
National Trade Training Institute	7	2	9	n.a	n.a	n.a	22.22	n.a
Simtokha Rigney School	24	2	26	27	2	29	7.69	6.90
Zangley Muenseling School	9	0	9	10	0	10	0.00	0.00
Total teachers	1,471	866	2,337	1,560	773	2,333	37.06	33.13

Source: Education Division, Thimphu

Teachers by nationality and school type  
1992

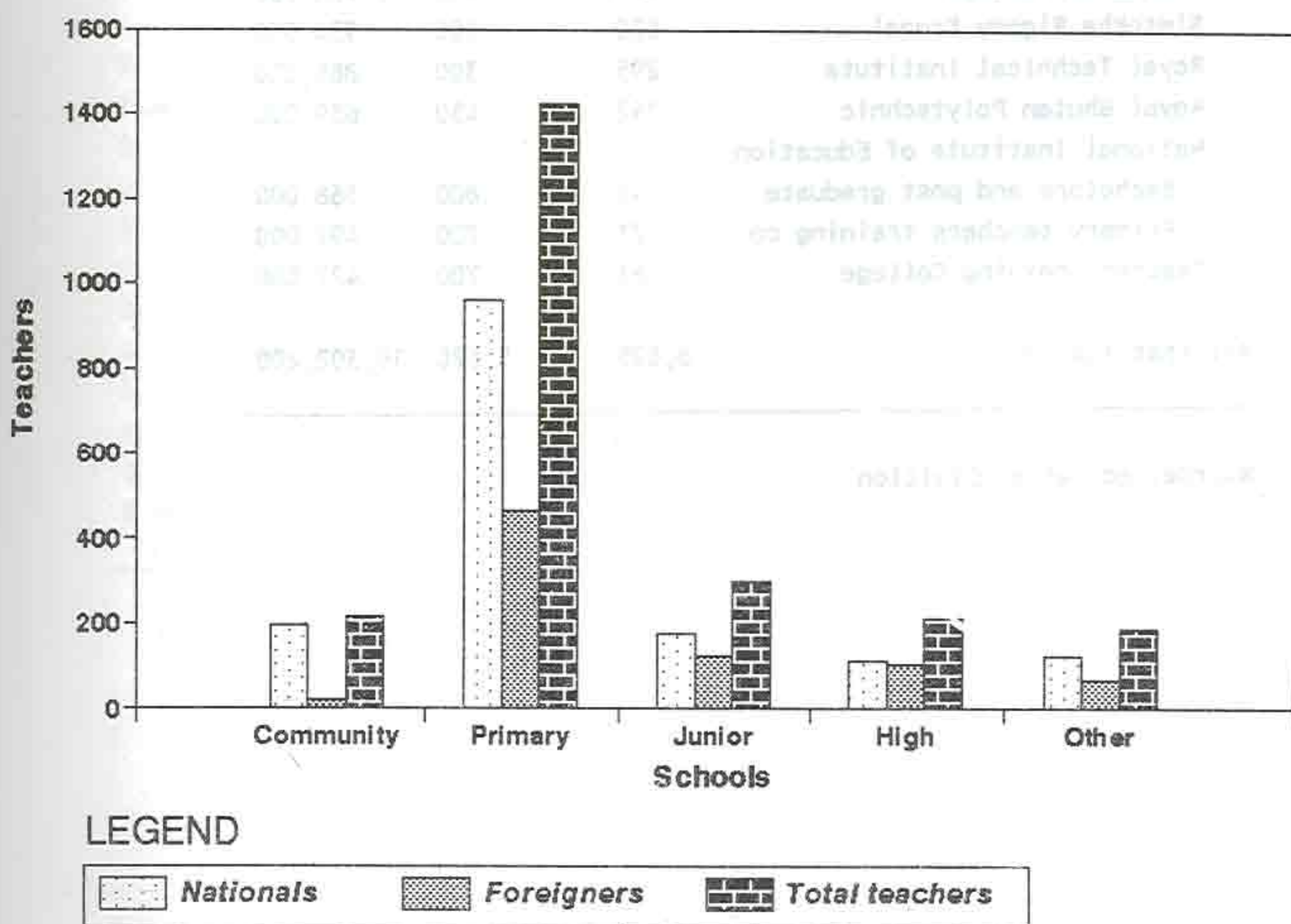


TABLE 3.10: MONTHLY STIPEND FOR BOARDERS IN DIFFERENT EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS, 1992

Institutions	Boarders (persons)	Stipend (Nu./person)	Total (Nu.)
<b>Schools</b>			
<b>Primary schools</b>			
Jyengkana Primary School	244	60	146,400
Gasa Primary School	150	60	90,000
Zangkhar Primary School	115	60	69,000
Senghdyen Primary School	140	60	84,000
<b>Junior schools</b>			
Haa Junior School	227	90	204,300
Daga Junior School	132	90	118,800
Bjakar Junior School	206	90	185,400
Trongsa Junior School	240	90	216,000
Lhuntse Junior School	110	90	99,000
Pemagatshel Junior School	168	90	151,200
Nganglam Junior School	266	90	239,400
Trashigang Junior School	280	90	252,000
Wamrong Junior School	227	90	204,300
<b>High schools</b>			
Yangchenphu High School	164	120	196,800
Chhukha High School	201	120	241,200
Paro High School	255	120	306,000
Punakha High School	463	120	555,600
Jigme Sherubling High School	401	120	481,200
Zhemgang High School	249	120	298,800
Mongar High School	304	120	364,800
<b>Other institutions</b>			
Sherubtse College	338	600	2,028,000
Simtokha Rigney School	530	180	954,000
Royal Technical Institute	295	300	885,000
Royal Bhutan Polytechnic	142	450	639,000
<b>National Institute of Education</b>			
Bachelors and post graduate	46	800	368,000
Primary teachers training co	71	700	497,000
Teacher Training College	61	700	427,000
<b>All institutions</b>	<b>6,025</b>	<b>5,620</b>	<b>10,302,200</b>

Source: Education Division

## CHAPTER 4: HUMAN RESOURCES

### Population by

#### INTRODUCTION

Statistics on human resources are designed to measure the involvement of people in economic activity. Economic activity refers to the production of economic goods and services and includes persons who are self employed (e.g. farmers operating their own land) as well as persons who work for wages (i.e. employees)

The economy of Bhutan is characterized by the predominance of people engaged in self employment, particularly those working on their own land. There is also a good deal of small cottage industry often undertaken in the home. The number of persons working for wages is relatively small.

Broadly, a statistical system for human resources or labour should cover topics such as size and characteristics of the labour force, employment, wage rates and conditions of work. Labour statistics may be obtained from three main sources:

- a) Household surveys whereby information is obtained from the individual about his or her employment, earning and other aspects of their working activities.
- b) Employer surveys whereby information on number of persons employed and wage levels is obtained from employers.
- c) Administrative source, whereby various aspects of labour statistics are obtained from administrative sources (e.g. civil service employee data obtained from civil service employment were obtained from administrative records).

TABLE 4.1: PERCENTAGE OF POPULATION ACCORDING TO ECONOMIC ACTIVITY BY AGE AND SEX, 1984

Age group	Agriculture	Government service	Business	Others	No occupation	Total
<b>Male</b>						
Below 15	7.0	-	-	1.0	92.0	100.0
15 - 19	54.7	2.0	*	3.5	39.7	100.0
20 - 24	70.9	11.1	1.5	4.0	12.5	100.0
25 - 29	76.7	13.8	2.0	4.4	3.1	100.0
30 - 34	82.0	11.1	1.7	4.3	0.8	100.0
35 - 39	84.4	7.7	2.4	4.7	*	100.0
40 - 44	87.7	5.9	2.3	3.6	*	100.0
45 - 54	90.5	3.3	1.6	3.6	1.0	100.0
55 - 64	88.1	1.0	0.9	4.0	6.0	100.0
65 & over	71.1	1.5	*	0.9	26.0	100.0
All ages	52.5	3.9	0.9	2.8	39.9	100.0
Age 15 - 64	78.4	6.5	1.4	4.0	9.6	100.0
<b>Female</b>						
Below 15	9.2	-	-	0.2	90.7	100.0
15 - 19	87.8	*	*	0.4	11.0	100.0
20 - 24	95.7	1.0	1.1	*	2.1	100.0
25 - 29	98.0	*	*	*	0.7	100.0
30 - 34	98.4	*	*	*	*	100.0
35 - 39	99.1	*	*	*	*	100.0
40 - 44	99.2	*	*	*	-	100.0
45 - 54	98.4	*	*	*	1.2	100.0
55 - 64	91.1	*	*	*	8.5	100.0
65 & over	73.2	*	*	-	26.1	100.0
All ages	61.5	0.3	0.3	0.2	37.8	100.0
Age 15-64	95.4	0.4	0.5	0.2	3.6	100.0
<b>Total persons</b>						
Below 15	8.2	-	-	0.6	91.3	100.0
15 - 19	72.4	1.2	*	1.9	24.4	100.0
20 - 24	83.9	5.8	1.3	2.0	7.0	100.0
25 - 29	88.0	6.8	1.1	2.2	1.8	100.0
30 - 34	90.8	5.4	1.1	2.1	0.6	100.0
35 - 39	91.7	3.9	1.4	2.5	0.5	100.0
40 - 44	93.5	3.0	1.4	1.9	*	100.0
45 - 54	94.4	1.7	1.0	1.9	1.1	100.0
55 - 64	89.6	0.6	0.6	2.0	7.2	100.0
65 & over	72.1	1.0	*	0.5	26.0	100.0
All ages	57.2	2.0	0.6	1.4	38.8	100.0
Age 15-64	87.2	3.4	0.9	2.0	6.5	100.0

Source: Demographic Sample Survey, CSO, 1984

# Population by type of employment(%)

Occupation type

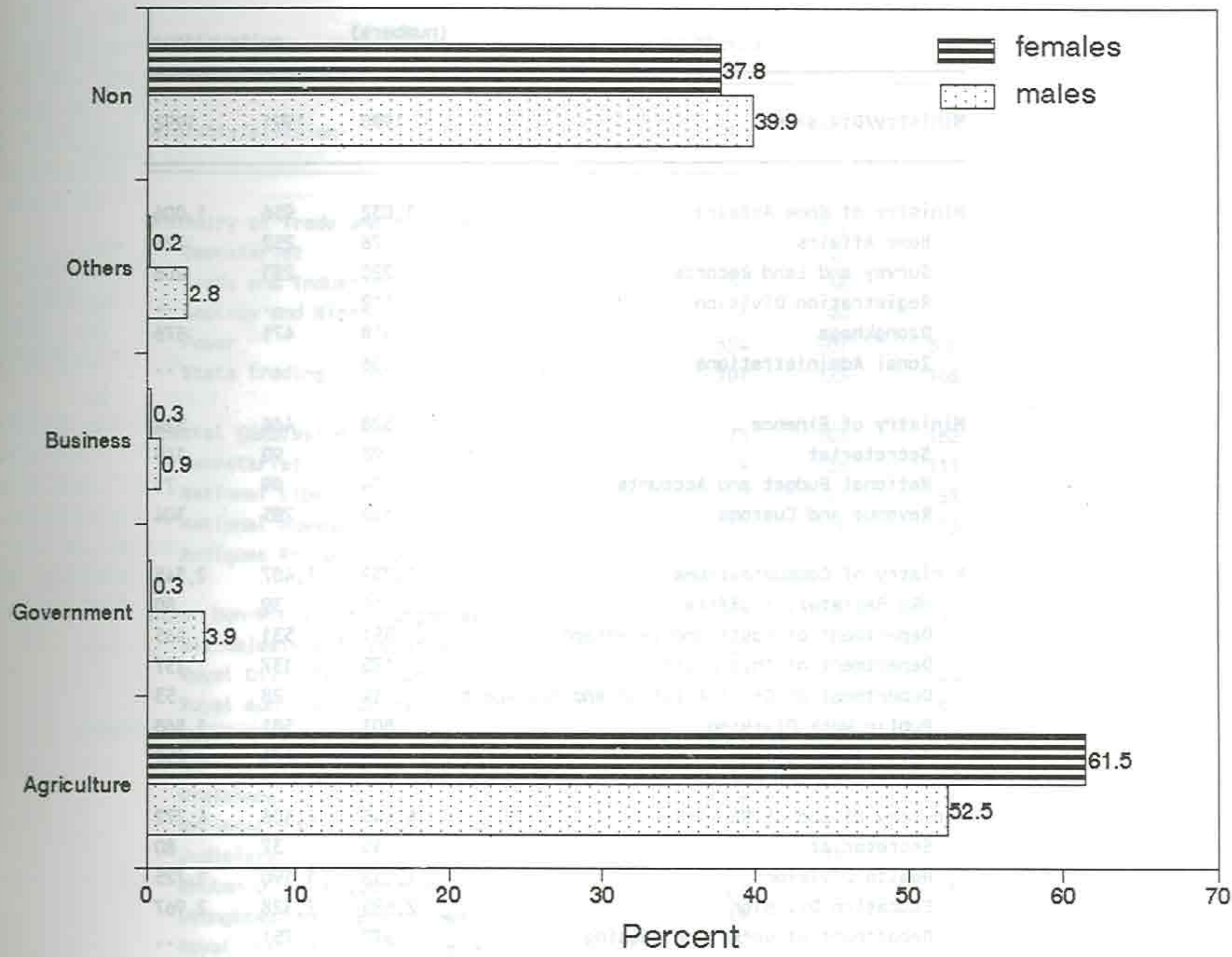




TABLE 4.2: EMPLOYMENT IN CIVIL SERVICE BY MINISTRY AND DIVISION, 1990 TO 1992

(numbers)

Ministry/Division	1990	1991	1992
Ministry of Home Affairs	1,032	956	1,006
Home Affairs	76	252	224
Survey and Land Records	220	233	206
Registration Division	112	..	..
Dzongkhags	518	471	576
Zonal Administrations	106	..	..
Ministry of Finance	528	464	524
Secretariat	98	90	149
National Budget and Accounts	74	89	71
Revenue and Customs	356	285	304
Ministry of Communications	1,732	1,487	2,545
HRH Secretariat Office	16	39	80
Department of Posts and Telegraph	551	531	435
Department of Information	175	137	157
Department of Civil Aviation and Transport	14	28	53
Public Work Division	801	581	1,568
Telecommunications	175	171	252
Ministry of Social Services	4,445	4,306	4,772
Secretariat	35	37	80
Health Division	1,148	1,190	1,725
Education Division	2,685	2,328	2,967
Department of Works and Housing	577	751	..
Ministry of Agriculture	2,844	2,192	1,842
Secretariat	29	52	76
Animal Husbandry	609	587	623
Forestry	1,119	601	609
Food Corporation of Bhutan	246	262	..
Agriculture	841	690	534
Ministry of Planning	64	69	85
Ministry of Foreign Affairs	137	124	141

continues...

TABLE 4.2: EMPLOYMENT IN CIVIL SERVICE BY MINISTRY AND DEPARTMENT, 1990 TO 1992

continuation	(numbers)		
Ministry/Division	1990	1991	1992
Ministry of Trade and Industries	845	830	1,016
Secretariat	31	40	44
Trade and Industries	67	66	73
Geology and Mines	86	94	93
Power	554	507	698
State Trading Corporation of Bhutan	107	123	108
Special Commission	75	203	162
Secretariat	9	136	111
National Library	42	43	38
National Museum	12	14	13
Antiques Preservation	12	10	n.a
Other Non-Ministerial Organisations	402	597	639
His Majesty's Secretariat	60	60	55
Royal Civil Service Commission	35	42	43
Royal Audit Authority	83	70	90
Royal Advisory Council	11	10	8
National Assembly	11	12	12
Dratshang Lentshog	-	40	36
National Women's Association of Bhutan	14	17	35
Judiciary	114	200	223
Bhutan Olympic Committee	22	18	18
Dzongkhag Development Commission	21	14	18
Royal Institute of Management	31	47	38
Royal Monetary Authority		67	63
<b>Total employees</b>	<b>12,040</b>	<b>11,159</b>	<b>12,732</b>

end

Note: Registration and Zonal Administration figures are reflected with Home Affairs

Source: Royal Civil Service Commission, Thimphu

TABLE 4.3: POPULATION AGED 15 YEARS AND OVER BY SEX AND PRINCIPAL ECONOMIC ACTIVITY, THIMPHU TOWN, 1990

Principle economic activity	Male		Female		Persons	
	Persons	Percent	Persons	Percent	Persons	Percent
Employed	3,260	100	2,010	100	5,270	100
Agriculture	*	*	*	*	*	*
Private business	920	28	440	22	1,360	26
Self-employed	620	19	400	20	1,030	20
Paid or unpaid employee	330	10	*	*	370	7
Government employee	2,200	67	660	33	2,860	54
Cottage industries	*	*	840	42	840	16
Unemployed	660	..	2,380	..	3,040	..
Total persons 15 years and over	3,920	..	4,400	..	8,320	..
Labour force participation rate (%)	..	83	..	46	..	63

Source: Household Income and Expenditure Survey, CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

## CHAPTER 5: LAND USE AND AGRICULTURE

### INTRODUCTION

Bhutan is predominantly an agricultural country with agriculture being the main subsistence occupation of the majority of Bhutanese people. For this reason, programs to increase and improve both the quantity and quality of agricultural products and for the country to achieve self sufficiency in food grains and to have a marketable surpluses for sale, are of paramount importance in government planning.

Animal husbandry also plays an integral part in the farming system in Bhutan. Farmers keep cattle for draught and milking purposes in addition to a few chickens and pigs for slaughter. At higher altitudes, herds of yaks and sheep are reared.

During 1988 and 1989 the CSO in conjunction with the department of Agriculture undertook a detailed sample survey to collect information on crop areas and livestock inventories in all dzongkhags. Some data from these survey (together with data from a pilot agriculture census undertaken in Wangduephodrang in 1987) are presented in this chapter. Data from other sources are also presented.

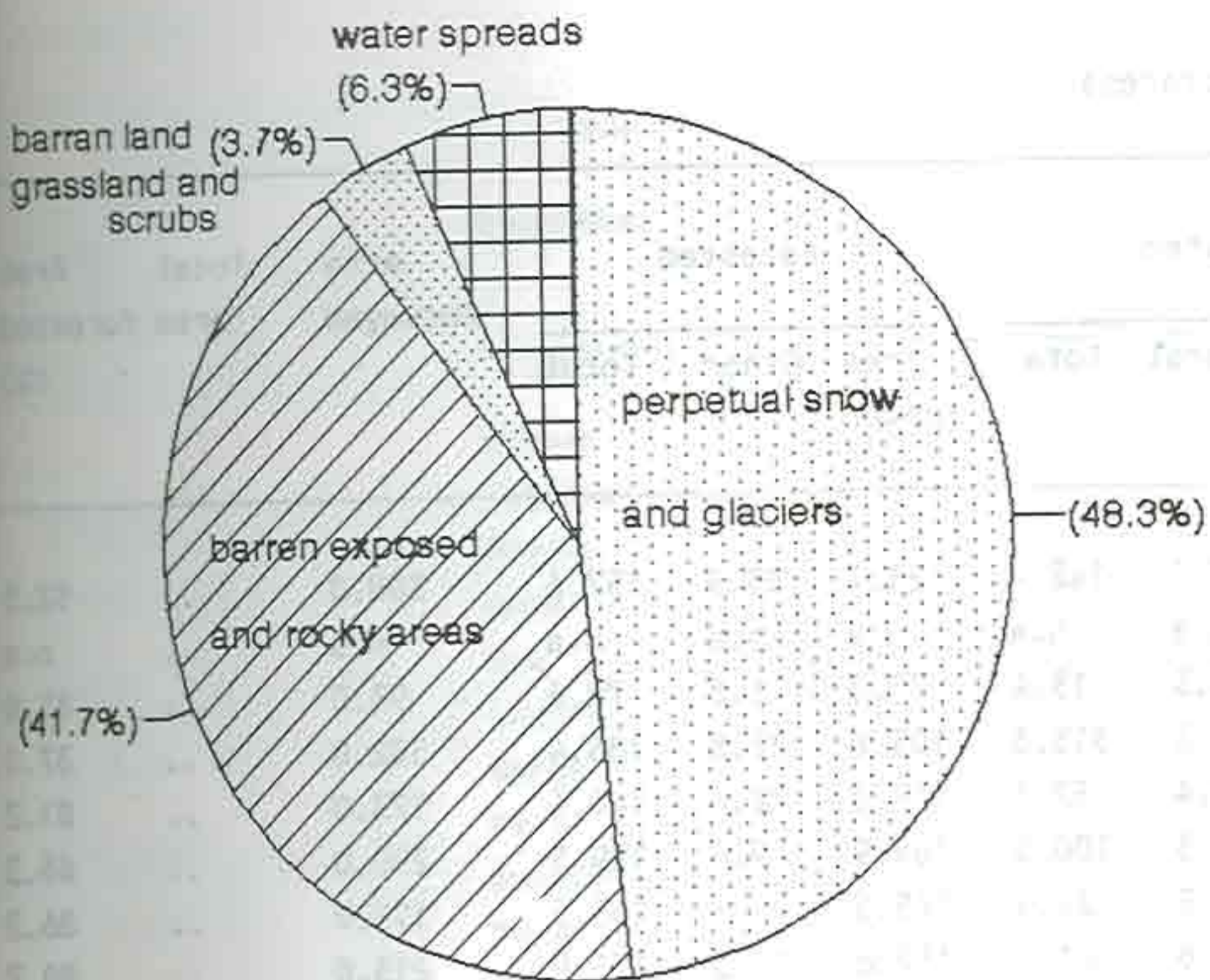
TABLE 5.1: AREA ACCORDING TO LAND-USE AND VEGETATION TYPES,

Land-use and vegetation types	Area ( '000 hectares)	Per cent
Non-forested	1,185.1	29.4
Non-agricultural	829.2	20.6
Perpetual snow/glaciers	400.6	10.0
Barren exposed and rocky areas (above 3500 m)	345.6	8.6
Barren land, grassland and scrubs(below 3500 m)	30.7	0.7
Water spreads	52.3	1.3
Agricultural(a)	355.9	8.8
Valley cultivation (slope less than 30 percent)	64.9	1.6
Terraced cultivation(slope more than 30 percent)	175.9	4.4
Old shifting cultivation (tsheri)	115.0	2.8
Forested	2,840.0	70.6
Tree cover	2,573.4	64.0
Fir	295.6	7.3
Mixed conifer	485.4	12.1
Blue pine	75.5	1.9
Chir pine	129.2	3.2
Hardwood mixed with conifers	219.3	5.5
Upland hardwood (temperate)	872.6	21.7
Lowland hardwood (tropical and sub-tropical)	351.4	8.7
Degraded forest	141.6	3.5
Plantations	2.7	0.1
Other	266.6	6.6
Alpine pasture/meadows	74.8	1.9
Alpine scrub (rhododendron, juniper scrubs)	191.8	4.7
Total surveyed area	4,025.0	100.0
Area not yet surveyed	625.0	..
Total area	4,650.0	..

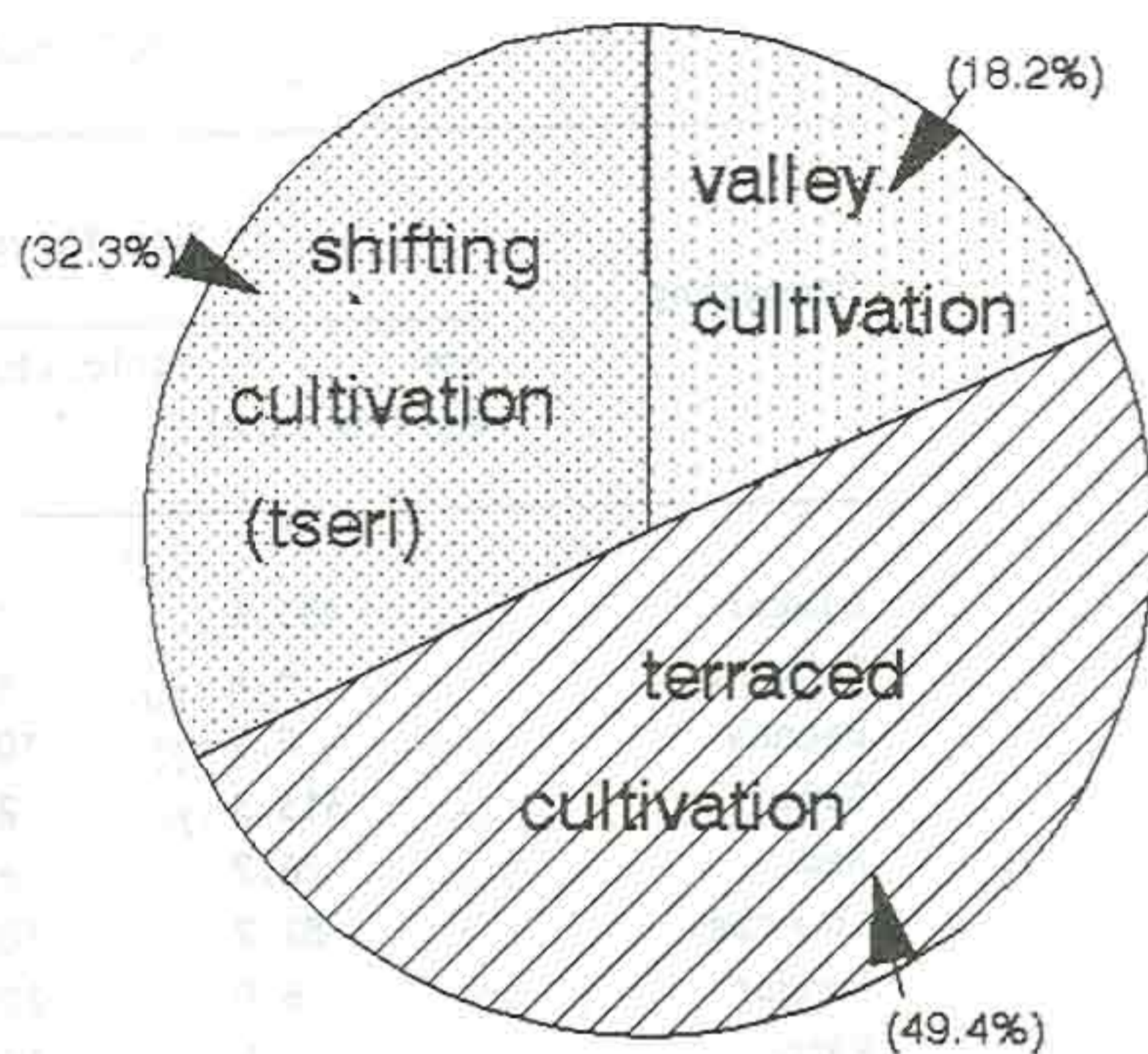
(a) Includes urban centres and other areas which could potentially be used for agricultural purposes.

Source: Land use survey(1983), Forestry Division, Thimphu

Non agricultural land by type, Bhutan  
(for details see table 5.1)



Agricultural land by type  
(for details see table 5.1)



Tree cover by type  
(for details see table 5.1)

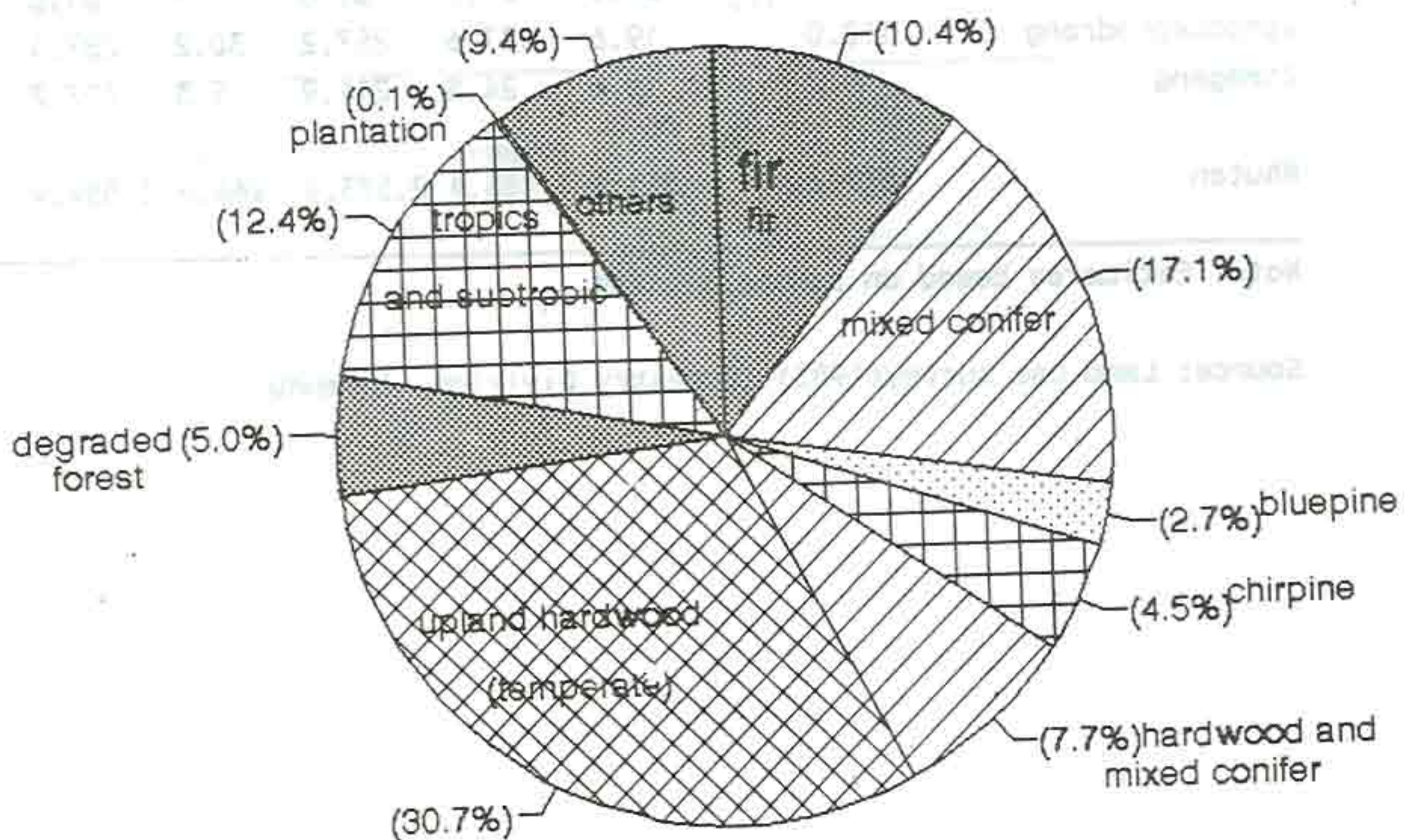


TABLE 5.2: AREA ACCORDING TO DIFFERENT LAND USE BY DZONGKHAG

( '000 hectares)

Dzongkhag	Non-forested			Forested			Area surveyed
	Non agricultural	Agricultural	Total	Tree cover	Other	Total	
Bjakar	135.4	7.0	142.4	123.7	33.9	157.6	300.0
Chhukha	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Dagana	2.9	10.5	13.4	77.8	1.8	79.6	93.0
Gasa	313.3	2.3	315.6	103.6	82.8	186.4	502.0
Haa	26.2	6.4	32.6	117.8	22.6	140.4	173.0
Lhuntse	82.2	18.3	100.5	169.9	19.6	189.5	290.0
Mongar	6.0	20.5	26.5	165.5	-	165.5	192.0
Paro	26.5	14.6	41.1	152.6	19.3	171.9	213.0
Pemagatshel	0.2	15.2	15.4	33.6	-	33.6	49.0
Samdrupjongkhar	3.5	46.2	49.7	165.3	-	165.3	215.0
Samtse	8.4	48.4	56.8	133.6	4.6	138.2	195.0
Sarpang	5.1	24.2	29.3	159.7	-	159.7	189.0
Thimphu	31.0	13.9	44.9	215.8	15.3	231.2	276.0
Trashigang	48.0	51.3	99.3	290.6	17.1	307.7	407.0
Trashiyangtse	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Trongsa	13.2	14.7	28.0	132.7	14.3	147.0	175.0
Tsirang	3.2	24.0	27.2	61.8	-	61.8	89.0
Wangduephodrang	118.0	19.6	137.6	257.2	30.2	287.4	425.0
Zhemgang	6.2	18.6	24.8	211.9	5.3	217.2	242.0
<b>Bhutan</b>	<b>829.2</b>	<b>355.9</b>	<b>1,185.1</b>	<b>2,573.4</b>	<b>266.6</b>	<b>2,839.9</b>	<b>4,025.0</b>

Note: Estimates based on remote sensing.

Source: Land use survey(1983), Forestry Division, Thimphu

TABLE 5.3: AREA AND ALTITUDE OF DZONGKHAGS

Dzongkhag	Area (Sq. Km)	Altitude (metres)
Bjakar	3073	2690
Chhukha	2041	2220
Dagana	1249	1520
Gasa	n.a	3659
Haa	2041	2712
Lhuntse	3350	1460
Mongar	2087	1620
Paro	1949	2280
Pemagatshel	597	1200
Punakha	5664	1220
Samdrupjongkhar	2464	160
Samtse	1775	390
Sarpang	2262	210
Thimphu	2046	2320
Trashigang	4772	1040
Trashiyangtse	n.a	1830
Trongsa	2100	2180
Tsirang	1142	1620
Wangduephodrang	5060	1260
Zhemgang	2728	1916

Source: Survey Division, Thimphu



TABLE 5.4: AVERAGE MONTHLY TEMPERATURE FOR VARIOUS STATIONS IN BHUTAN, 1992

(degrees celsius)

Dzongkhag and station	Temperature	Month										
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov
<b>Thimphu</b>												
Kawangjangsa	Maximum	13.7	13.8	21.5	24.8	24.1	25.9	29.3	24.3	24.9	21.6	19.3
	Minimum	-0.4	7.3	4.7	7.7	11.1	15.8	17.5	16.2	13.9	9.8	0.3
Lumitsawa	Maximum	n.a	7.5	14.2	10.0	n.a	24.5	21.5	31.5	23.5	20.9	14.4
	Minimum	n.a	7.2	4.9	2.1	n.a	11.4	13.6	12.5	13.3	11.4	9.6
Gidakom	Maximum	14.5	13.2	20.0	22.7	21.8	24.9	24.5	22.2	24.8	22.2	20.5
	Minimum	-2.0	-2.4	5.0	7.5	10.2	14.5	16.0	15.7	13.8	9.1	0.2
Simtokha	Maximum	15.3	14.3	n.a	16.4	23.1	26.0	27.9	28.0	27.6	24.9	21.7
	Minimum	1.2	1.4	n.a	8.7	12.5	15.6	19.0	20.4	17.5	12.9	1.6
Yusipang	Maximum	10.0	8.2	14.8	18.5	17.9	20.9	n.a	20.3	21.2	19.3	16.5
	Minimum	-2.5	-2.3	3.2	5.6	8.4	11.8	n.a	13.4	11.0	6.4	-3.5
Taba	Maximum	13.1	15.6	20.1	23.8	22.5	27.2	25.7	24.0	23.6	21.5	19.0
	Minimum	-4.4	-2.9	-1.7	3.1	5.2	9.5	5.5	13.2	9.9	7.2	2.9
<b>Chhukha</b>												
Chhukha	Maximum	14.8	13.4	21.4	25.6	23.2	26.5	24.4	25.3	25.6	22.4	20.3
	Minimum	6.8	4.3	9.5	11.6	14.2	17.8	17.7	16.6	16.9	12.7	9.0
Chapcha	Mazimum	4.4	3.1	9.5	9.4	7.4	n.a	8.3	9.4	11.6	11.2	8.0
	Mazimum	-4.5	-4.5	0.8	4.3	6.9	n.a	5.3	8.7	6.2	3.9	0.7
Gedu	Mazimum	8.2	6.5	12.2	17.6	18.3	21.3	20.5	20.8	20.7	18.5	14.7
	Mazimum	5.5	4.2	9.0	13.0	13.2	16.4	16.7	17.1	16.2	12.3	8.6
Tala	Mazimum	11.1	10.4	16.7	20.8	20.0	21.3	n.a	22.0	21.4	19.4	13.4
	Mazimum	5.1	4.6	10.7	13.2	14.3	16.3	n.a	18.4	15.8	15.0	6.7
Dovan gaon (Pachhu)	Mazimum	33.0	n.a	n.a	45.0	40.3	42.8	41.3	43.6	44.9	41.6	44.0
	Mazimum	13.2	n.a	n.a	21.0	23.2	26.0	27.0	26.8	28.3	24.0	17.4
<b>Haa</b>												
Namjeyling	Mazimum	7.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	14.0
	Mazimum	-5.6	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	-5.5
Sambey Dzong	Mazimum	20.6	18.4	19.4	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
	Mazimum	11.6	16.9	11.4	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Haa Chu	Mazimum	9.6	n.a	16.9	17.0	17.0	18.3	21.3	19.6	21.0	n.a	n.a
	Mazimum	0.6	n.a	1.2	1.2	17.1	7.9	10.6	13.2	13.8	n.a	n.a

continues...

VERAGE MONTHLY TEMPERATURE FOR VARIOUS STATIONS IN BHUTAN, 1992

(degrees celsius)

Temperature	Month											
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Maximum	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Minimum	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Maximum	14.4	n.a	n.a	n.a	23.0	25.7	25.1	n.a	n.a	29.4	n.a	n.a
Minimum	7.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	8.0	11.4	13.3	n.a	n.a	3.9	n.a	n.a
Maximum	10.0	n.a	n.a	23.7	24.6	24.0	27.6	29.2	36.9	28.6	15.0	11.7
Minimum	4.6	n.a	n.a	12.4	12.6	12.5	16.3	20.0	25.9	19.0	10.1	6.3
Maximum	n.a	n.a	18.0	29.0	28.1	32.0	31.4	29.6	13.4	22.4	17.1	9.4
Minimum	n.a	n.a	6.3	10.4	11.5	21.0	21.4	22.5	19.6	9.0	-2.1	-4.4
Maximum	n.a	n.a	25.1	30.1	28.4	30.3	28.1	29.0	29.7	27.8	26.8	21.8
Minimum	n.a	n.a	18.7	22.8	21.9	24.4	24.1	24.5	23.4	20.7	19.3	15.2
Maximum	n.a	n.a	20.2	22.9	23.2	25.3	29.0	23.4	25.2	31.0	20.2	17.5
Minimum	n.a	n.a	13.2	15.5	15.5	18.9	19.8	19.1	18.7	15.9	11.4	9.2
Maximum	14.5	14.0	18.2	13.8	23.3	26.5	29.9	25.5	24.7	n.a	n.a	n.a
Minimum	3.9	5.0	9.4	13.3	13.5	15.3	16.8	17.4	16.6	n.a	n.a	n.a
Maximum	13.8	8.9	n.a	20.0	28.2	30.5	34.1	29.2	27.7	26.2	26.4	21.0
Minimum	8.5	7.1	n.a	15.0	13.6	10.1	10.6	12.7	12.6	15.0	22.5	13.1
Maximum	15.8	14.8	20.5	26.3	25.6	26.9	26.5	27.6	n.a	24.2	22.3	18.0
Minimum	8.2	8.9	13.0	15.3	14.0	20.6	20.6	26.1	n.a	13.6	11.8	8.6
Maximum	18.5	17.3	23.1	29.3	30.0	32.1	31.2	30.5	31.1	26.5	30.0	20.3
Minimum	5.5	7.1	11.1	15.0	15.0	20.3	20.6	20.7	21.4	19.3	7.0	3.5
Maximum	17.6	19.6	20.8	22.6	23.6	24.4	25.5	25.9	24.7	23.0	23.8	22.6
Minimum	4.9	6.9	7.5	9.9	8.4	11.6	14.0	13.7	12.2	12.3	11.5	9.0
Maximum	n.a	n.a	28.5	32.8	31.6	33.0	32.6	35.4	34.0	23.5	n.a	n.a
Minimum	n.a	n.a	16.2	17.8	18.4	24.0	23.4	23.1	22.7	19.1	n.a	n.a
Maximum	5.6	5.9	n.a	15.1	18.1	20.8	21.8	21.9	21.8	16.2	13.1	8.2
Minimum	1.9	4.2	n.a	9.3	9.2	9.8	9.5	14.0	10.8	6.8	2.8	1.3

continues...

VERAGE MONTHLY TEMPERATURE FOR VARIOUS STATIONS IN BHUTAN, 1992

(degrees celsius)

Temperature	Month											
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Maximum	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Minimum	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Maximum	14.4	n.a	n.a	n.a	23.0	25.7	25.1	n.a	n.a	29.4	n.a	n.a
Minimum	7.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	8.0	11.4	13.3	n.a	n.a	3.9	n.a	n.a
Maximum	10.0	n.a	n.a	23.7	24.6	24.0	27.6	29.2	36.9	28.6	15.0	11.7
Minimum	4.6	n.a	n.a	12.4	12.6	12.5	16.3	20.0	25.9	19.0	10.1	6.3
Maximum	n.a	n.a	18.0	29.0	28.1	32.0	31.4	29.6	13.4	22.4	17.1	9.4
Minimum	n.a	n.a	6.3	10.4	11.5	21.0	21.4	22.5	19.6	9.0	-2.1	-4.4
Maximum	n.a	n.a	25.1	30.1	28.4	30.3	28.1	29.0	29.7	27.8	26.8	21.8
Minimum	n.a	n.a	18.7	22.8	21.9	24.4	24.1	24.5	23.4	20.7	19.3	15.2
Maximum	n.a	n.a	20.2	22.9	23.2	25.3	29.0	23.4	25.2	31.0	20.2	17.5
Minimum	n.a	n.a	13.2	15.5	15.5	18.9	19.8	19.1	18.7	15.9	11.4	9.2
Maximum	14.5	14.0	18.2	13.8	23.3	26.5	29.9	25.5	24.7	n.a	n.a	n.a
Minimum	3.9	5.0	9.4	13.3	13.5	15.3	16.8	17.4	16.6	n.a	n.a	n.a
Maximum	13.8	8.9	n.a	20.0	28.2	30.5	34.1	29.2	27.7	26.2	26.4	21.0
Minimum	8.5	7.1	n.a	15.0	13.6	10.1	10.6	12.7	12.6	15.0	22.5	13.1
Maximum	15.8	14.8	20.5	26.3	25.6	26.9	26.5	27.6	n.a	24.2	22.3	18.0
Minimum	8.2	8.9	13.0	15.3	14.0	20.6	20.6	26.1	n.a	13.6	11.8	8.6
Maximum	18.5	17.3	23.1	29.3	30.0	32.1	31.2	30.5	31.1	26.5	30.0	20.3
Minimum	5.5	7.1	11.1	15.0	15.0	20.3	20.6	20.7	21.4	19.3	7.0	3.5
Maximum	17.6	19.6	20.8	22.6	23.6	24.4	25.5	25.9	24.7	23.0	23.8	22.6
Minimum	4.9	6.9	7.5	9.9	8.4	11.6	14.0	13.7	12.2	12.3	11.5	9.0
Maximum	n.a	n.a	28.5	32.8	31.6	33.0	32.6	35.4	34.0	23.5	n.a	n.a
Minimum	n.a	n.a	16.2	17.8	18.4	24.0	23.4	23.1	22.7	19.1	n.a	n.a
Maximum	5.6	5.9	n.a	15.1	18.1	20.8	21.8	21.9	21.8	16.2	13.1	8.2
Minimum	1.9	4.2	n.a	9.3	9.2	9.8	9.5	14.0	10.8	6.8	2.8	1.3

continues...

TABLE 5.4: AVERAGE MONTHLY TEMPERATURE FOR VARIOUS STATIONS IN BHUTAN, 1992

continuation

(degrees celsius)

Dzongkhag and station	Temperature	Month											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	
<b>Wangduephodrang</b>													
Gaselo	Maximum	13.2	12.8	20.8	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
	Minimum	3.3	3.5	8.4	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
CARD	Maximum	17.8	16.1	22.7	26.9	27.1	28.2	27.9	29.2	28.2	25.7	23.2	
	Minimum	4.9	7.2	11.0	13.5	15.9	19.7	19.5	19.6	18.1	14.5	6.1	
Samtengang	Maximum	13.9	14.4	18.7	23.5	23.5	n.a	27.3	28.5	25.4	25.0	21.4	
	Minimum	2.8	5.1	8.2	11.2	11.1	n.a	17.1	17.1	15.5	12.0	5.2	
Dagauma	Maximum	n.a	n.a	19.3	22.3	23.4	25.7	25.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	
	Minimum	n.a	n.a	11.5	13.8	16.1	18.4	19.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	
Nobding	Maximum	11.4	8.8	14.3	18.6	18.7	22.0	20.5	20.8	19.8	16.1	13.9	
	Minimum	-1.5	1.6	5.9	7.6	9.2	13.0	13.2	13.9	12.2	9.5	2.8	
Phobjekha	Maximum	n.a	n.a	13.1	17.6	16.0	20.5	19.6	20.2	19.6	16.7	14.4	
	Minimum	n.a	n.a	1.5	3.3	4.6	8.4	10.2	11.1	9.3	2.3	-5.1	
Bachhu	Maximum	16.2	n.a	n.a	26.8	26.0	28.9	26.1	26.7	27.1	22.4	n.a	
	Minimum	9.0	n.a	n.a	17.4	18.0	21.3	20.8	20.5	21.2	17.6	n.a	
Rurichhu	Maximum	19.6	n.a	n.a	28.2	30.1	29.8	28.0	33.5	n.a	n.a	n.a	
	Minimum	2.9	n.a	n.a	14.4	15.7	16.5	19.0	20.1	n.a	n.a	n.a	
<b>Zhemgang</b>													
Yebilaptsa	Maximum	21.6	20.4	28.2	29.6	29.8	32.6	n.a	30.3	30.2	28.0	18.2	
	Minimum	8.4	8.4	12.3	15.8	17.1	20.3	n.a	20.7	19.3	16.1	9.9	
Zhemgang	Maximum	n.a	n.a	10.0	10.8	15.4	16.2	n.a	18.1	20.9	19.3	12.4	
	Minimum	n.a	n.a	4.4	8.1	14.1	15.6	n.a	14.5	16.9	15.4	11.7	
Panbang	Maximum	26.9	25.0	30.4	35.0	33.2	35.1	33.3	35.3	35.0	37.5	n.a	
	Minimum	9.1	11.1	15.0	18.3	20.6	22.6	23.5	23.5	21.8	13.5	n.a	
<b>Sarpang</b>													
Sarpang	Maximum	21.5	20.6	24.7	28.6	26.5	31.0	29.9	30.7	30.9	27.6	27.4	
	Minimum	12.3	12.3	17.4	19.9	20.0	23.8	24.3	24.6	25.0	21.8	17.8	
<b>Tsirang</b>													
Sunkosh Dobani	Maximum	22.6	n.a	n.a	31.6	31.6	33.1	30.6	31.7	31.1	28.5	n.a	
	Minimum	8.6	n.a	n.a	19.2	20.5	23.6	23.0	22.8	22.0	18.2	n.a	

continues...

TABLE 5.4: AVERAGE MONTHLY TEMPERATURE FOR VARIOUS STATIONS IN BHUTAN, 1992

continuation

(degrees celsius)

Dzongkhag and station	Temperature	Month											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>Trongsa</b>													
Mangdichhu	Maximum	17.2	n.a	n.a	25.7	n.a	28.3	26.7	27.7	27.0	23.0	n.a	n.a
	Minimum	6.8	n.a	n.a	14.1	n.a	18.6	19.3	19.4	18.6	14.6	n.a	n.a
Trongsa	Maximum	10.8	8.3	14.1	19.1	18.3	21.1	19.7	21.3	20.3	18.0	16.5	13.9
	Minimum	1.4	1.3	6.2	8.1	9.4	13.8	14.5	15.1	13.3	10.0	3.0	0.8
Kuenga Rabten	Maximum	18.2	13.9	21.2	n.a	23.7	26.9	27.1	29.1	n.a	26.0	24.4	20.8
	Minimum	5.0	5.1	12.2	n.a	15.3	17.6	19.1	19.6	n.a	13.9	10.3	5.0
Chendebji	Maximum	n.a	n.a	n.a	17.0	16.7	19.5	19.7	19.4	19.4	15.2	15.2	11.0
	Minimum	n.a	n.a	n.a	7.3	10.2	14.5	15.7	15.5	14.0	11.7	12.6	1.6
Tangsibji	Maximum	14.0	n.a	n.a	20.4	20.1	23.4	23.2	23.8	23.3	17.2	n.a	n.a
	Minimum	1.8	n.a	n.a	5.0	7.0	11.0	12.0	12.1	10.7	6.3	n.a	n.a
Langthel	Maximum	20.8	19.5	25.1	28.6	29.5	31.6	29.6	31.4	30.8	30.8	27.2	22.6
	Minimum	10.5	11.8	16.4	19.0	21.3	24.8	24.8	24.7	23.4	20.4	14.5	11.6
<b>Bjakar</b>													
Ura	Maximum	15.1	14.0	n.a	16.9	17.9	n.a	22.1	22.7	22.8	10.0	n.a	n.a
	Minimum	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	3.0	n.a	12.9	15.0	14.6	4.9	n.a	n.a
Chamkhar chh (Kurjey)	Maximum	7.0	n.a	n.a	18.7	24.3	21.6	21.1	21.0	20.3	17.2	n.a	n.a
	Minimum	6.0	n.a	n.a	4.4	15.2	10.1	11.9	12.6	10.3	6.0	n.a	n.a
Chhumeth	Maximum	n.a	n.a	13.3	15.0	18.4	19.0	20.0	21.0	20.0	18.0	15.0	11.1
	Minimum	n.a	n.a	0.9	2.8	7.4	11.0	13.0	11.0	10.0	3.0	4.0	7.3
Chamkhar	Maximum	11.6	9.9	18.7	19.4	n.a	n.a	n.a	22.2	20.2	n.a	16.0	12.0
	Minimum	5.9	1.5	5.2	6.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	13.2	11.4	n.a	-2.0	-5.0
<b>Trashigang</b>													
Khaling	Maximum	11.3	10.4	16.6	19.2	19.1	20.2	22.4	21.3	21.3	19.6	16.8	15.7
	Minimum	3.1	3.5	8.7	10.4	11.7	15.5	17.4	16.3	15.0	11.1	12.9	14.9
Kanglung	Maximum	n.a	10.0	16.9	n.a	21.0	24.0	22.6	23.8	21.7	20.0	17.2	n.a
	Minimum	n.a	3.0	8.1	n.a	12.5	15.7	16.2	16.8	14.7	10.8	6.2	n.a
Wamrong	Maximum	9.8	7.9	11.8	17.5	21.5	19.7	19.1	20.3	20.5	4.9	4.9	12.6
	Minimum	2.2	1.3	5.9	10.2	12.0	14.0	14.5	14.7	13.6	2.1	2.1	2.8
Radhi	Maximum	n.a	n.a	n.a	24.8	24.7	29.1	28.2	28.1	27.3	26.8	28.0	n.a
	Minimum	n.a	n.a	n.a	14.4	16.2	18.3	18.5	19.6	17.2	15.2	9.5	n.a
Thrimshing	Maximum	15.6	15.1	22.7	26.9	26.4	30.3	28.4	29.3	28.0	26.0	23.0	19.2
	Minimum	2.5	3.3	7.5	11.2	12.3	15.1	15.1	17.1	15.1	10.2	4.2	1.1

continues...

TABLE 5.4: AVERAGE MONTHLY TEMPERATURE FOR VARIOUS STATIONS IN BHUTAN, 1992

continuation

(degrees celsius)

Dzongkhag and station	Temperature	Month											
		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	
Mongar													
Yadhi	Maximum	15.0	14.0	18.0	23.0	24.0	26.0	25.0	25.0	29.0	22.0	19.0	
	Minimum	3.0	5.0	8.0	12.0	14.0	17.0	17.0	18.0	16.0	12.0	7.0	
Tsakaling	Maximum	24.4	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	25.8	26.6	26.5	24.4	n.a	
	Minimum	11.1	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	18.2	18.6	17.6	14.7	n.a	
Linmethang	Maximum	21.6	19.2	25.8	31.0	30.9	33.7	31.8	31.2	32.4	32.8	28.3	
	Minimum	7.3	9.8	14.1	16.7	19.3	22.2	22.2	22.0	22.2	18.8	11.4	
Trashiyangtse													
Trashiyangtse	Maximum	13.3	n.a	n.a	21.7	22.6	25.8	25.8	26.3	n.a	22.7	n.a	
	Minimum	2.5	n.a	n.a	11.8	13.0	16.0	16.4	16.0	n.a	12.4	n.a	
Yallang	Maximum	9.1	6.4	17.6	17.2	18.5	21.9	20.7	21.6	n.a	13.5	15.4	
	Minimum	1.7	2.3	9.6	9.9	11.3	14.8	15.5	15.4	n.a	9.5	6.2	
Lhuntse													
Dungkhar	Maximum	13.6	11.0	16.0	20.1	n.a	n.a	24.6	25.2	21.0	18.0	19.0	
	Minimum	2.4	3.2	8.2	10.5	n.a	n.a	16.6	16.9	14.7	9.9	5.2	
Sumpa	Maximum	16.6	n.a	n.a	30.0	25.0	27.6	27.4	31.2	30.7	28.3	n.a	
	Minimum	6.0	n.a	n.a	16.6	17.4	19.0	20.1	2.2	19.4	15.5	n.a	
Tangmechhu	Maximum	13.3	n.a	n.a	11.8	23.2	25.5	25.1	18.0	n.a	n.a	18.7	
	Minimum	2.8	n.a	n.a	20.0	13.5	18.1	19.7	14.0	n.a	n.a	5.5	
Pemagatshel													
Yurung	Maximum	12.5	12.0	18.2	23.9	22.9	22.0	24.2	25.8	23.4	21.9	20.0	
	Minimum	5.4	5.5	10.9	14.2	5.6	19.9	19.1	19.8	16.2	14.3	9.2	
Dungmein	Maximum	n.a	n.a	19.8	25.2	25.1	27.1	n.a	27.2	26.3	22.7	19.5	
	Minimum	n.a	n.a	11.2	14.1	15.8	19.1	n.a	19.7	17.6	13.8	4.9	
Samdrupjongkhar													
Nganglam	Maximum	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	28.0	25.5	
	Minimum	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	20.3	16.1	
Airong	Maximum	12.9	12.4	18.5	22.8	22.4	23.9	24.0	23.9	24.2	22.0	19.4	
	Minimum	8.1	7.7	13.6	16.4	16.8	19.7	20.1	20.1	18.9	16.8	13.1	
Daifom	Maximum	n.a	25.6	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	
	Minimum	n.a	16.2	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	
Dechheling	Maximum	15.0	14.4	20.0	23.0	22.0	24.5	25.0	25.1	24.0	21.0	n.a	
	Minimum	7.2	7.6	13.0	17.0	18.0	20.0	21.0	20.6	19.4	16.1	n.a	

Source: Meteorology Unit, Thimphu

end

MONTHLY RAINFALL FOR VARIOUS STATIONS IN BHUTAN, 1992

(millimetre)

	Month												Total rain
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	
	1.0	6.4	0.0	0.0	35.6	62.8	197.6	143.4	69.8	9.0	0.0	3.5	529.1
	0.0	0.0	n.a	8.1	131.0	0.0	235.0	135.4	97.3	6.4	0.0	1.0	614.2
	8.2	0.0	0.0	25.8	10.6	11.0	159.0	15.8	12.2	16.0	1.0	n.a	259.6
ce	3.0	0.0	0.0	6.3	9.7	43.4	89.6	26.9	51.6	8.2	0.0	2.0	240.7
	6.4	0.8	2.4	38.2	45.6	108.0	262.6	204.0	91.2	n.a	1.0	0.6	760.8
	n.a	0.0	0.0	0.0	n.a	256.0	416.0	529.0	258.0	29.0	0.0	0.0	1488.0
	14.1	42.2	1.8	99.5	139.7	174.9	308.4	152.2	180.2	63.9	1.0	11.6	1189.5
	56.9	140.0	41.2	204.6	384.7	444.4	884.5	319.1	423.4	276.0	0.2	31.4	3206.4
	90.4	107.8	42.4	210.5	538.7	373.0	137.6	718.6	253.4	236.4	30.2	22.6	2761.6
	7.0	31.0	6.3	62.9	74.5	59.0	192.7	86.1	80.1	31.6	n.a	n.a	631.2
	16.0	103.2	12.9	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	132.1
	5.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	58.0	72.0	156.5	n.a	n.a	0.0	n.a	n.a	291.5
	n.a	n.a	0.0	5.0	24.7	67.6	159.2	663.5	18.1	3.0	0.0	0.0	941.1
	n.a	n.a	n.a	148.2	454.9	552.0	1046.6	690.5	568.6	333.0	130.0	11.7	3935.5
	0.0	0.0	25.0	23.3	264.0	366.0	746.0	1135.0	322.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	2886.3
	0.0	n.a	n.a	15.7	45.1	268.3	565.8	126.6	115.8	15.6	n.a	n.a	1152.9
	0.0	92.3	n.a	31.1	93.0	285.0	532.0	292.0	527.0	46.0	22.0	0.0	1920.4
	12.3	31.0	0.0	20.8	66.9	364.8	584.0	131.6	n.a	22.3	0.0	30.0	1263.7
	11.2	29.2	1.6	86.0	63.0	193.0	469.0	157.2	149.0	n.a	n.a	n.a	1159.2

continues...

TABLE 5.5: AVERAGE MONTHLY RAINFALL FOR VARIOUS STATIONS IN BHUTAN, 1992

Dzongkhag and station	(millimetres)											
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
<b>Punakha</b>												
Punakha Dzong	9.3	11.2	0.0	102.8	69.1	75.5	229.7	115.9	107.2	13.4	0.0	n.a
Shelgana	0.0	91.4	0.0	22.4	337.2	1140.3	1413.8	846.1	557.5	39.9	23.2	16.3
<b>Gasa</b>												
Gasakhathey	5.0	n.a	n.a	8.9	177.6	217.0	296.3	167.3	73.6	126.7	0.0	0.0
<b>Wangduephodrang</b>												
Daga Uma	n.a	n.a	19.3	63.9	59.6	411.2	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
Nobding	7.2	0.0	7.5	73.8	86.6	160.4	408.9	380.7	175.4	84.2	0.0	11.6
Phubjikha	n.a	n.a	n.a	57.1	211.0	86.0	419.4	265.7	63.2	24.0	0.0	10.5
Samtengang	4.4	5.2	0.0	786.0	344.2	n.a	365.8	183.6	1150.0	247.0	0.0	0.0
Wangdi (CARD)	9.0	1.7	1.2	62.0	43.0	103.2	117.2	101.3	49.1	10.2	0.0	0.0
Bachu	143.0	n.a	n.a	26.0	69.1	131.8	246.3	112.5	14.3	44.5	n.a	n.a
Gaselo	6.2	8.4	1.8	76.8	49.9	116.6	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a
<b>Sarpang</b>												
Sarpang	12.7	68.8	0.0	105.4	282.8	571.8	1078.0	724.2	569.0	168.2	0.0	23.1
<b>Zhemgang</b>												
Panbang	14.0	73.2	7.6	138.4	322.8	824.4	997.2	484.0	299.8	70.4	n.a	12.6
Yebilaptsa	2.6	52.2	8.6	70.2	55.2	359.4	n.a	105.6	161.4	37.6	0.0	9.0
Zhemgang	n.a	n.a	8.4	76.7	71.5	240.6	472.6	161.5	199.5	47.0	2.0	n.a
<b>Trongsa</b>												
Kuengarabten	6.6	30.6	1.0	n.a	104.0	167.2	403.2	125.0	n.a	59.8	0.5	0.5
Langthel	n.a	12.6	0.0	44.2	50.4	121.1	233.6	124.0	163.6	14.2	0.0	3.8
Trongsa	0.0	54.1	15.4	180.7	110.0	274.1	476.5	176.0	123.3	85.8	0.0	0.0
Mangdi chhu	2.6	n.a	n.a	74.0	n.a	201.4	328.2	187.0	135.0	40.2	n.a	n.a
Tangsibji	9.0	n.a	n.a	77.6	132.1	507.4	497.6	231.7	183.0	116.0	n.a	n.a
<b>Bjakar</b>												
Chamkhar	0.0	0.0	0.0	32.8	n.a	n.a	n.a	24.3	85.5	n.a	2.0	5.0
Chhumei	n.a	n.a	22.9	48.5	90.3	123.3	501.0	164.0	99.3	5.5	0.0	0.0
Ura	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.6	38.6	89.1	143.0	79.9	30.7	8.3	n.a	n.a

continues...



MONTHLY RAINFALL FOR VARIOUS STATIONS IN BHUTAN, 1992

(millimetre)

	Month												Total rain
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	
	19.8	n.a	848.0	20.7	188.2	370.1	125.3	100.6	31.1	n.a	n.a	n.a	1703.8
	0.0	329.9	21.8	89.1	100.8	131.9	187.2	195.9	125.0	64.9	0.0	0.0	1246.5
	n.a	n.a	n.a	65.4	662.5	1687.0	118.0	1785.0	1030.0	210.0	0.0	n.a	5557.9
	3.0	48.6	16.2	91.5	86.8	212.6	205.1	15.2	102.2	42.9	0.0	2.4	826.5
	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	159.7	267.2	355.0	203.2	183.7	57.2	0.0	0.0	1226.0
	0.8	37.2	29.8	107.4	91.3	184.9	272.8	181.4	n.a	74.1	3.2	10.2	993.1
	86.0	24.4	63.2	29.6	126.4	138.2	265.0	n.a	111.2	0.0	0.0	n.a	844.0
	4.4	27.0	4.8	20.2	38.4	159.3	201.6	87.9	37.2	16.8	0.0	6.4	604.0
	3.0	41.6	0.0	29.8	56.4	195.1	205.4	88.2	85.2	38.6	0.0	18.4	761.7
	246.2	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	218.1	76.3	61.7	34.7	n.a	26.3	663.3
	5.0	72.0	19.4	143.2	n.a	n.a	295.0	8.5	160.6	120.5	0.0	5.0	829.2
	n.a	n.a	n.a	31.2	51.7	112.9	251.1	26.2	n.a	n.a	0.0	10.4	483.5
	5.8	n.a	n.a	n.a	102.2	129.6	240.6	92.2	55.7	23.4	n.a	n.a	649.5
	0.0	0.0	8.5	102.5	131.4	374.6	n.a	181.1	167.9	31.7	2.0	0.0	999.7
	7.4	64.1	0.0	92.6	102.4	306.4	270.2	63.2	253.8	47.0	0.0	7.2	1214.3
	11.5	65.0	17.0	168.0	302.5	544.0	512.0	512.0	194.0	75.0	7.0	20.0	2428.0
	21.0	72.8	18.0	127.0	187.4	20.0	438.5	191.0	226.0	59.0	0.0	0.0	1360.7
	14.8	22.4	73.2	351.8	325.2	848.4	275.2	329.2	274.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	2514.4

end

TABLE 5.6: IRRIGATION SCHEMES COMPLETED BY DZONGKHAG, 1991/92

Dzongkhag	New construction			Renovation		
	No. of schemes	Length of channel (Km)	Command area (hectares)	No. of schemes	Length of channel (Km)	Command area (hectares)
Thimphu	1	3.540	222.670	-	-	-
Chhukha	0.871	0.598	2.554	-	-	-
Paro	1.205	6.575	8.68	-	-	-
Samtse	0.231	6.335	5.921	-	-	-
Tsirang	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dagana	-	-	-	-	-	-
Punakha	0.575	0.401	5.19	-	-	-
Wangduephodrang	0.235	0.851	2.55	1	0.777	13.080
Bjakar	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sarpang	-	-	-	-	-	-
Zhemgang	0.575	1.031	4.85	-	-	-
Trongsa	0.575	1.031	4.85	-	1.500	10.080
Lhuntse	0.575	1.031	4.85	-	-	-
Mongar	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pemagatshel	-	-	-	-	-	-
Samdrupjongkhar	0.575	1.031	4.85	-	-	-
Trashigang	1.125	9.577	5.72	1	1.200	54.310
Trashiyangtse	0.575	1.031	4.85	-	-	-
Gasa	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Bhutan</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>3.540</b>	<b>222.670</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3.477</b>	<b>77.470</b>

Source: Agriculture Division, Thimphu

TABLE 5.7: LAND UNDER AGRICULTURAL USE BY DZONGKHAG, 1988/89(a)  
( '000 hectares)

Dzongkhag	Wet land	Dry land	Tsheri pangshing	Kitchen garden	Orchard & plantation	Others (b)	Total area
Bjakar	*	1.1	1.9	-	-	14.1	17.1
Chhukha	1.1	3.1	4.4	-	0.7	8.2	17.5
Dagana	0.8	2.6	0.8	-	0.2	2.7	7.1
Gasa							
Haa	0.1	0.8	0.3	-	0.3	8.2	9.7
Lhuntse	0.8	1.6	1.6	-	-	1.0	5.0
Mongar	0.4	2.9	1.9	-	-	1.7	6.9
Paro	1.5	1.6	0.2	0.1	0.2	3.4	7.0
Pemagatshel	-	1.6	1.7	-	-	0.3	3.6
Punakha	1.6	0.4	-	-	-	8.3	10.3
Samdrupjongkhar(c)	1.9	4.2	3.6	-	0.1	0.4	10.2
Samtse	4.8	7.9	4.3	0.2	3.7	2.3	23.2
Sarpang	4.8	7.5	0.9	0.2	1.8	0.3	15.5
Thimphu	0.8	0.5	0.1	-	-	6.9	8.3
Trashigang	2.3	8.6	6.1	-	0.2	64.2	81.4
Trashiyangtse							
Trongsa	0.7	0.8	0.8	-	0.2	4.0	6.5
Tsirang	3.2	7.2	0.6	0.3	2.2	0.4	13.9
Wangduephodrang	1.3	0.9	0.3	0.1	-	na	2.6
Zhemgang	0.7	1.6	3.3	-	0.3	5.6	11.5
Bhutan	24.8	52.4	29.2	0.8	9.6	126.4	243.2

(a) Thimphu, Zone I and Zone II estimates are based on 1988 survey. Zone III and Zone IV based on 1989 survey. Wangduephodrang based on 1987 survey

(b) Includes area for Tsamdok and Sokshing.

(c) Excludes areas of an estimated 920 agricultural holders in Samdrupjongkhar which were excluded from the survey.

Source: Agronomic Survey, CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

Land under agricultural use, 1989

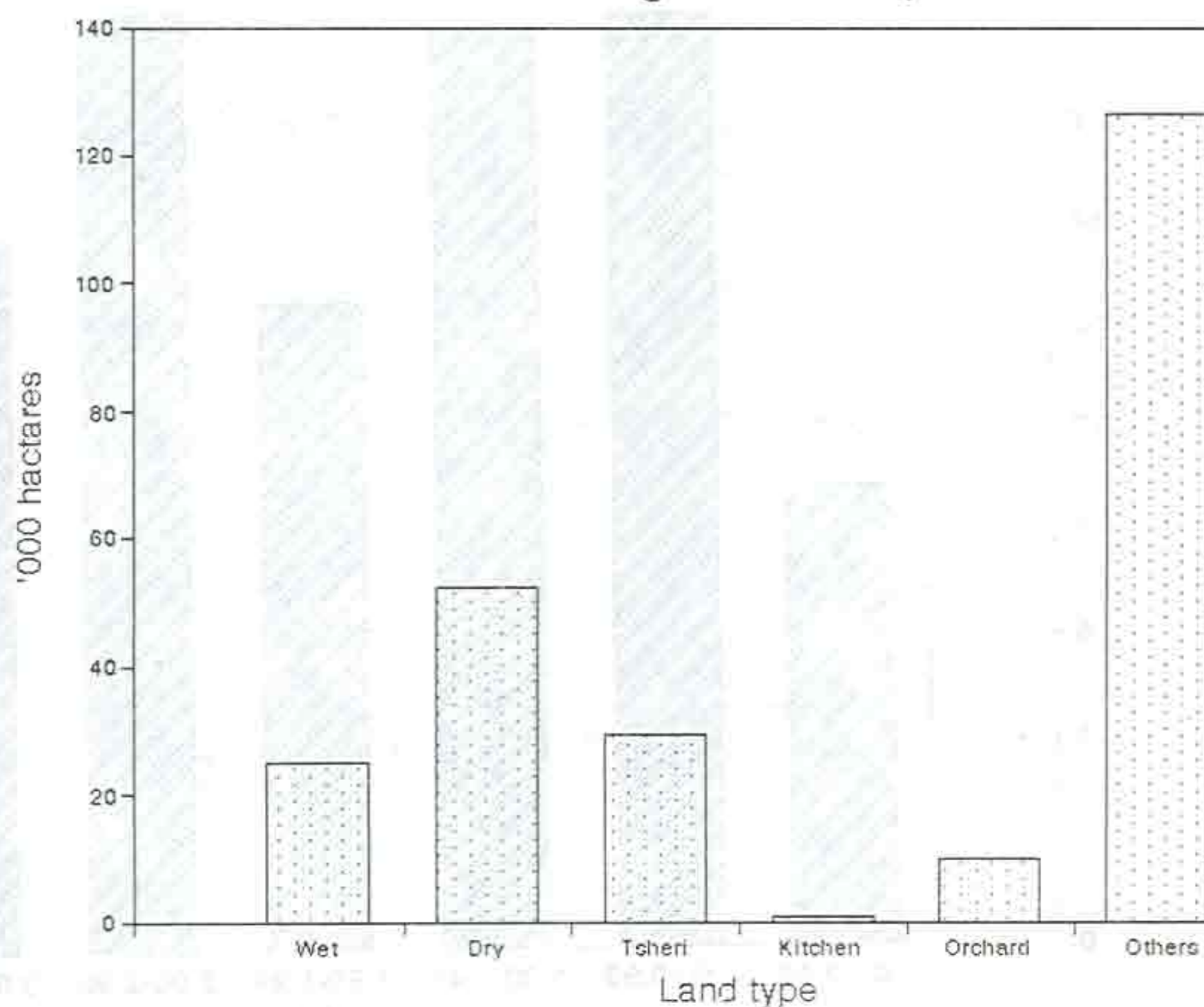


TABLE 5.8: HOLDERS BY SIZE OF HOLDING IN EACH DZONGKHAG, 1988/89(a)

Dzongkhag	Size of land holding (hectares)							Land holders	holders
	0.01-0.49	0.50-0.99	1.00-1.49	1.50-1.99	2.00-2.99	3.00-4.99	5 & over		
Bjakar	110	160	150	*	180	180	260	1,130	
Chhukha	170	230	580	350	550	600	790	3,270	
Dagana	*	240	240	220	360	480	190	1,790	
Gasa(b)									
Haa	120	190	170	*	110	*	220	920	
Lhuntse	410	570	410	250	300	340	200	2,480	
Mongar	570	1,220	1,020	660	450	270	100	4,300	
Paro	170	400	440	360	440	360	130	2,280	
Pemagatshel	230	750	680	420	260	110	*	2,490	
Punakha	250	420	480	280	230	*	120	1,850	
Samdrupjongkhar (c)	170	590	550	610	1,010	820	350	4,100	
Samtse	390	860	1,020	920	1,790	1,590	1,060	7,640	
Sarpang	200	400	710	900	1,610	1,010	730	5,570	
Thimphu	490	540	320	160	150	110	*	1,800	
Trashigang	1,730	3,190	2,440	1,450	1,790	990	970	12,560	
Trashiyantse(d)									
Trongsa	150	240	300	120	160	170	150	1,290	
Tsirang	140	750	1,040	750	1,420	1,180	440	5,710	
Wangduephodrang	600	780	540	270	210	*	*	2,470	
Zhemgang	*	*	180	270	400	480	400	1,830	
Bhutan	5,300	10,750	10,550	7,450	10,810	8,210	5,710	59,180	

(a) See footnote (a) on Table 5.7. (b) Figures included with Punakha (c) For Samdrupjongkhar, size data were not available for an estimated 920 holders. These have been excluded from the table. (d) Figures included with Trashigang

Source: Agronomic Survey(1988,1989), CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

Percentage of land holders by size of land holding, 1988/89

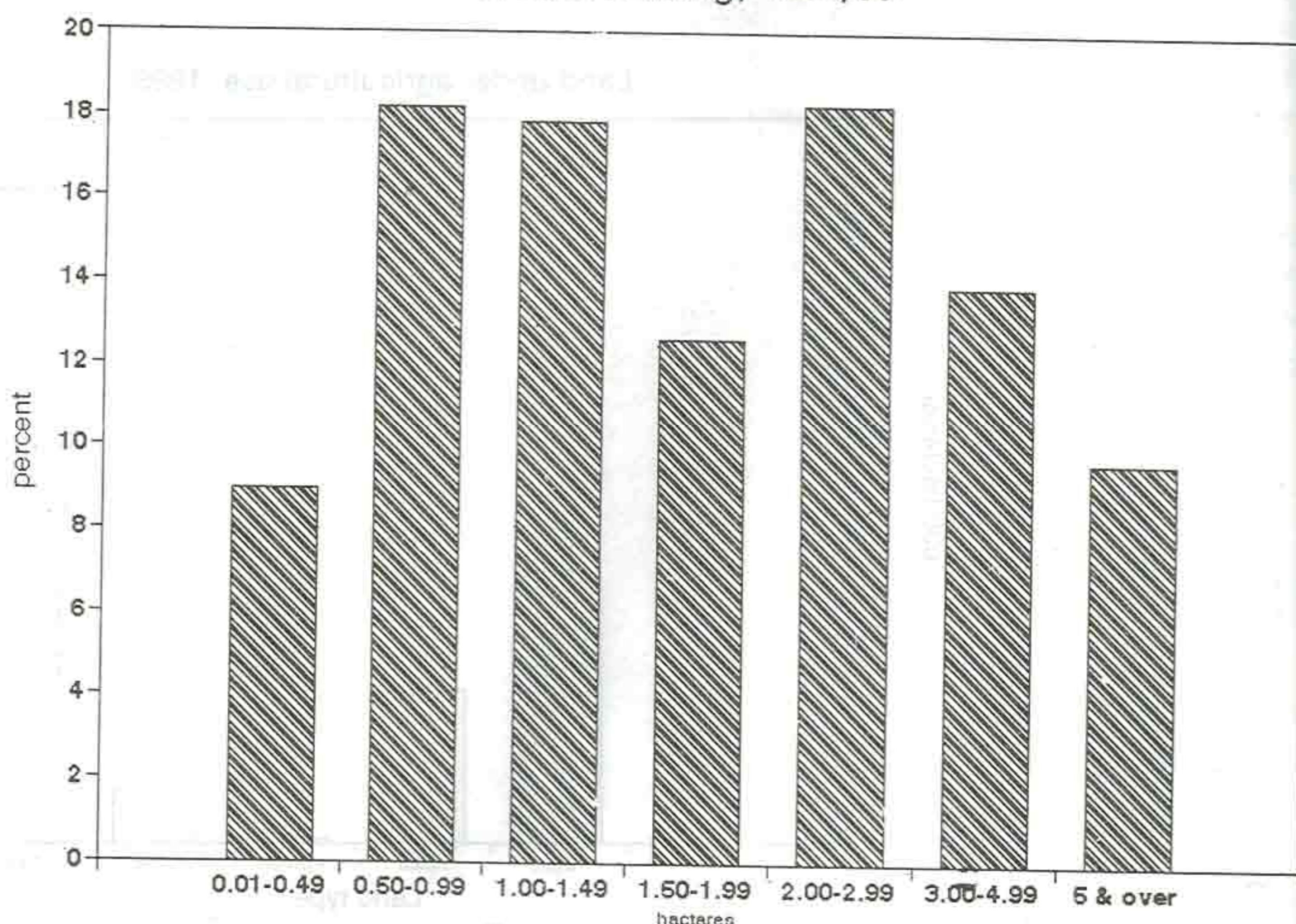


TABLE 5.9: HOLDERS, AREA, PRODUCTION AND YIELD OF MAJOR CROPS BY DZONGKHAG, 1988/89

TABLE 5.9: HOLDERS, AREA, PRODUCTION AND YIELD OF MAJOR CROPS BY DZONGKHAG, 1988/89(a)

Dzongkhag	Paddy				Wheat				Maize				Mustard			
	Holders	Area (ha.)	Production (tonnes)	Yield/ha. (Kg.)	Holders	Area (ha.)	Production (tonnes)	Yield/ha. (Kg.)	Holders	Area (ha.)	Production (tonnes)	Yield/ha. (Kg.)	Holders	Area (ha.)	Production (tonnes)	Yield/ha. (Kg.)
Bjakar	*	*	*	*	760	260	150	570	130	10	20	1,160	*	*	*	*
Chhukha	1,820	920	950	1,030	1,100	310	220	700	2,570	1,830	680	370	1,650	300	80	270
Dagana	1,280	790	1,070	1,360	200	80	40	500	1,500	2,360	890	380	1,180	320	100	310
Gasa																
Haa	150	90	80	880	820	460	230	510	140	70	40	540	*	*	*	*
Lhuntse	2,010	800	1,640	2,050	580	150	170	1,090	2,290	1,140	2,480	2,170	380	70	30	440
Mongar	2,200	470	470	980	610	130	60	470	4,260	2,570	4,530	1,760	450	80	30	400
Paro	1,790	1,460	2,400	1,640	2,110	1,250	650	520	*	*	*	*	640	120	50	390
Pemagatshel	870	120	110	960	960	160	100	630	2,390	860	920	1,060	330	30	20	600
Punakha	1,680	1,600	4,290	2,670	1,540	420	230	560	340	80	60	770	1,050	160	50	310
Samdrupjongkhar	2,660	2,030	2,910	1,430	460	60	30	490	4,900	4,700	2,650	560	2,190	690	180	260
Samtse	5,850	4,400	5,740	1,310	1,290	250	130	500	7,320	7,540	2,490	330	1,670	230	80	340
Sarpang	4,520	4,690	7,120	1,520	1,010	390	400	1,030	5,150	6,990	2,650	380	1,630	560	160	280
Thimphu	1,240	760	1,850	2,420	1,220	400	260	660	240	30	10	500	530	70	20	330
Trashigang	8,420	2,210	4,930	2,230	2,890	490	460	940	11,460	5,810	9,230	1,590	3,780	500	280	550
Trashiyangtse																
Trongsa	1,160	600	820	1,370	850	270	180	640	970	380	270	720	290	40	10	390
Tsirang	4,110	3,050	4,510	1,480	1,880	340	170	490	5,550	6,380	2,910	460	3,380	610	170	270
Wangduephodrang	1,740	1,250	na	na	1,980	790	na	na	380	60	na	na	1,030	110	na	na
Zhemgang	1,540	770	900	1,170	590	200	150	780	1,800	1,060	1,250	1,180	430	170	50	290
Bhutan	39,760	23,990	38,890	1,458	18,280	5,420	3,480	606	49,210	40,750	29,830	797	19,150	3,780	1,260	343

(a) See footnote (a) on Table 5.7

Source: Agronomic Survey(1988,1989), CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

Yield of 4 major crops, 1989

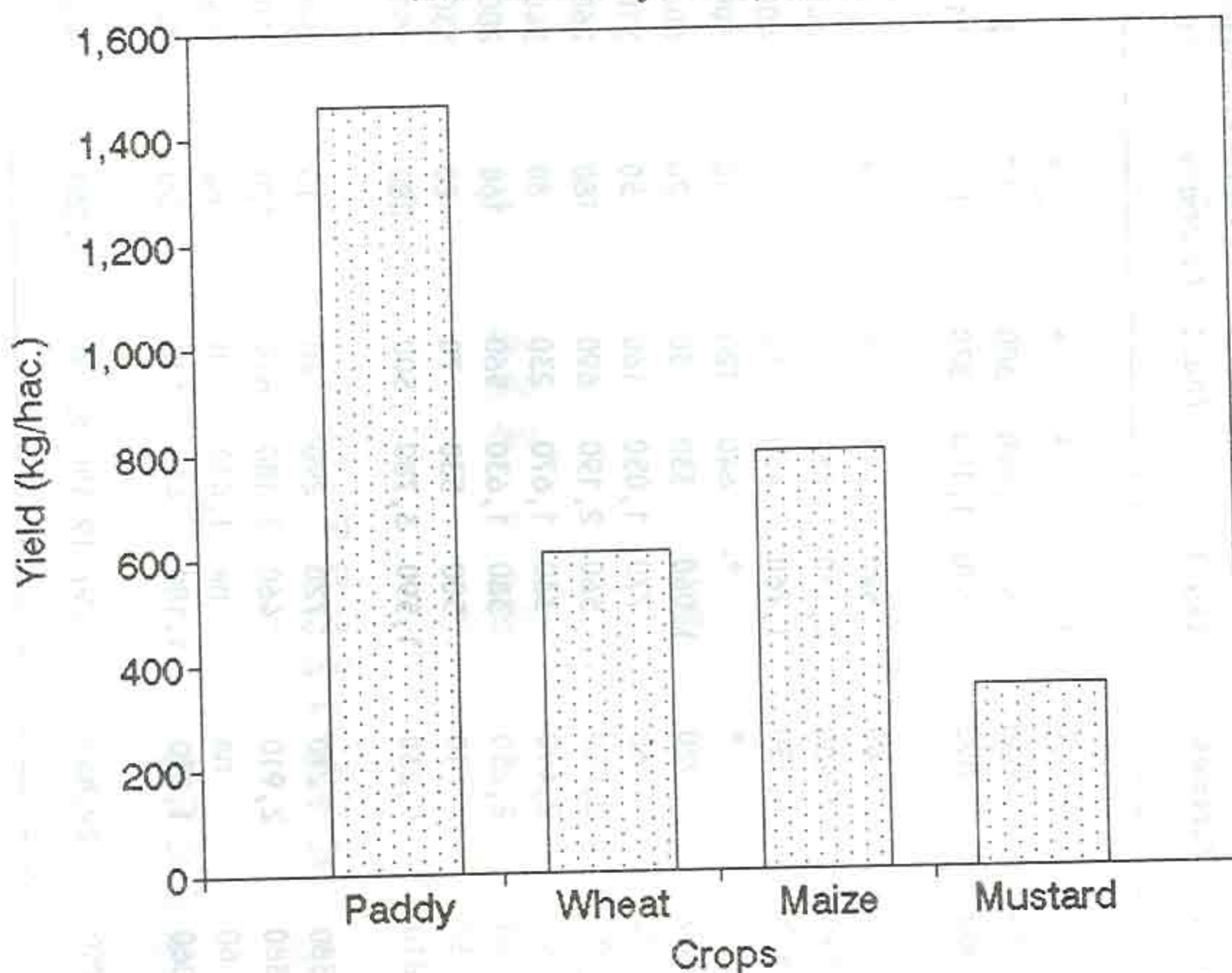


Table 5.10: ANNUAL CROPS, NUMBER OF HOLDERS HARVESTING EACH CROP AND AREA HARVESTED, BHUTAN, 1988/89

Crop	Number of holders	Percent holders	Crop area (hectares)
Cereals	62,490	96.5	93,060
Rice	43,070	66.5	26,030
Maize	51,470	79.5	41,890
Wheat	20,860	32.2	6,420
Buckwheat	27,170	41.9	7,190
Barley	12,150	18.8	2,580
Millet	27,210	42.0	7,570
Other Cereals	6,620	10.2	1,370
Legumes	17,810	27.5	3,870
Soya beans	11,060	17.1	1,960
Other bean	6,690	10.3	690
Pulses	6,200	9.6	1,220
Oil seeds	21,110	32.6	4,120
Roots and tubers	22,070	34.1	3,720
Potatoes	16,310	25.2	2,460
Ginger	3,550	5.5	360
Radishes	4,700	7.3	240
Turnips	1,950	3.0	150
Tapioca	2,980	4.6	390
Vegetables	8,610	13.3	630
Other crops	1,730	2.7	130
All annual crops	..	..	105,540
Holders with annual crops	62,920	97.1	..
All holders	64,770	100.0	..

Source: Agronomic Survey, CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

TABLE 5.11: PERENIAL CROPS BY ZONE, 1988/89

('000 trees)

Crop	Thimphu	Zone I	Zone II	Zone III	Zone IV	Total
Temperate fruits	55.3	109.2	65.2	59.9	104.0	393.6
Apples	49.7	93.6	13.4	47.0	31.8	235.5
Apricots	0.8	1.5	4.9	0.7	3.2	11.1
Peaches	2.0	7.6	29.3	5.9	32.4	77.2
Pears	1.1	2.8	13.0	3.5	7.8	28.2
Plums	0.5	0.8	3.4	0.8	5.6	11.1
Walnut	-	-	-	1.9	17.4	19.3
Mangosteen	-	-	-	-	2.4	2.4
Sub-tropical fruits	6.9	1,328.5	729.2	1,112.9	466.8	3,644.3
Oranges	4.6	1,148.3	504.8	762.1	175.4	2,595.2
Lemons	0.3	74.5	9.1	23.5	3.1	110.5
Bananas	1.1	86.7	182.8	286.6	258.2	815.4
Guavas	0.7	9.3	25.2	10.4	15.6	61.2
Mangoes	-	3.3	2.3	9.9	3.2	18.7
Jackfruit	-	3.1	3.0	4.0	2.2	12.3
Litchi	-	-	-	3.8	0.7	4.5
Papaya	-	-	-	3.1	2.1	5.2
Persimmons	-	-	-	-	1.9	1.9
Other tree crops	-	5,883.7	5,400.7	4,407.1	60.1	15,751.6
Cardamom(b)	-	5,610.4	5,318.3	4,054.5	20.5	15,003.7
Areconut	-	262.9	-	347.3	34.6	644.8
Tea	-	8.0	2.8	5.3	0.5	16.6

Source: Agronomic Survey, CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

TABLE 5.12: HOLDERS BY SIZE OF LIVESTOCK HOLDING, 1988/89

Number of livestock	Cattle	Yak	Buffalo	Pig	Goat	Sheep	Horse	Donkey/ mule	Chicken
('000 holders)									
Zero	9.2	62.5	62.7	29.6	47.7	57.7	46.9	60.7	12.7
1 - 2	8.2	*	0.6	24.9	7.5	2.4	14.3	3.0	14.6
3 - 4	10.9	0.2	0.3	7.0	5.7	1.2	2.0	0.1	13.2
5 - 9	23.1	0.1	0.3	2.2	2.6	1.3	0.6	*	13.7
10 - 14	8.1	*	*	0.2	0.2	0.4	*	*	5.1
15 - 19	2.4	0.2	*	*	*	*	*	*	2.1
20 - 29	1.5	0.1	*	*	*	0.2	*	*	1.6
30 & Over	0.5	0.5	*	*	*	0.1	*	*	0.8
Total	63.9	63.6	63.9	63.9	63.7	63.3	63.8	63.8	63.8
(percentage of all holders)									
Zero	14.4	97.8	98.1	46.3	74.6	90.3	73.4	95.0	19.9
1 - 2	12.8	*	0.9	39.0	11.7	3.8	22.4	4.7	22.8
3 - 4	17.1	0.3	0.5	11.0	8.9	1.9	3.1	0.2	20.7
5 - 9	36.2	0.2	0.5	3.4	4.1	2.0	0.9	*	21.4
10 - 14	12.7	*	*	0.3	0.3	0.6	*	*	8.0
15 - 19	3.8	0.3	*	*	*	*	*	*	3.3
20 - 29	2.3	0.2	*	*	*	0.3	*	*	2.5
30 & Over	0.8	0.8	*	*	*	0.2	*	*	1.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Agronomic Survey, CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu



TABLE 5.13 NUMBER OF LIVESTOCK BY TYPE AND DZONGKHAG, 1992

Dzongkhag	Cattle	Yak	Mithun	Buffalo	Sheep	Goat	Pig	Horse	Poultry	Dog	Cat
	(a)										
Bjakar	9.3	3.3	1.9	0.0	6.2	0.0	0.0	1.5	2.5	0.4	0.0
Chhukha	25.1	0.0	1.8	0.0	1.1	2.3	3.6	0.6	11.8	0.0	0.0
Dagana	9.8	0.0	0.8	0.1	0.6	1.5	2.0	0.4	9.8	0.8	0.0
Gasa	0.8	2.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.0
Haa	7.4	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.6	1.1	2.9	0.5	0.1
Lhuntse	10.3	0.3	5.7	0.0	0.4	0.0	2.0	1.3	8.1	0.2	0.4
Mongar	16.9	0.0	11.9	0.0	0.1	0.1	4.9	2.1	15.7	0.9	0.0
Paro	11.0	3.0	0.8	0.0	0.1	0.1	3.3	1.2	3.9	1.7	0.8
Pemagatshel	5.6	0.0	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.9	1.1	4.9	0.6	0.3
Punakha	8.5	0.0	1.9	0.0	0.1	0.0	2.8	0.9	5.3	1.0	0.0
Samdrupjongkhar	15.5	0.1	17.0	0.1	0.2	0.9	3.1	1.9	11.7	1.9	0.0
Samtse	16.1	0.0	0.0	0.4	2.2	5.4	0.7	0.2	6.3	1.8	0.0
Sarpang	9.2	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.5	1.3	0.8	0.3	6.5	1.4	0.0
Thimphu	11.5	10.1	0.6	0.0	1.2	0.0	2.1	1.1	3.0	1.4	0.0
Trashigang	26.6	3.2	9.2	0.0	4.9	0.0	6.3	5.2	15.9	2.3	0.4
Trashiyangtse	10.4	0.4	3.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	2.8	1.4	6.4	0.7	0.0
Trongsa	10.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	4.3	0.0	0.4	0.7	2.7	0.6	0.0
Tsirang	7.3	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.5	2.5	0.8	0.2	7.8	1.4	0.0
Wangdiphodrang	17.9	3.1	4.0	0.0	8.2	0.1	5.8	2.7	7.1	1.2	0.0
Zhemgang	11.3	0.0	5.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1	1.1	8.3	0.3	0.0
Bhutan	240.5	30.2	69.5	0.9	31.0	14.5	47.3	25.3	141.1	19.1	2.0

(a) Includes mules and donkeys.

Source: Animal Husbandry Division

TABLE 5.14: NUMBER OF LIVESTOCK BY TYPE, 1984 TO 1992

(thousand)

Livestock	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Cattle(a)	327.7	347.4	340.3	357.0	357.4	303.5	307.7	275.0	240.5
Yak	30.7	31.3	35.7	30.1	35.6	37.1	33.0	31.5	30.2
Mithun cross	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	46.4	51.6	60.5	69.5
Buffalo	n.a	n.a	n.a	5.2	4.3	4.7	4.3	2.6	0.9
Sheep(b)	44.3	52.3	43.8	36.4	46.6	47.8	45.2	36.0	31.0
Goat	n.a	n.a	n.a	40.9	36.7	32.5	36.6	25.1	14.5
Pig	58.9	60.1	88.6	70.3	65.7	63.2	60.1	54.0	47.3
Horse	n.a	n.a	23.6	26.0	25.7	26.1	25.1	25.2	25.3
Poultry	172.3	179.5	211.3	218.0	237.2	210.7	214.8	170.8	141.1

Note: 1991 figures are estimated by CSO, Ministry of Planning

(a) Upto 1988, mithun species was included in cattle

(b) For 1984 to 1986 figure includes both sheep and goat

Source: Animal Husbandry Division, Thimphu

Count of cattle and poultry and pigs,  
1984 to 1992

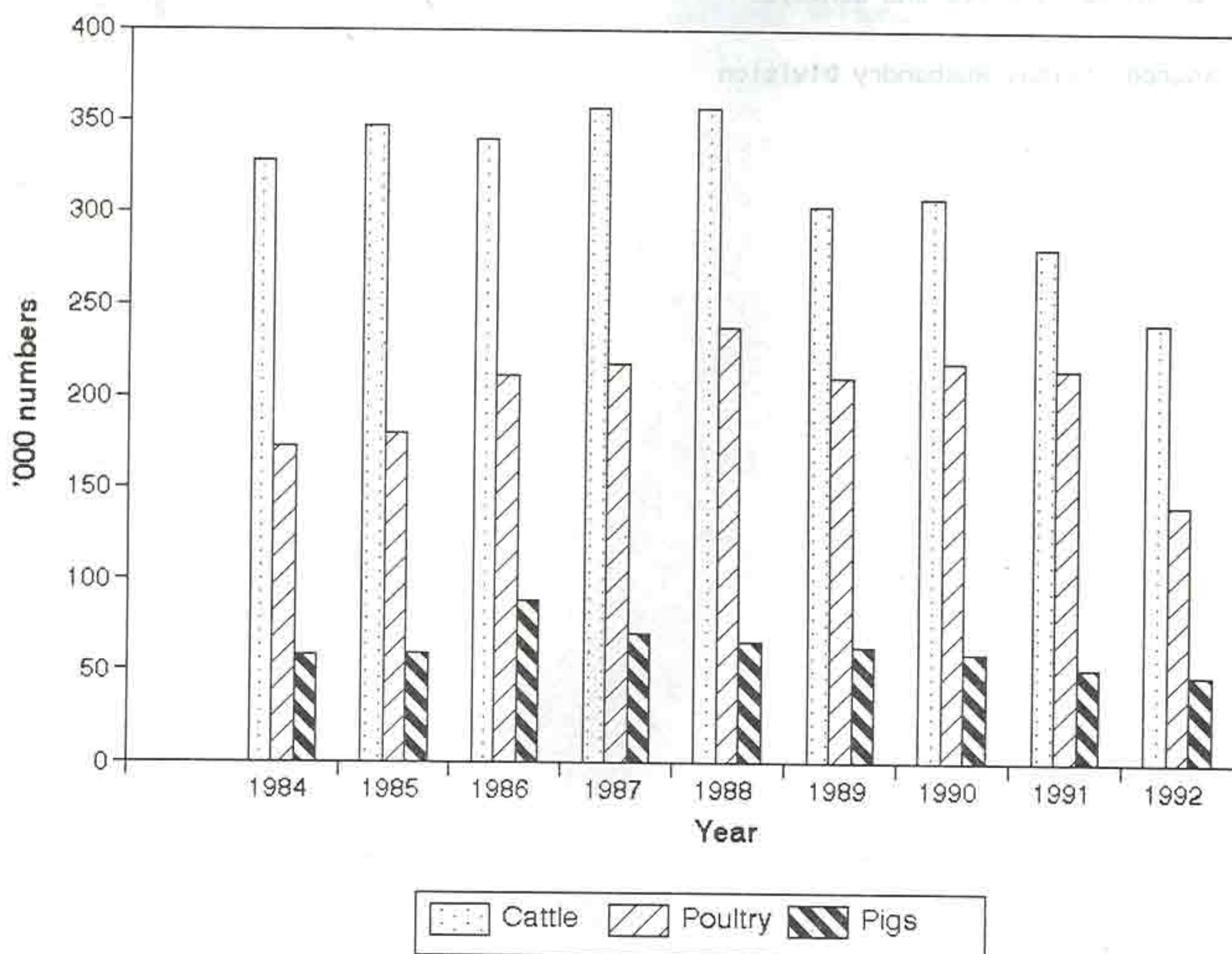


TABLE 5.15: IMPORTS AND DISTRIBUTION OF FOOD ITEMS BY FOOD CORPORATION  
OF BHUTAN, 1983/84 TO 1991/92

(tonnes)

Commodity	1983/84	1984/85	1985/86	1986/87	1987/88	1988/89	1989/90	1990/91	1991/92
<b>Imports</b>									
Rice	6,033.0	5,388.0	7,211.0	11,282.0	16,750.0	11,600.0	9,900.0	8,776.0	10,301.3
Wheat	2,123.0	2,599.0	2,450.0	3,350.0	5,767.0	4,990.0	2,834.0	1,450.0	1,469.9
Sugar	1,800.0	1,824.0	2,749.0	3,574.0	4,039.0	3,616.0	3,040.0	3,447.0	2,539.5
Salt	2,326.0	3,598.0	5,689.0	3,516.0	5,035.0	6,495.0	4,619.0	4,318.0	3,520.9
Oil	240.0	306.0	557.0	874.0	1,280.0	400.0	340.0	270.0	559.9
<b>Sales</b>									
Rice	4,537.0	4,863.0	6,956.0	11,761.0	16,700.0	11,197.0	8,895.0	8,203.0	10,504.5
Wheat	2,230.0	2,280.0	2,534.0	3,346.0	5,595.0	4,544.0	2,964.0	1,327.0	1,363.5
Sugar	1,575.0	1,996.0	2,579.0	3,731.0	4,078.0	3,490.0	3,039.0	3,001.0	3,143.3
Salt	179.0	617.0	3,603.0	3,513.0	5,050.0	4,050.0	4,887.0	4,497.0	4,301.0
Oil	214.0	213.0	472.0	516.0	1,082.0	435.0	416.0	237.0	301.8

Source: Food Corporation of Bhutan, Thimphu

TABLE 5.16: AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE HANDLED BY FOOD CORPORATION OF BHUTAN, 1982/83 TO 1991/92

Commodity	1982/83	1983/84	1984/85	1985/86	1986/87	1987/88	1988/89	1989/90	1990/91	1991/92
Quantity (tonnes)										
Potatoes	3,795.8	6,178.9	7,571.9	8,987.8	8,021.0	10,060.3	14,275.7	13,881.0	9,886.0	13,196.3
Apples	452.5	671.9	889.6	648.0	1,295.0	965.6	431.8	325.3	94.0	688.0
Oranges	549.4	588.6	690.0	769.5	946.3	2,455.6	2,373.8	2,138.2	3,275.0	14,180.7
Value (millions Nu.)										
Potatoes	5.2	10.5	11.5	15.0	19.2	21.2	31.2	29.5	24.7	42.1
Apples	1.4	2.4	3.5	2.8	4.4	4.8	2.0	1.8	0.5	3.0
Oranges	1.6	1.3	1.8	2.2	2.9	7.1	7.6	6.1	9.0	64.2

(a) 1987/88 refers to the 15 month period (April to June) while 1991/92 refer to the thirteen month period (June to June). The remaining years refer to the twelve month period (April to March).

Source: Food Corporation of Bhutan, Thimphu

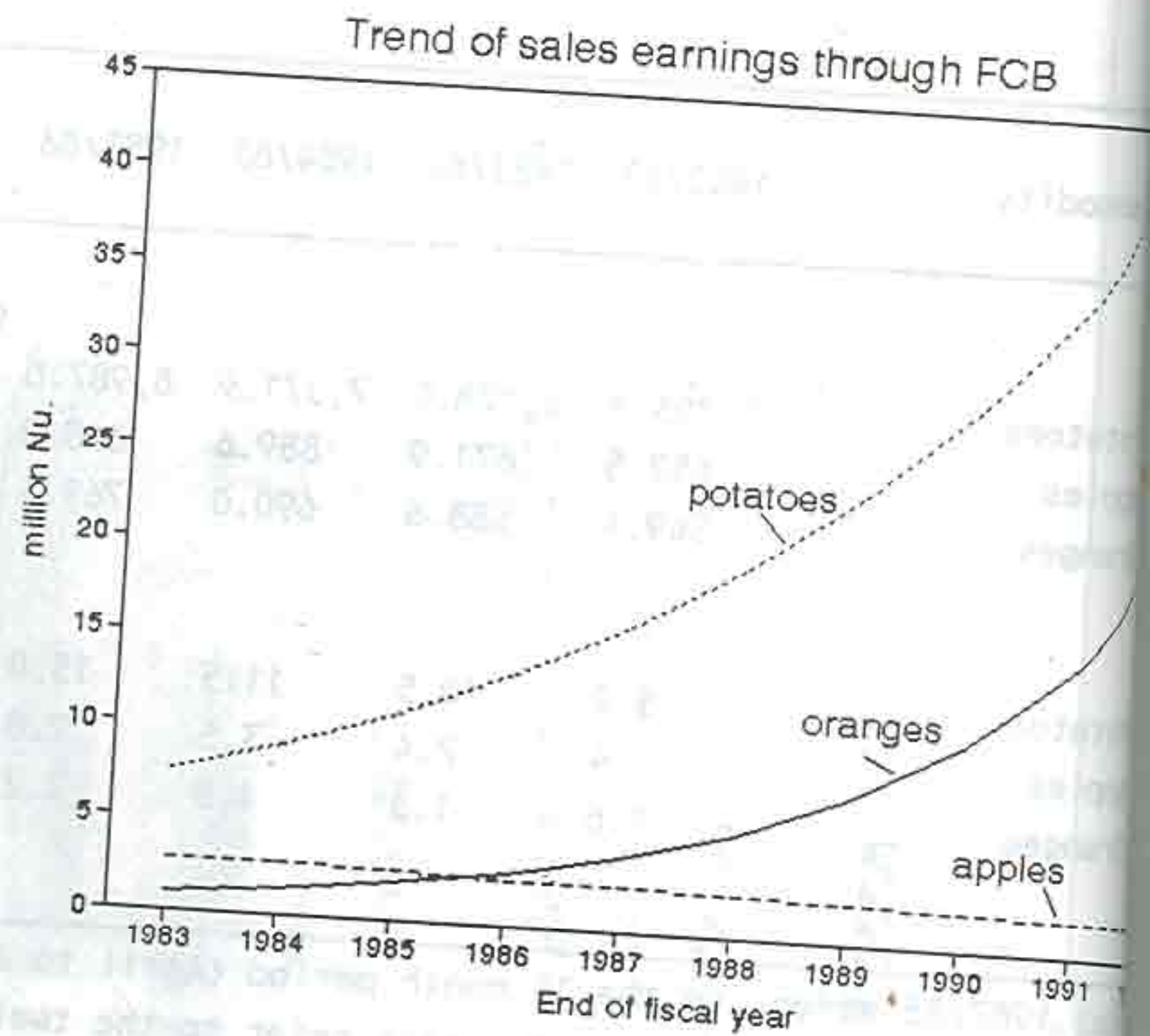
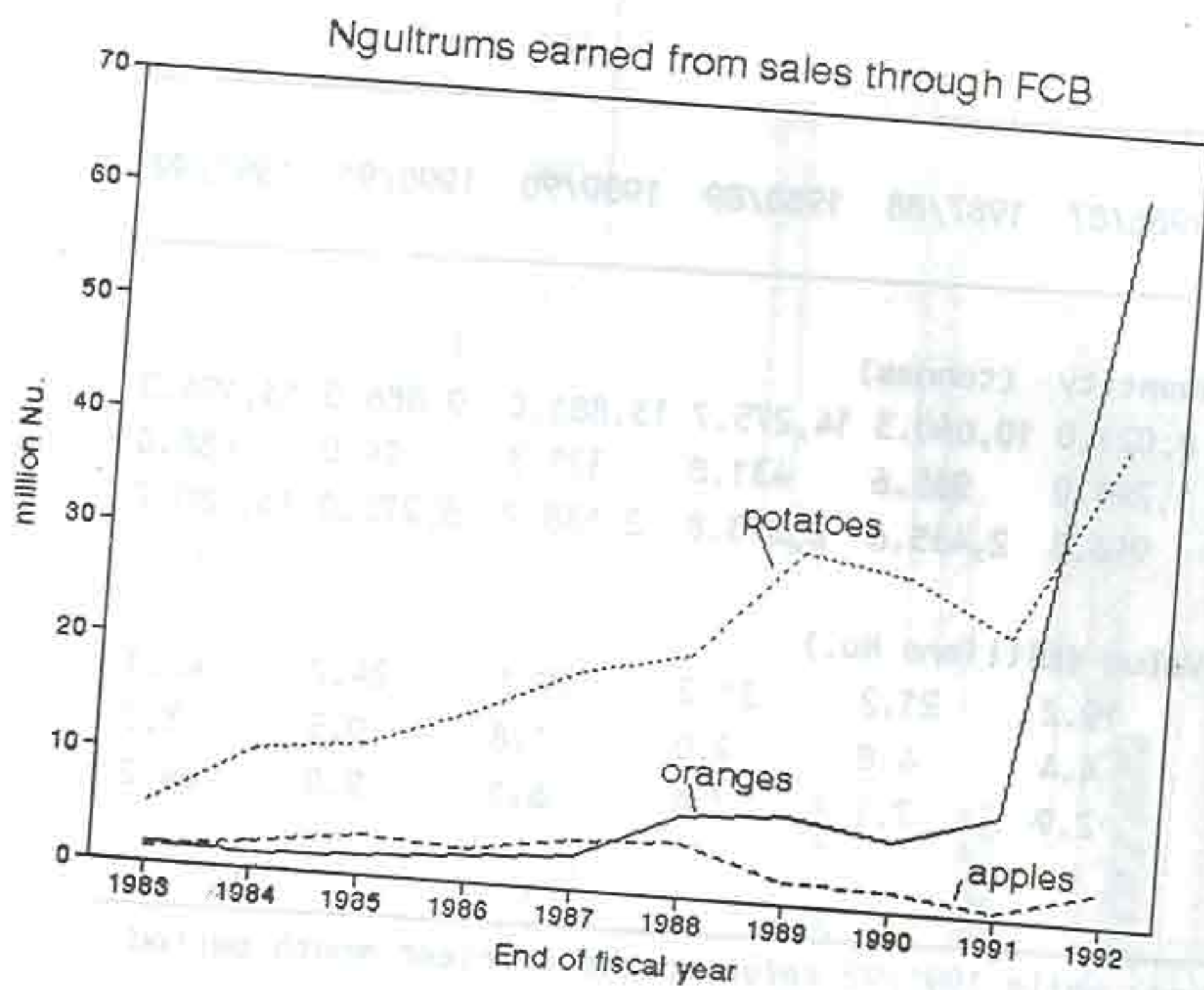
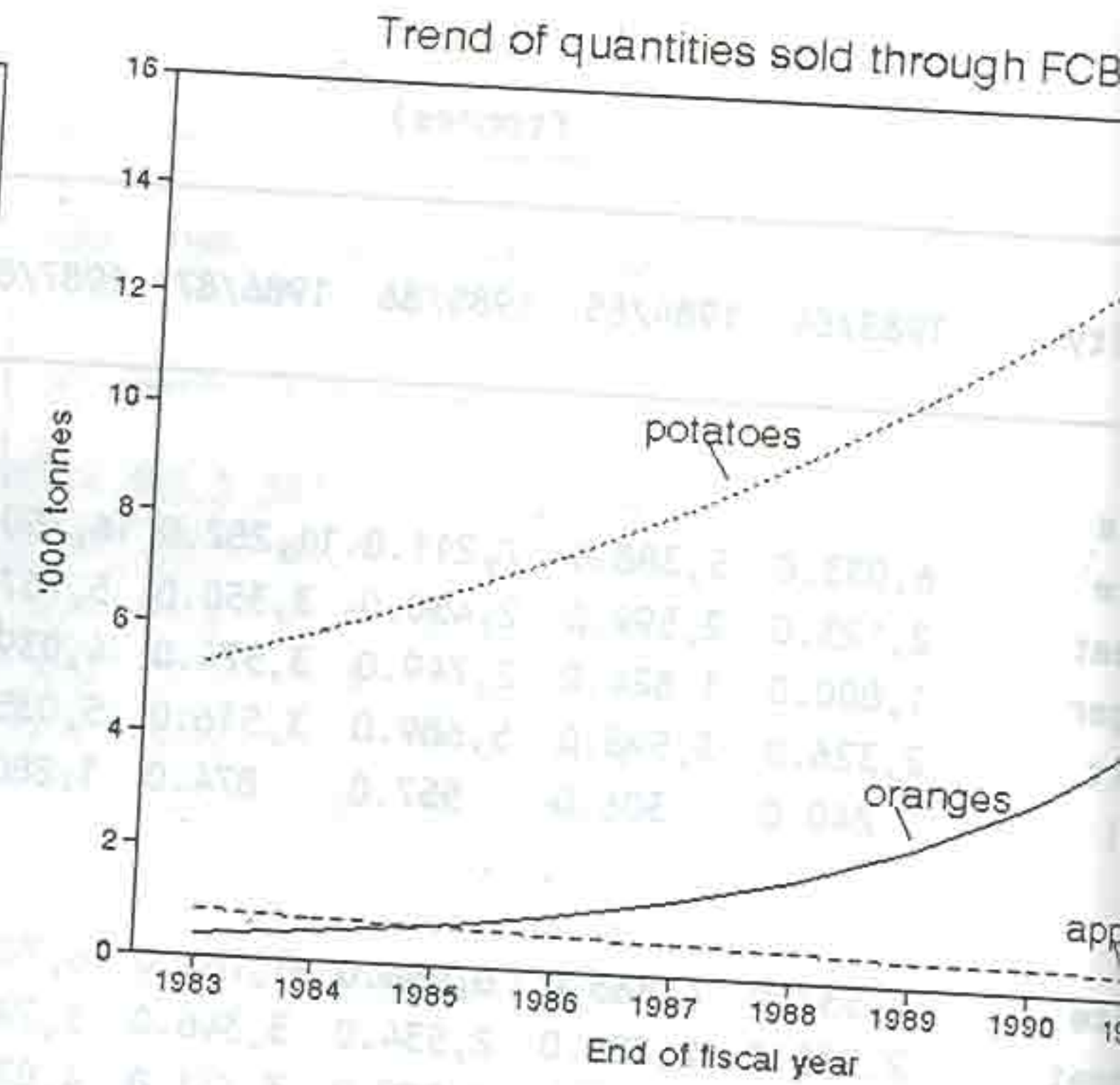
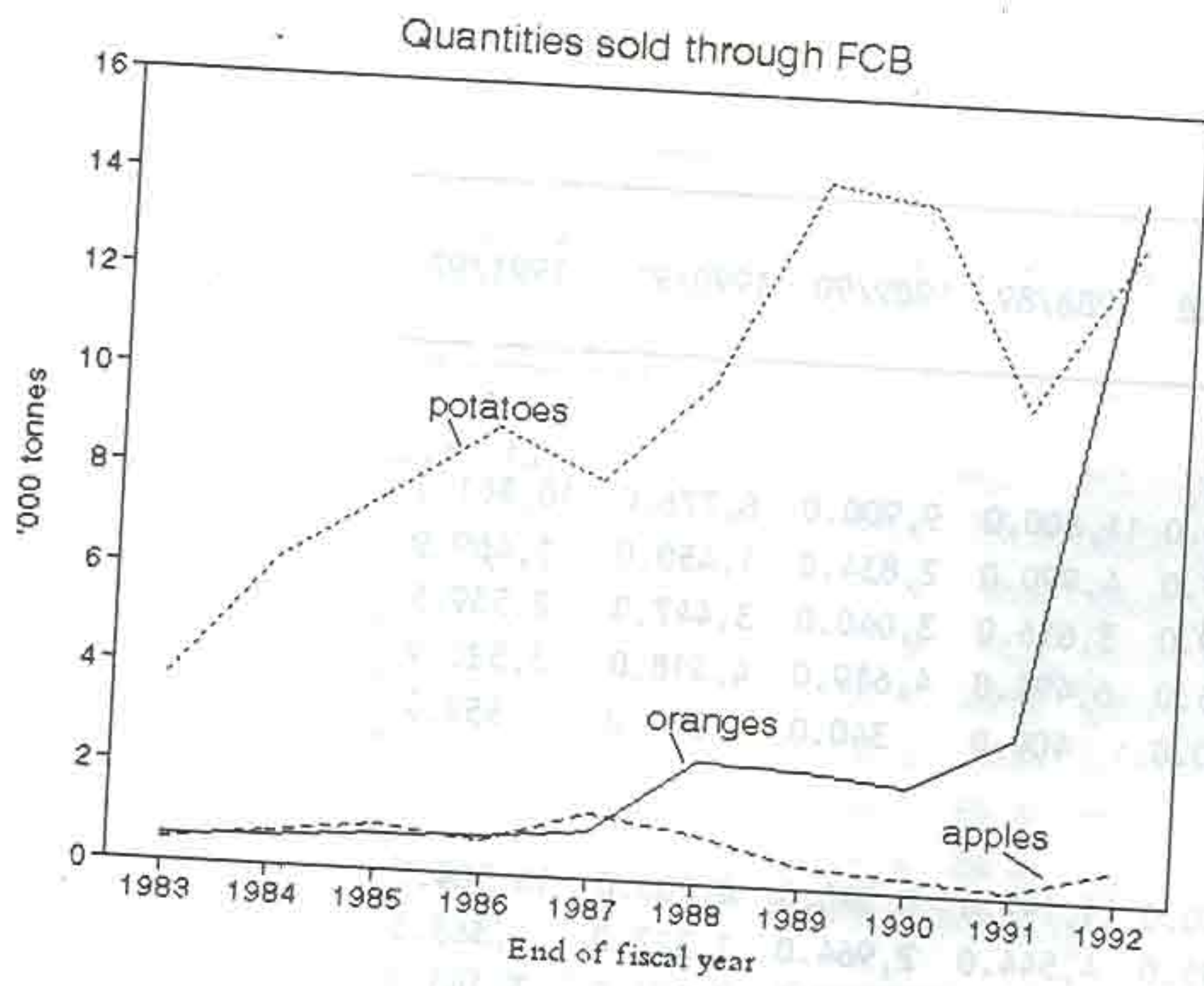


TABLE 5.17: PRODUCTION OF LOGWOOD, 1984/85 TO 1992(a)

('000 cubic metres)

Item	1984/85	1985/86	1986/87	1987/88	1988/89	1989	1990	1991	1992
	(b)								
Logwood	155.1	136.8	149.1	83.7	89.4	434.1	202.7	350.1	61.5
Commercial logwood	100.8	59.1	118.1	76.9	83.4	54.3	48.9	40.1	49.2
Construction and other uses	54.3	77.7	31.0	6.8	6.0	379.8	153.8	310.0	12.2
Firewood	3.3	3.4	3.5	10.5	1.6	2.2	3.0	4.2	5.3
Total	158.4	140.2	152.6	94.2	91.0	436.3	205.7	354.3	66.8

(a) Years refer to 1 April to 31 March while 1987/88 refer to fifteen months period April to June For 1988/89 is twelve month period July to June. Figures exclude collection of firewood by individuals

(b) Production declined mainly because of road blokage during monsoon and shortage of labourers

Source: Forestry Division, Thimphu

## CHAPTER 6: INDUSTRIES

### INTRODUCTION

The subject 'Industries' covers the whole range of industrial activities carried out by businesses in all fields including mining, manufacturing, wholesale and retail trade, and service industries.

The manufacturing industry is dominated by major operators such as the Penden Cement Plant and the Gedu Wood Manufacturing Corporation, Bhutan Chemicals and Carbide Ltd. etc. There are numerous small manufacturing plants concentrated in the food processing and wood products sectors. Cottage industries also play a prominent role with its good timber resources and favourable agricultural conditions, there is ample scope for expansion of the manufacturing sector specially in these areas.

The kingdom has significant deposits of a number of mineral resources, including limestone, coal, graphite, gypsum, slate and dolomite. Most mining activities are carried out in operations involving the mining of limestone, coal, slate and dolomite.

As the industrial sector grows in Bhutan, statistics on industries will become increasingly important. The CSO will be giving special attention to the development of statistical systems to meet the important needs for industrial statistics in the future.

TABLE 6.1: NUMBER OF LICENSED FIRMS IN MANUFACTURING AND MINING INDUSTRIES  
BY SECTOR, 1986 AND 1989

Industry	1986				1989			
	Public	Joint	Private	Total	Public	Joint	Private	Total
Mining	4	n.a	5	9	2	1	8	11
Manufacturing	10	n.a	330	340	16	5	136	157
Food processing/milling	4	n.a	245	249	7	1	30	38
Textiles and Clothing	-	n.a	5	5	1	0	6	7
Wood and Paper Products	2	n.a	53	55	5	2	75	82
Chemical Products	1	n.a	11	12	1	2	17	20
Mineral Products	2	n.a	4	6	1	0	6	7
Other	1	n.a	12	13	1	0	2	3
Total mining and manufacturing	14	n.a	335	349	18	6	144	168

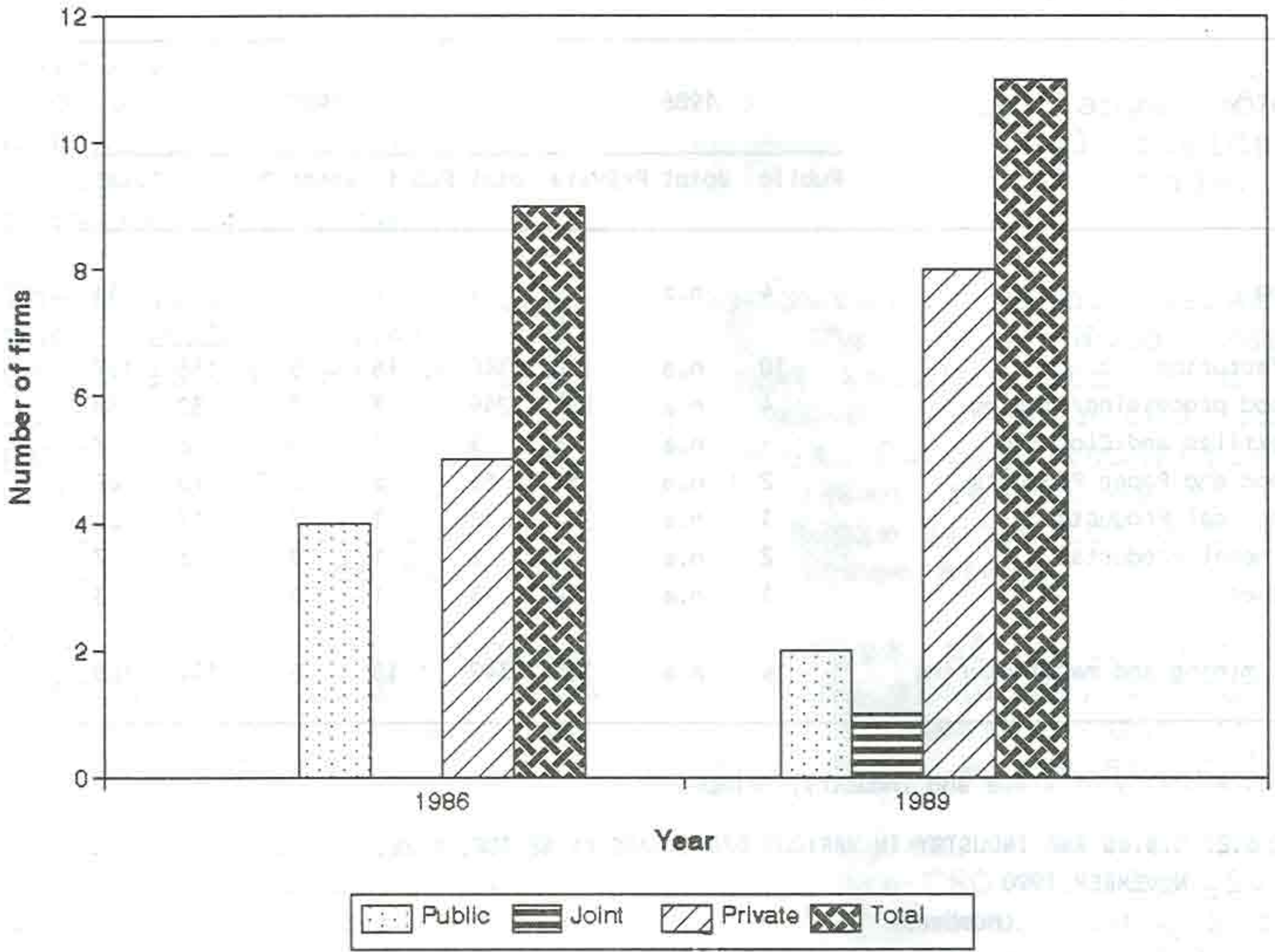
Source: Ministry of Trade and Industry, Thimphu

TABLE 6.2: MINING AND INDUSTRY IN VARIOUS DZONGKHAGS BY SECTOR, SIZE,  
NOVEMBER 1990  
(numbers)

Dzongkhag	Sector				Size				
	Private	Public	Joint	Total	Small	Medium	Large	Cottage	Total
Bjakar	17	2	0	19	18	0	0	1	19
Chhukha	97	2	3	102	62	11	7	22	102
Dagana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gasa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haa	21	0	0	21	15	0	0	6	21
Lhuntse	7	0	0	7	7	0	0	0	7
Mongar	27	0	0	27	25	0	0	2	27
Paro	45	1	0	46	33	1	0	12	46
Pemagatshel	5	0	0	5	3	0	0	2	5
Punakha	11	0	0	11	8	0	0	3	11
Samdrupjongkhar	55	3	1	60	14	1	5	40	60
Samtse	22	2	3	27	15	3	3	6	27
Sarpang	44	3	0	47	22	1	1	23	47
Thimphu	196	6	5	207	140	5	3	59	207
Trashigang	20	1	0	21	10	0	0	11	21
Trashiyangtse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trongsa	5	0	0	5	1	1	0	3	5
Tsirang	12	0	0	12	7	0	0	5	12
Wangduephodrang	10	0	0	10	8	0	0	2	10
Zhemgang	9	0	0	9	5	0	0	4	9
Dzongkhag not identified	106	0	0	106	106	0	0	0	106
Total	710	20	12	742	499	23	19	201	742

Source: Ministry of Trade and Industry, Thimphu

### Number of licensed mining firms



### Number of licensed manufacturing firms

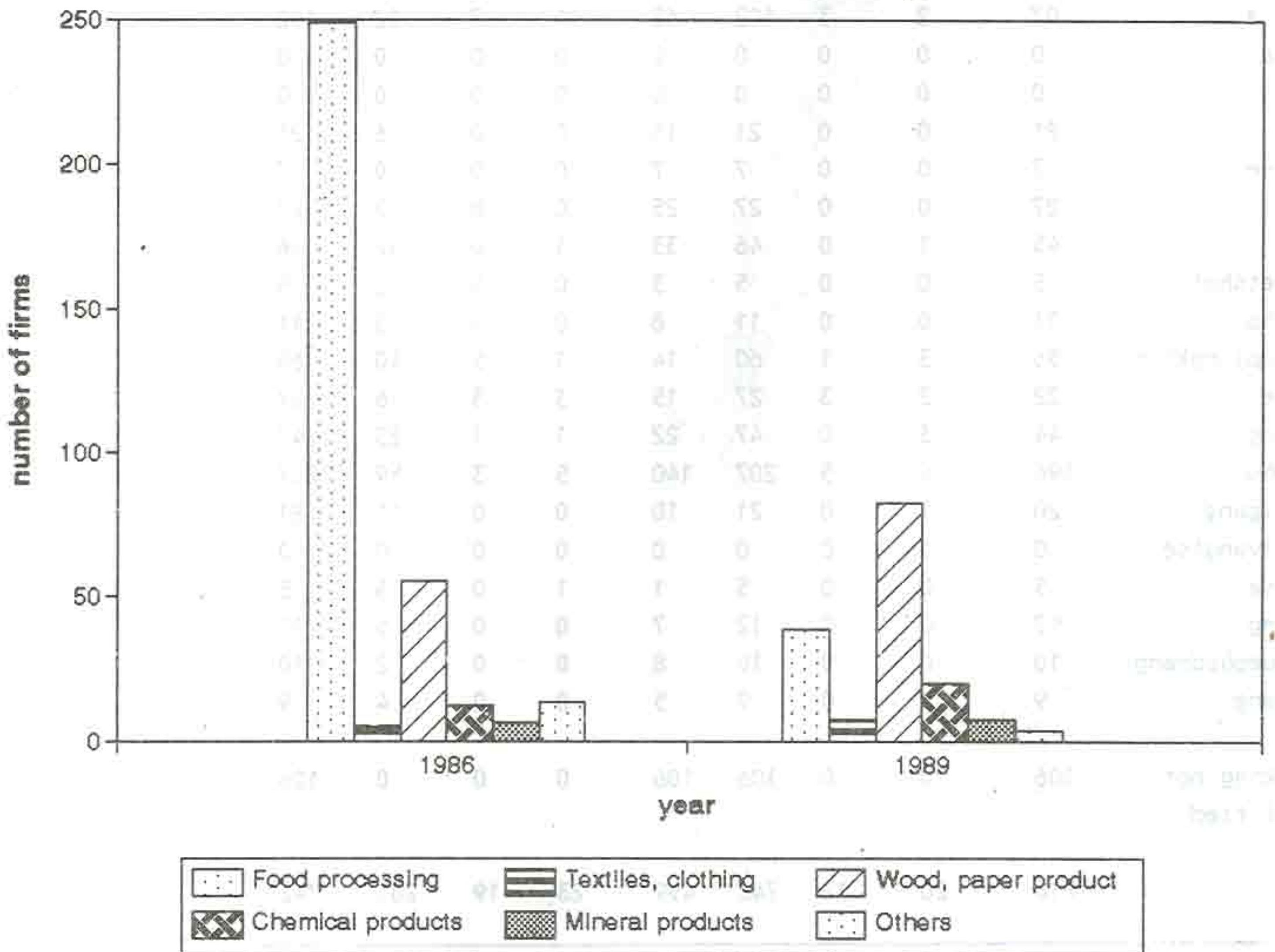




TABLE 6.3: MINING AND MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES BY TYPE, NOVEMBER 1990

(numbers)

Dzongkhag	Transport	Agro based	Forest based	Mineral based	Contract	Service	Others	Total
Bjakar	0	2	9	0	7	1	0	19
Chhukha	5	11	27	5	21	17	16	92
Dagana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gasa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haa	4	0	7	0	10	0	0	21
Lhuntse	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	7
Mongar	0	1	3	0	21	1	1	27
Paro	1	4	13	1	23	3	1	46
Pemagatshel	0	0	1	0	3	1	0	5
Punakha	0	2	1	0	8	0	0	11
Samdrupjongkhar	2	11	13	7	18	8	1	60
Samtse	0	6	2	11	5	1	2	27
Sarpang	0	13	9	4	8	8	5	47
Thimphu	3	6	29	5	135	20	9	207
Trashigang	0	2	8	0	8	2	1	21
Trashiyangtse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trongsa	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	5
Tsirang	0	2	2	0	6	2	0	12
Wangduephodrang	0	0	1	0	5	2	2	10
Zhemgang	0	2	3	0	4	0	0	9
Dzongkhag not identified	0	0	0	0	106	0	0	106
Total	15	64	131	33	395	66	38	742

Source: Ministry of Trade and Industry, Thimphu

TABLE 6.4: NUMBER OF MINING AND MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES BY EMPLOYMENT SIZE, 1989

(numbers)

Industry	Employment size(persons)						Total
	1-5	6-9	10-19	20-49	50-59	100+	
Mining and quarrying	2	0	0	5	0	4	11
Manufacturing	35	21	62	22	6	11	157
Food, beverage and tobacco	17	5	10	1	1	4	38
Textile, wearing apparel etc.	1	1	2	2	0	1	7
Wood, wood products and furniture	7	5	39	16	1	3	71
Pulp, paper and printing	3	3	3	1	1	0	11
Chemical, rubber and plastics	5	7	4	1	1	2	20
Non-metalic mineral products	2	0	2	0	2	1	7
Metal products and other manufacturing	0	0	2	1	0	0	3
Total mining and manufacturing	37	21	62	27	6	15	168

Source: Ministry of Trade & Industries, Thimphu

Employment size of manufacturing firms

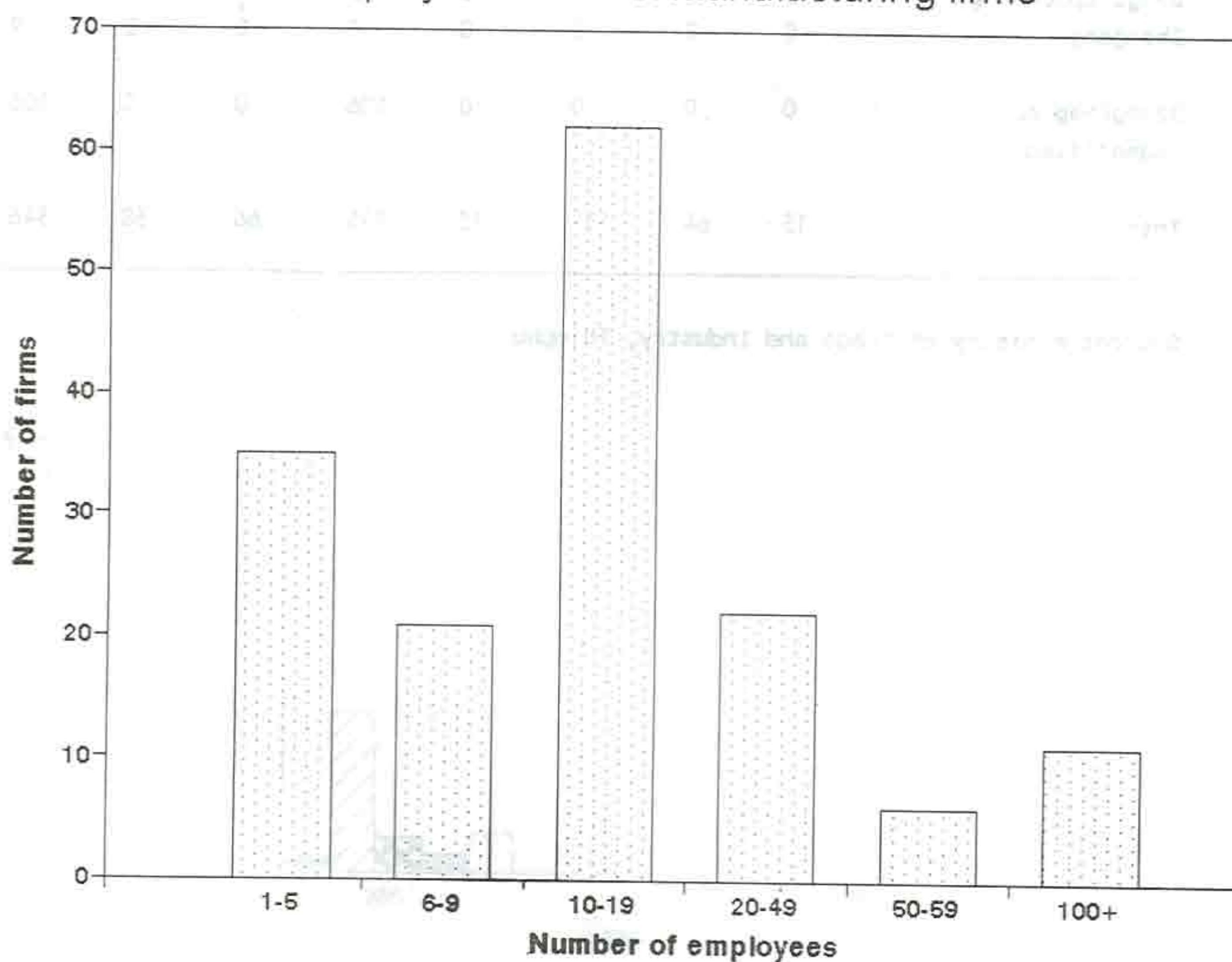


TABLE 6.5: PERCENTAGE OF EMPLOYEES BY NATIONALITY IN MINING AND MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES, 1989

Industry	(percent)		
	National	Non national	Total
Mining and quarrying	30	70	100
Manufacturing	57	43	100
Food, beverage and tobacco	35	65	100
Textile, wearing apparel etc.	81	19	100
Wood, wood products and furniture	59	41	100
Pulp, paper and printing	77	23	100
Chemical, rubber and plastics	50	50	100
Non-metallic mineral products	67	33	100
Metal products and other manufacturing	66	34	100

Source: Ministry of Trade and Industry, Thimphu

TABLE 6.6: PRODUCTION OF MINES AND MINERALS, 1990 TO 1992

Minerals	('000 metric tonnes)		
	1990	1991	1992
Dolomites	190.4	273.4	284.8
Lime stone	138.3	220.0	170.0
Gypsum	40.0	27.0	25.0
Slate mines ('000 sq. ft.)	201.3	164.0	30.4
Coal mines	20.1	44.8	56.2
Marbles			
Chips	n.a	10.2	8.1
Slabs ('000 sq. ft.)	n.a	10.0	34.9

Source: Geology and Mines Division, Thimphu

INTRODUCTION

The importance of road transport has grown with the expansion of the road network, and there are extensive bus services between the most centers in the kingdom. Bus transport combines both public and private enterprise. Civil aviation arrived in Bhutan with the establishment of Druk Air Corporation and its commencement of operations in 1983 on the Paro to Calcutta sector. Services were extended to cover the Paro to Dhaka sector in 1986; Paro to Dehra Dun in 1988; Paro to Bangkok and Paro to Kathmandu in 1989.

The postal services have a large network so that the majority of the population now have reasonable access to mail services. Telephone services have also been considerably expanded and telex exchange and facsimile services installed at main centres. An extensive civil wireless system also exists servicing many remote centres.

TABLE 7.1: ROAD NETWORK IN BHUTAN BY TYPE, 1992

(length km)

Type of road	National highway	District roads	Feeder roads	All roads
Black topped	1,404.42	299.00	193.42	1,896.84
Non-black topped	86.58	144.00	334.16	564.74
Total	1,491.00	443.00	527.58	2,461.58

Source: Public Work Division, Thimphu

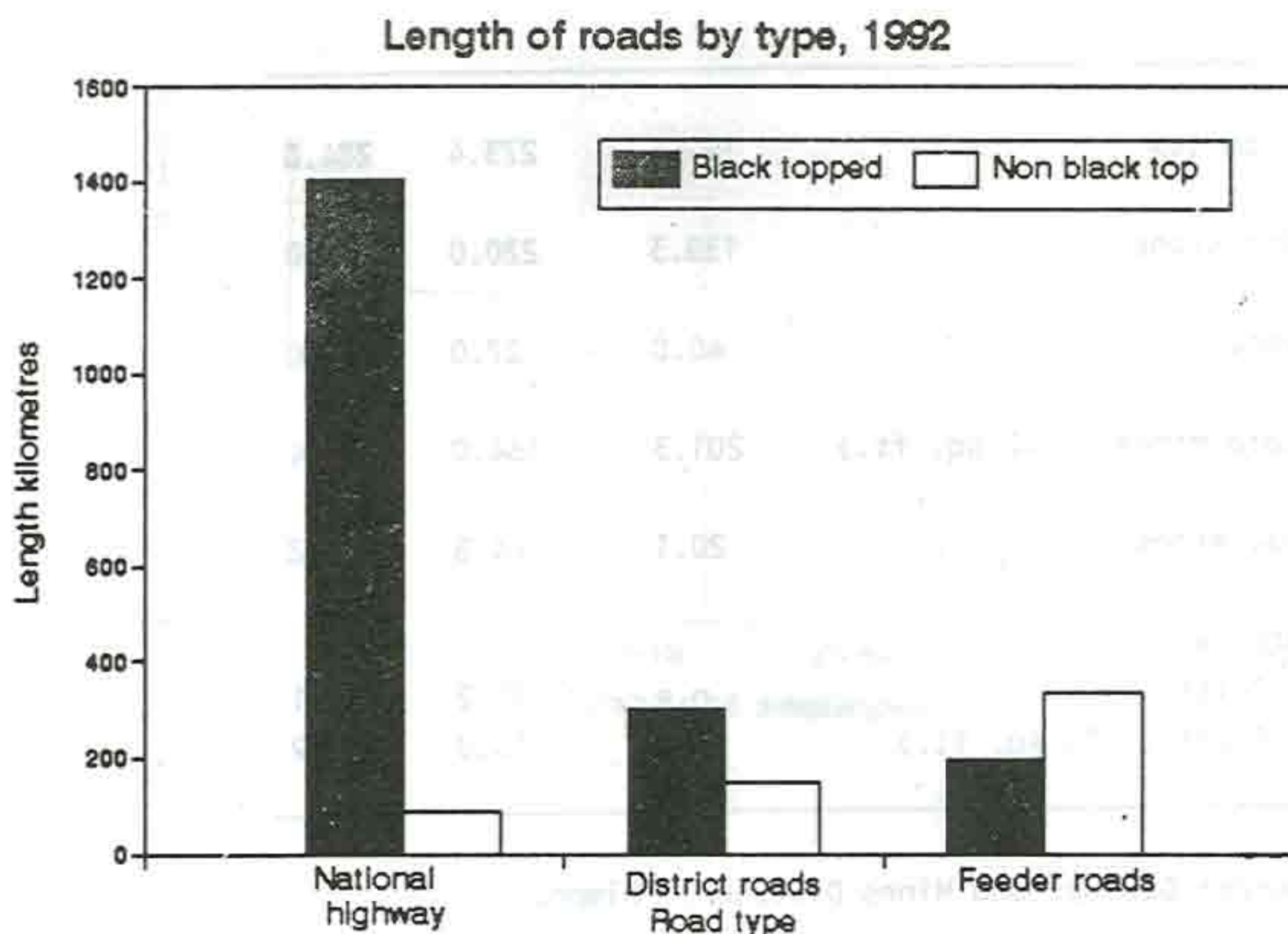
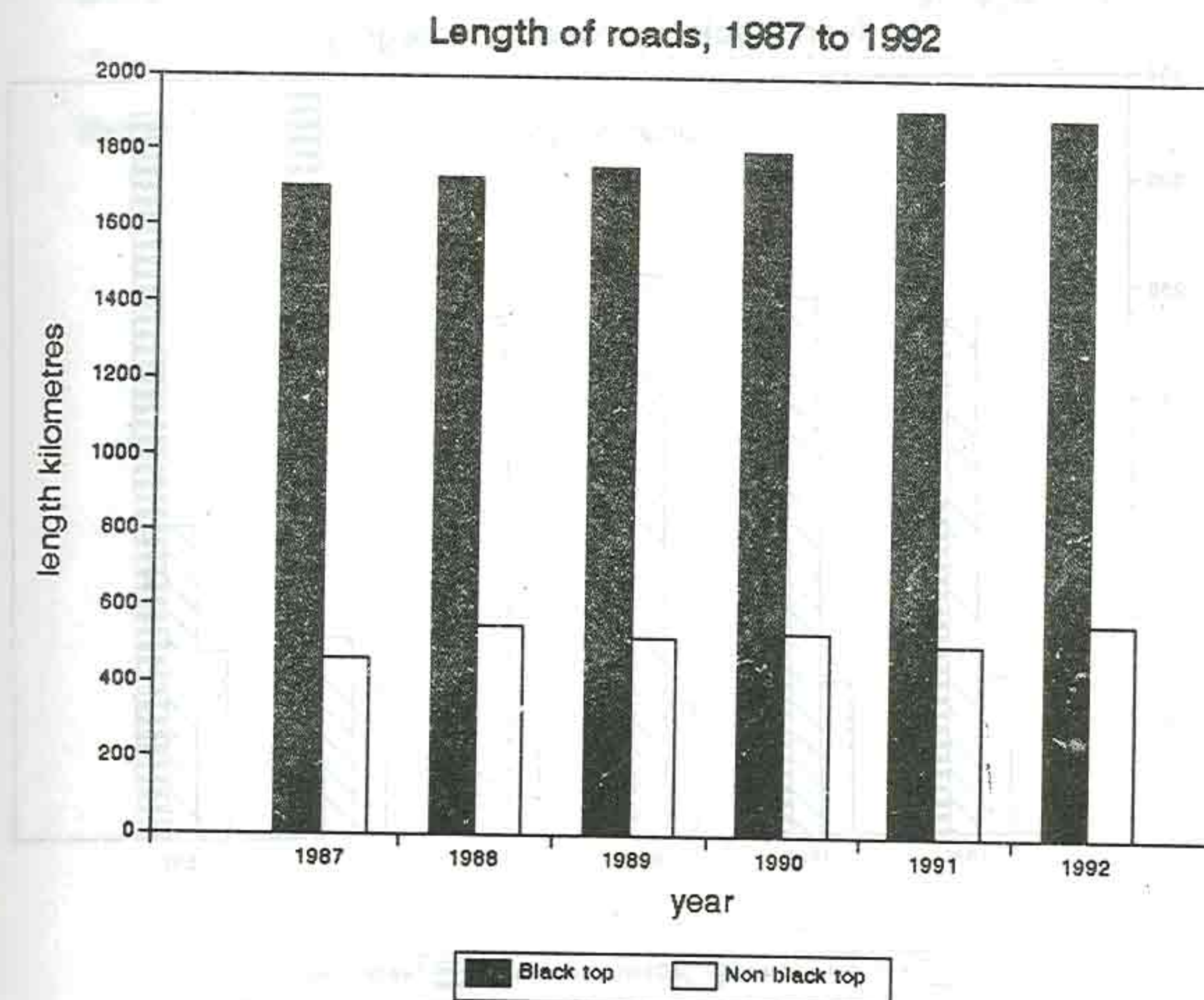


TABLE 7.2: ROAD NETWORK BY TYPE, BHUTAN, 1987 TO 1992

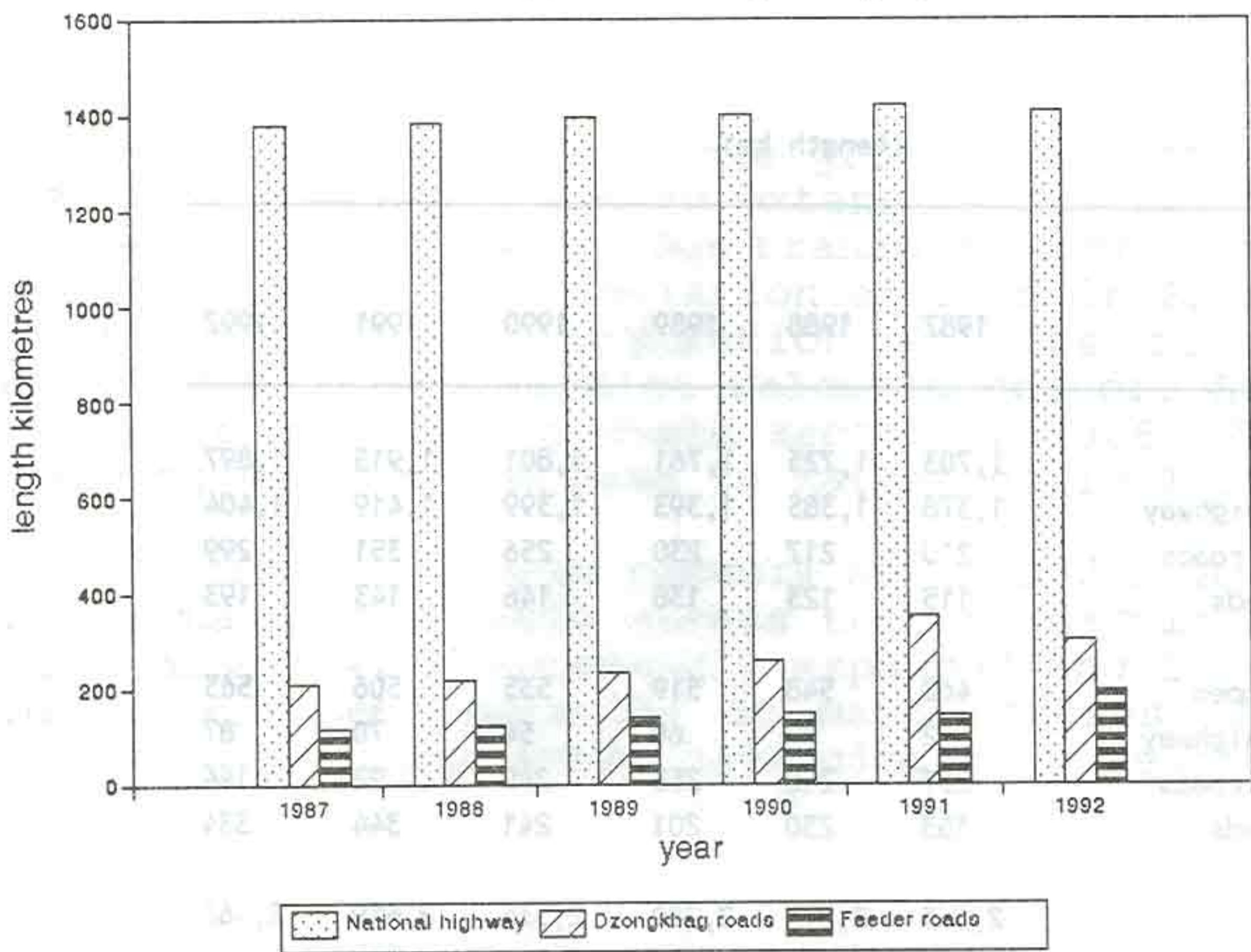
(length km)

Type of road	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
<b>Black topped</b>	<b>1,703</b>	<b>1,725</b>	<b>1,761</b>	<b>1,801</b>	<b>1,913</b>	<b>1,897</b>
National highway	1,378	1,385	1,393	1,399	1,419	1,404
Dzongkhag roads	210	217	230	256	351	299
Feeder roads	115	123	138	146	143	193
<b>Non-black topped</b>	<b>462</b>	<b>548</b>	<b>519</b>	<b>535</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>565</b>
National highway	72	70	60	54	70	87
Dzongkhag roads	237	248	258	240	92	144
Feeder roads	153	230	201	241	344	334
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,165</b>	<b>2,273</b>	<b>2,280</b>	<b>2,336</b>	<b>2,419</b>	<b>2,462</b>

Source: Public Work Divison, Thimphu



Black topped roads by category



Non black top road by category

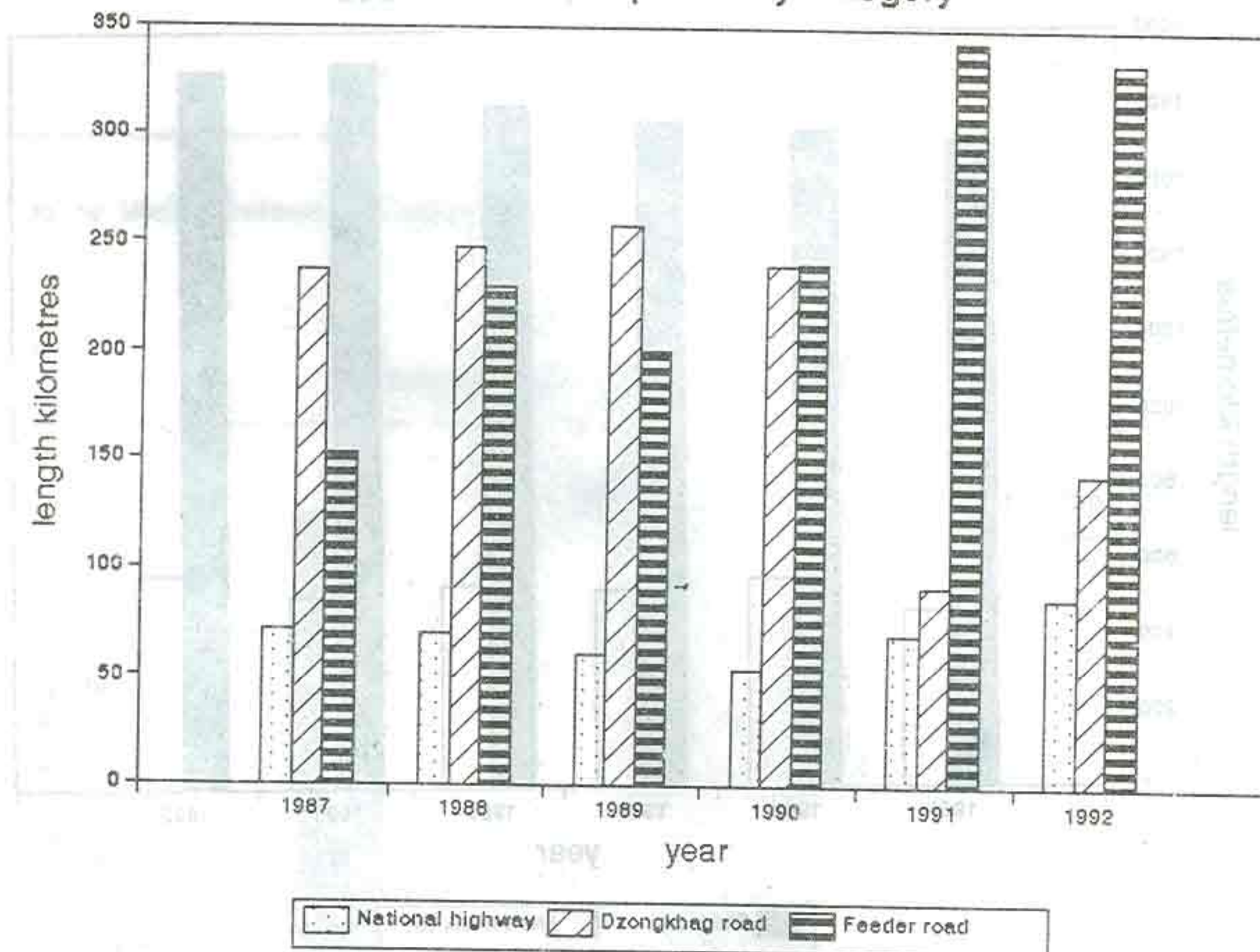


TABLE 7.3: ROAD NETWORK BY TYPE AND DZONGKHAG, BHUTAN, 1992

(length km.)

Dzongkhag	National highway	District road	Feeder road	All roads
Bjakar	122.00	-	25.00	147.00
Chhukha	157.00	22.00	48.00	227.00
Dagana	22.00	87.00	-	109.00
Gasa	-	-	1.50	1.50
Haa	15.00	11.00	16.00	42.00
Lhuntse	-	47.00	10.00	57.00
Mongar	177.00	20.00	29.00	226.00
Paro	104.00	51.00	8.50	163.50
Pemagatshel	-	23.00	18.38	41.38
Punakha	12.00	-	66.00	78.00
Samdrupjongkhar	59.00	48.00	7.00	114.00
Samtse	-	84.00	13.00	97.00
Sarpang	110.00	-	40.90	150.90
Thimphu	102.00	-	62.50	164.50
Trashigang	141.00	10.00	92.80	243.80
Trashiyangtse	-	40.00	8.00	48.00
Trongsa	145.00	-	-	145.00
Tsirang	64.00	-	24.00	88.00
Wangduephodrang	119.00	-	57.00	176.00
Zhemgang	142.00	-	-	142.00
<b>Bhutan</b>	<b>1,491.00</b>	<b>443.00</b>	<b>527.58</b>	<b>2,461.58</b>

Source: Public Works Divison, Thimphu

TABLE 7.4: NUMBER OF REGISTERED VEHICLES BY REGION, 1990 TO 1992

(numbers)

Region	Type of Vehicle				Total
	Heavy	Light	2-wheeler	Taxi	
1990	3,059	4,372	4,100	385	11,916
Thimphu	1,604	3,092	3,678	338	8,712
Gaylegphug	143	598	0	14	755
Phuentsholing	1,279	671	371	33	2,354
Samdrupjongkhar	33	11	51	0	95
1991	3,259	4,857	4,681	447	13,244
Thimphu	1,671	3,471	4,100	378	9,620
Gaylegphug	143	598	0	14	755
Phuentsholing	1,406	780	520	55	2,761
Samdrupjongkhar	39	8	61	0	108
Total					
1992	3,424	5,282	5,028	534	14,268
Thimphu	1,726	3,829	4,345	428	10,328
Gaylegphug	143	598	0	14	755
Phuentsholing	1,516	847	622	92	3,077
Samdrupjongkhar	39	8	61	0	108

Source: Division of Revenue and Customs, Thimphu



TABLE 7.5: NUMBER OF NEW MOTOR VEHICLE DRIVING LICENCES ISSUED (a) BY TYPE OF VEHICLE, 1985 TO 1992

(numbers)

Type of vehicle	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Two Wheelers	105	179	324	163	465	103	523	159
Light	322	531	507	373	691	606	665	316
Medium	30	18	39	41	57	52	51	19
Heavy	87	131	187	65	63	50	77	21
Other(b)	32	44	34	82	132	161	76	n.a
All vehicles	576	903	1,091	724	1,408	972	1,392	515

(a) The figures refer to new licences issued during the year excluding renewals. The figures do not refer to the total number of licensed drivers (b) Includes road rollers, tractors and bulldozers.

Source: Royal Bhutan Police

TABLE 7.6: PASSENGERS CARRIED BY BHUTAN GOVERNMENT TRANSPORT SERVICE, 1982/83 TO 1991/92

Year	Passengers carried ('000)
1982/83	1045
1983/84	1149
1984/85	1264
1985/86	1239
1986/87	1142
1987/88	1228
1988/89	1230
1991/92	972

Source: Bhutan Government Transport Service

(numbers)

Traffic division	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Tsimakothi	31	35	24	14	20	26	11
Geylephug	12	17	7	19	23	9	12
Mongar	1	5	6	8	4	6	8
Phuentsholing	39	23	14	38	40	19	30
Samdrupjongkhar	15	15	25	21	14	15	21
Samtse	4	8	7	7	8	5	3
Thimphu	105	144	142	154	105	107	127
Trashigang	5	11	14	10	6	13	11
Trongsa	9	9	12	19	27	14	23
Tsirang	1	8	3	9	5	5	9
Total accidents	222	275	254	299	252	219	255

Source: Royal Bhutan Police, Thimphu

(numbers)

Sector	1989	1990	1991	1992
Passenger carried(a)	11,625	15,831	18,144	19,041
Paro to Calcutta	1,782	1,745	1,390	977
Calcutta to Paro	1,555	1,366	1,209	932
Paro to Bangkok	843	1,558	2,488	2,689
Bangkok to Paro	927	1,763	2,544	2,980
Paro to Dhaka	152	398	620	726
Dhaka to Paro	211	482	676	722
Paro to Delhi	2,593	3,189	2,710	2,843
Delhi to Paro	2,547	3,324	3,026	2,859
Paro to Kathmandu	513	1,059	1,846	2,181
Kathmandu to Paro	502	947	1,635	2,132
Number of flights	697	653	892	902
Paro to Calcutta	131	62	53	57
Calcutta to Paro	129	63	53	56
Paro to Bangkok	40	56	98	101
Bangkok to Paro	40	56	98	101
Paro to Dhaka	48	55	91	62
Dhaka to Paro	48	55	91	66
Paro to Delhi	95	98	102	111
Delhi to Paro	95	99	102	111
Paro to Kathmandu	35	54	102	119
Kathmandu to Paro	36	55	102	118
Revenue (millions Nu.)	58.07	62.85	70.97	112.10
Fiscal year	1988/89	1989/90	1990/91	1991/92

(a) Number of passengers include only paying passengers

Source: Druk Air Corporation Ltd., Thimphu

(numbers)

Traffic division	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Tsimakothi	31	35	24	14	20	26	11
Geylephug	12	17	7	19	23	9	12
Mongar	1	5	6	8	4	6	8
Phuentsholing	39	23	14	38	40	19	30
Samdrupjongkhar	15	15	25	21	14	15	21
Samtse	4	8	7	7	8	5	3
Thimphu	105	144	142	154	105	107	127
Trashigang	5	11	14	10	6	13	11
Trongsa	9	9	12	19	27	14	23
Tsirang	1	8	3	9	5	5	9
Total accidents	222	275	254	299	252	219	255

Source: Royal Bhutan Police, Thimphu

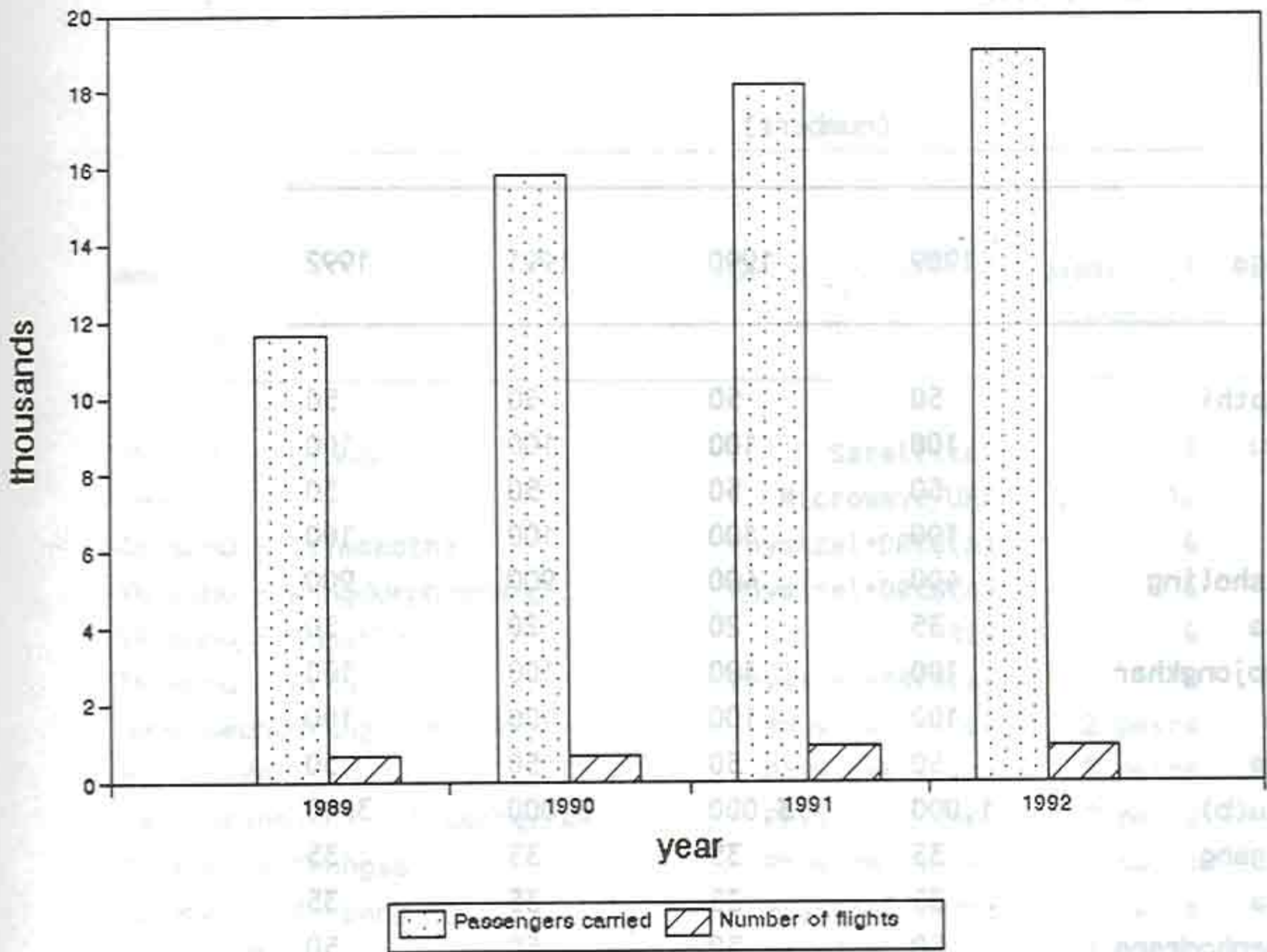
(numbers)

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Number of flights	697	653	892	902
Paro to Calcutta	131	62	53	57
Calcutta to Paro	129	63	53	56
Paro to Bangkok	40	56	98	101
Bangkok to Paro	40	56	98	101
Paro to Dhaka	48	55	91	62
Dhaka to Paro	48	55	91	66
Paro to Delhi	95	98	102	111
Delhi to Paro	95	99	102	111
Paro to Kathmandu	35	54	102	119
Kathmandu to Paro	36	55	102	118
Revenue (millions Nu.)	58.07	62.85	70.97	112.10
Fiscal year	1988/89	1989/90	1990/91	1991/92

(a) Number of passengers include only paying passengers

Source: Druk Air Corporation Ltd., Thimphu

### Druk Air flight and passengers carried



### Revenue earned by Druk Air

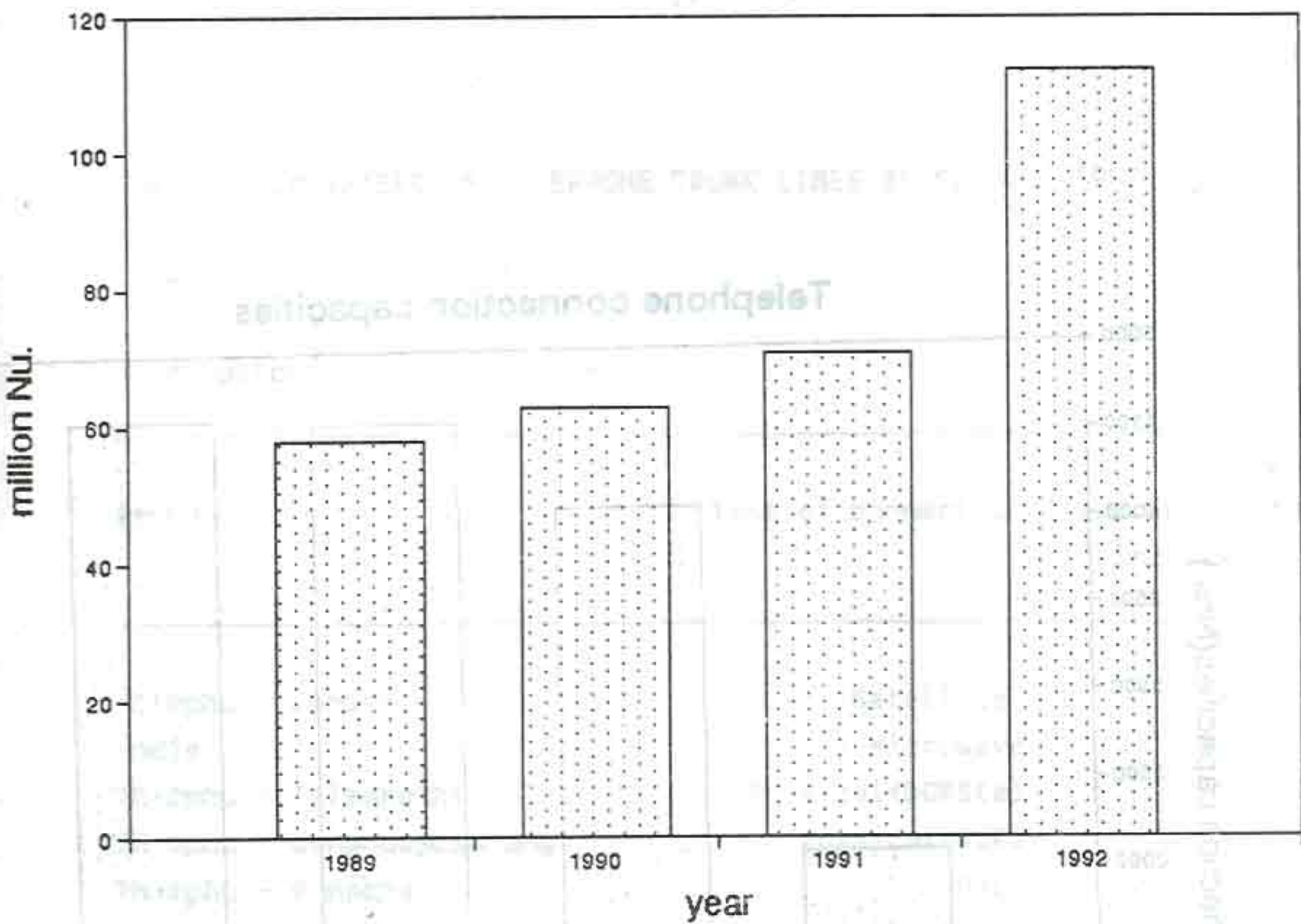


TABLE 7.9: TELEPHONE CONNECTION CAPACITY BY EXCHANGE (a),  
1989 TO 1992

(numbers)

Exchange	1989	1990	1991	1992
Tsimakothi	50	50	50	50
Gelephu	100	100	100	100
Haa	50	50	50	50
Paro	100	100	100	100
Phuentsholing	400	400	900	900
Punakha	35	20	20	50
Samdrupjongkhar	100	100	100	100
Samtse	100	100	100	100
Sarpang	50	50	50	50
Thimphu(b)	1,000	3,000	3,000	3000
Trashigang	35	35	35	35
Trongsa	35	35	35	35
Wangduephodrang	50	50	50	50
<b>Total capacity</b>	<b>2,105</b>	<b>4,090</b>	<b>4,590</b>	<b>4,620</b>

(a) While figures refer to connection capacity, they should reasonably reflect the number of telephone sets in use

(b) Actual number of subscribers in 1992 were 2,100 against 3,000 connection capacity

Source: Telecommunication Division, Thimphu

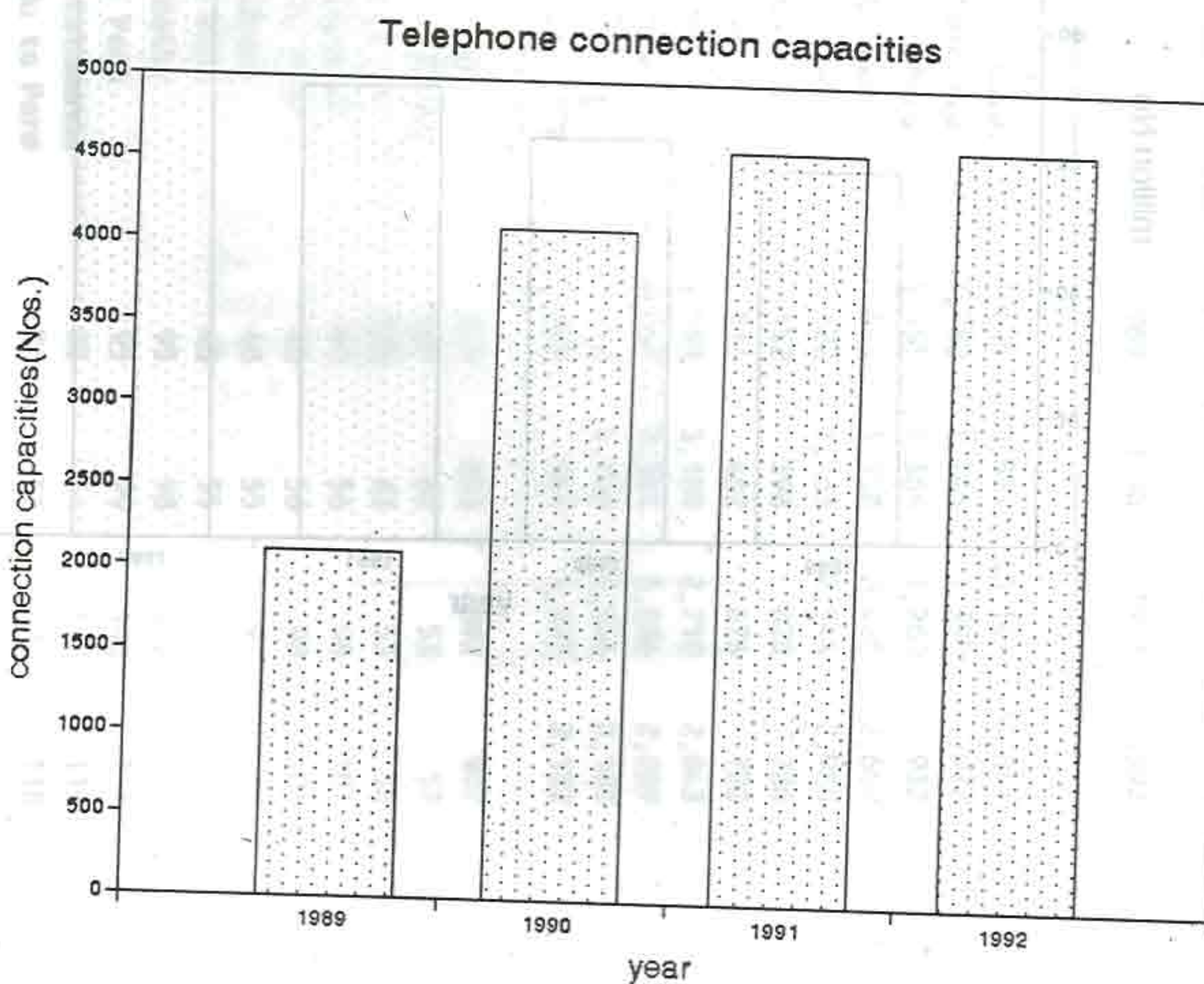


TABLE 7.10: NUMBER OF TELEPHONE TRUNK LINES BY SECTOR, 1991

Sector	Type of connection	Number of circuits	Distance km (for physical line)
Thimphu - London	Satellite	3	..
India	Microwave/UHF	12	..
Thimphu - Tsimakothi	Physical+DRCS(a)	4	..
Thimphu - Wangduephodrang	Physical+DRCS(a)	4	..
Thimphu - Punakha	DRCS	4	..
Thimphu - Paro	Physical+DRCS(a)	4	..
Wangduephodrang - Punakha	Physical lines	2 pairs	10
Paro - Ha	Physical lines	2 pairs	30
Samdrupjongkha - Trashigang	Physical lines	2 pairs	160
Gelephu - Trongsa	Physical lines	2 pairs	200
Gelephu - Sarpang	Physical lines	2 pairs	40
Samtse(Bhutan) - Banarhat(India)	Physical lines	2 pairs	2

(a) DRCS stands for Digital Radio Concentrator System

continues...

Source: Division of Telecommunication, Thimphu

TABLE 7.10: NUMBER OF TELEPHONE TRUNK LINES BY SECTOR, 1992

continuation

Sector	Type of connection	Number of circuits	Distance Km (for physical line)
Thimphu - London	Satellite	6	..
India	Microwave	30	..
Thimphu - Tsimakothi	Physical+DCRS(a)	1	n.a
Thimphu - Wangduephodrang	Physical+DCRS	4	n.a
Thimphu - Punakha	DRCS	4	..
Thimphu - Paro	DRCS	5	..
Wangduephodrang - Punakha	Physical lines	2 pairs	10
Paro - Ha	Physical lines	2 pairs	30
Samdrupjongkha - Trashigang	Physical lines	2 pairs	160
Gelephu - Trongsa	Physical lines	2 pairs	200
Gelephu - Sarpang	Physical lines	2 pairs	40
Samtse - Banarhat(India)	Physical lines	2 pairs	2

(a) DRCS stands for Digital Radio Concentrator System

end

Source: Division of Telecommunication, Thimphu

TABLE 7.11: NUMBER OF TELEPHONE TRUNK CALLS BY TYPE, 1987 TO 1992

(thousand)

Type of call	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Domestic calls	85	86	146	218	362	365
International calls	18	22	147	176	228	372
India	15	18	97	116	147	232
Other	3	4	51	60	82	141
All calls	103	108	293	394	590	737

Source: Division of Telecommunication, Thimphu

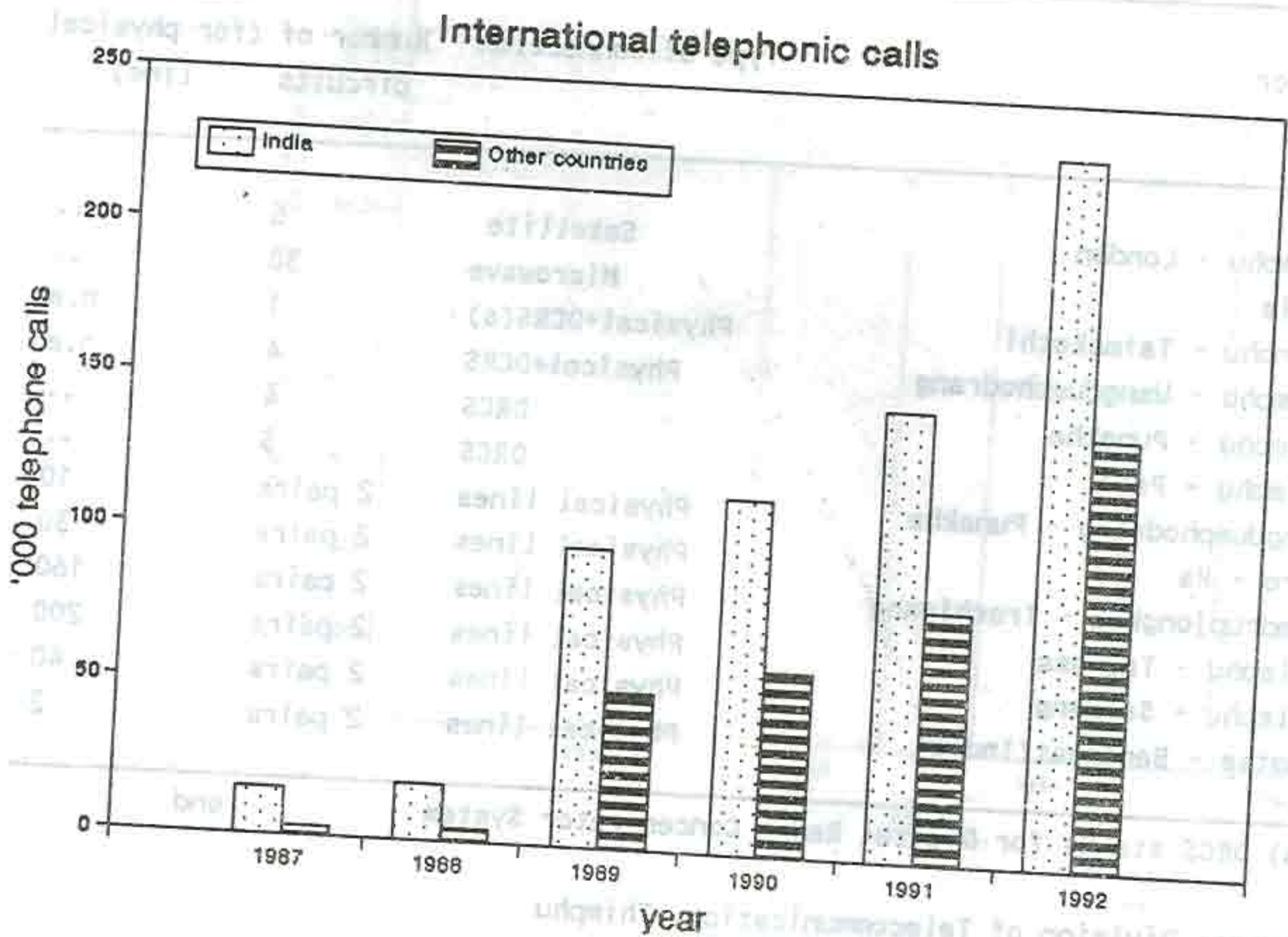
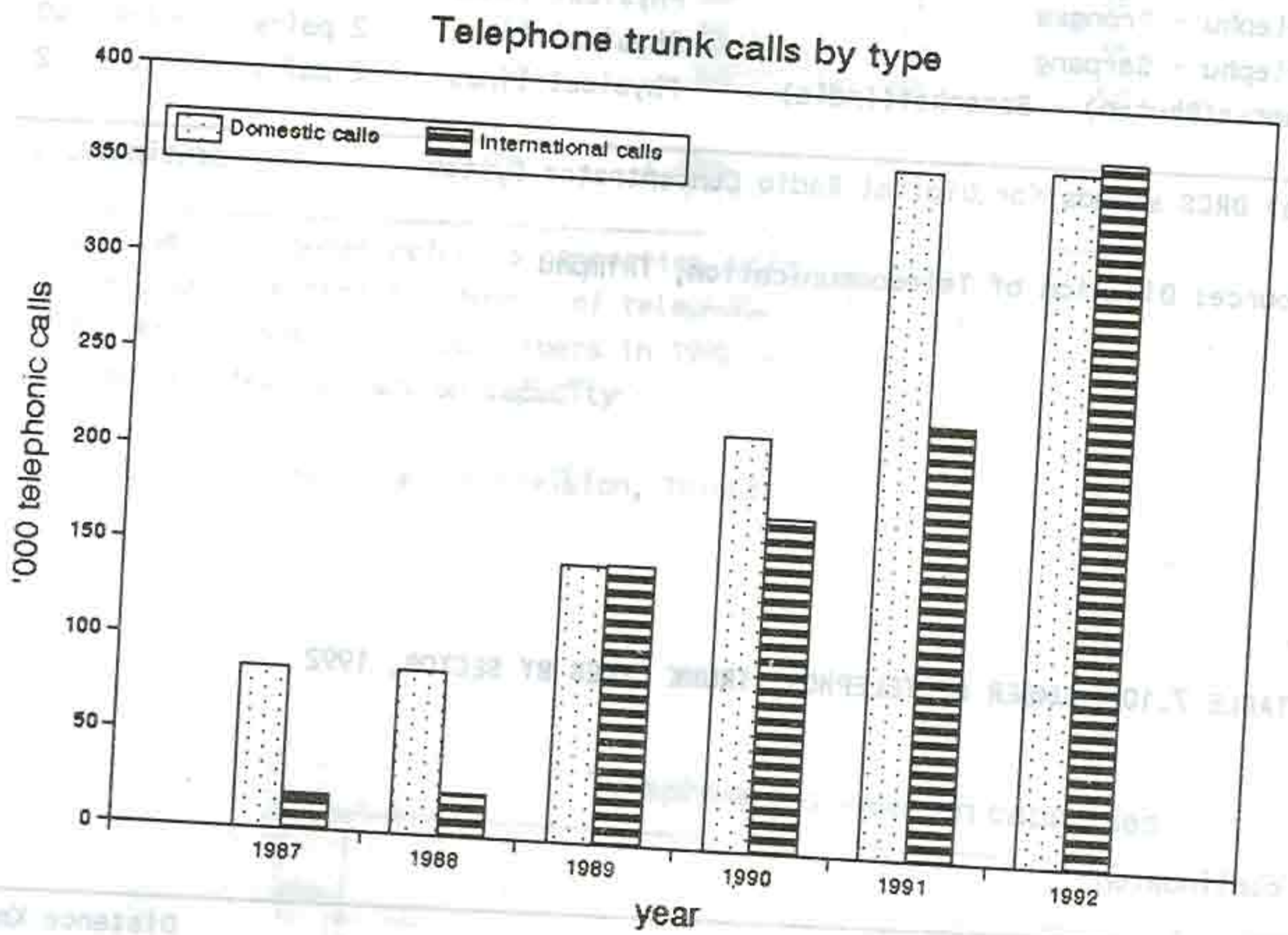


TABLE 7.13: VOLUME OF MAIL TRAFFIC BY TYPE OF SERVICE,  
1980 TO 1992  
( '000 items)

Type of service	1980	1985	1990	1991	1992
Domestic	2,865	5,934	2,190	2,299	1,483
International	1,284	3,821	1,709	1,801	356
Dispatch	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	148
Receipt	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	207
Total mail items	4,149	9,755	3,899	4,099	1,839

Source: Division of Post & Telegraph, Thimphu

TABLE 7.12: NUMBER OF POST OFFICES AND COMMUNICATION FACILITIES,  
1980 TO 1992  
(numbers)

Infrastructure type	1980	1985	1990	1991	1992
General Post Offices	2	2	2	2	2
Post Offices	52	53	59	59	59
Branch Post Offices	27	29	25	25	22
Agency Post Offices	..	..	..	..	..
Telegraph or Fax Offices	8	9	8	8	8
Wireless Stations(a)	28	36	39	39	47
Hydromet Stations(b)	5	8	27	27	27

(a) Includes three stations installed at New Delhi, Dhaka and Kalimpong. (b) includes 17 part time observations

Source: Division of Post and Telegraph, Thimphu

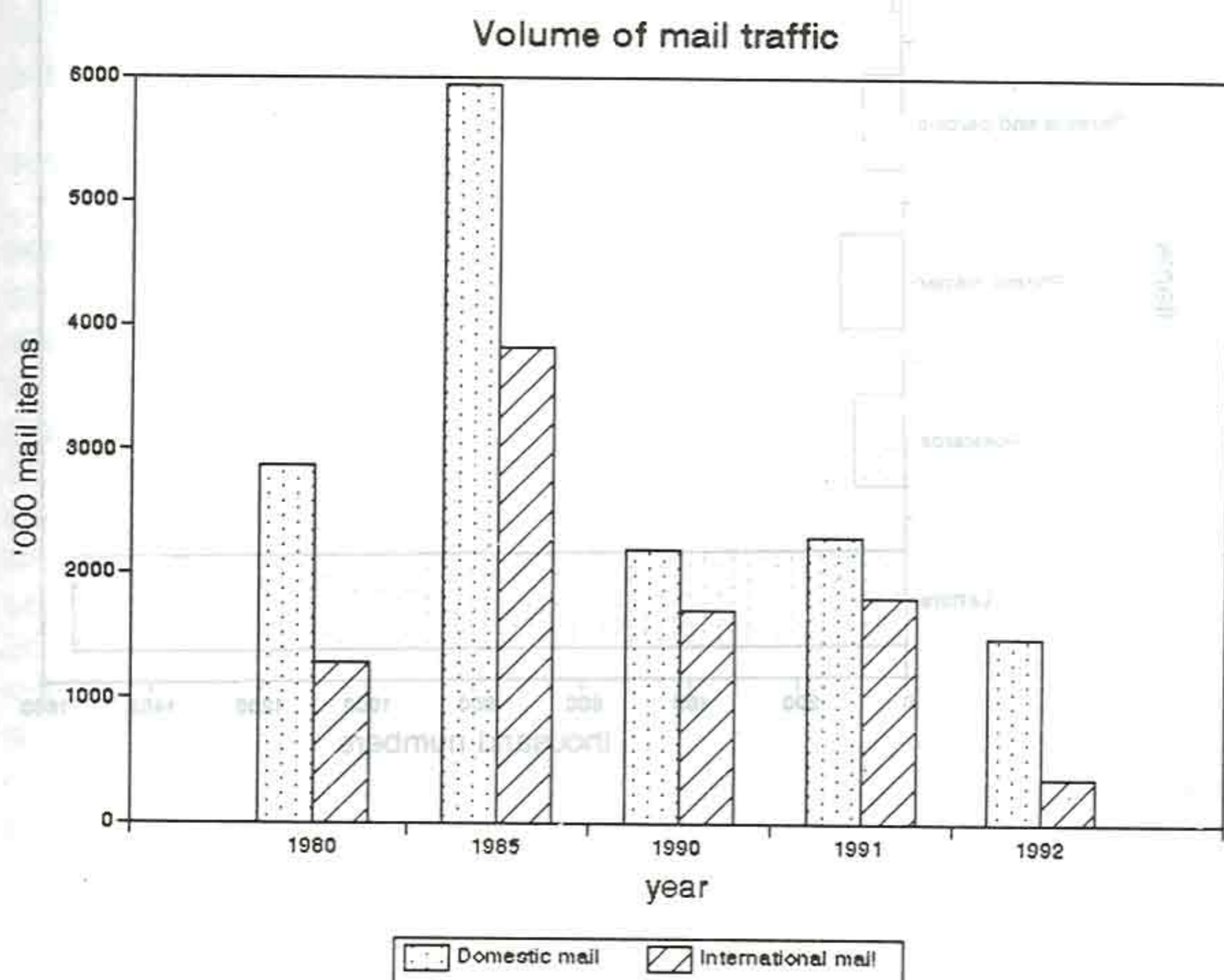




TABLE 7.14: VOLUME OF MAIL HANDLED BY TYPE OF ARTICLE AND DESTINATION, 1992

Type of mail	Total	Domestic	International
Letters	1,542	1,322	220
Ordinary letter	n.a	n.a	n.a
Registered items	n.a	n.a	n.a
Postcards	91	44	47
Printed matter	116	63	53
Packets and parcels	74	47	27
Monetary items	17	8	9
<b>All mail items</b>	<b>1,839</b>	<b>1,483</b>	<b>356</b>

Source: Division of P & T and Civil Wireless, Thimphu

Year	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
Post Offices	22	22	22	22	22
Branch Post Offices	27	27	27	27	27
Agency Post Offices	..	..	..	..	..
Telegaph or Fax Offices	8	8	8	8	8
Wireless Stations(a)	28	28	28	28	28
Wireless Stations(b)	2	2	2	2	2

Items of mails handled, 1992

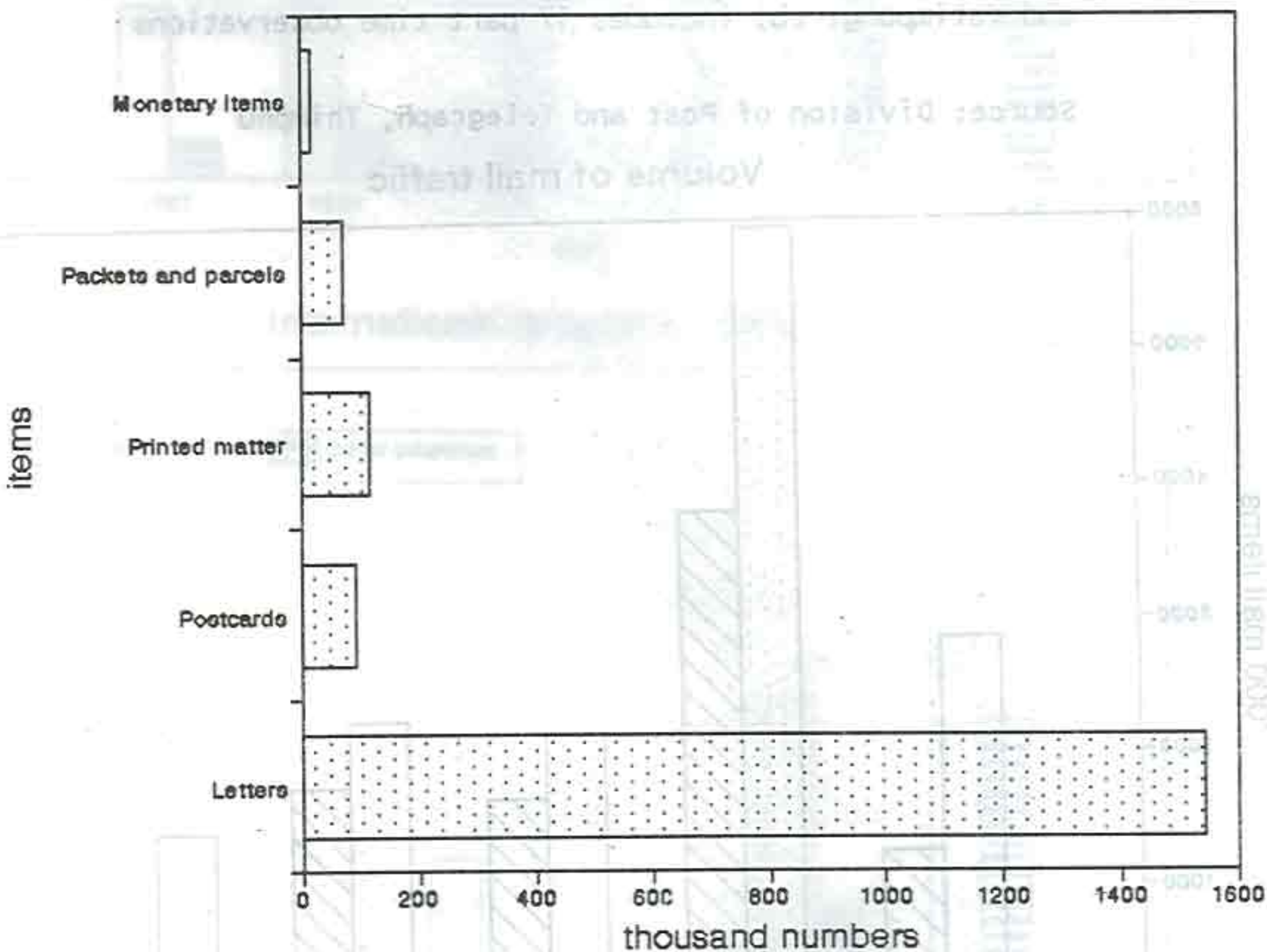


TABLE 7.15: NUMBER AND VALUE OF MONEY ORDER BY TYPE, 1989 TO 1992

Type	1989	1990	1991	1992
Total money orders				
Number of orders ('000)	29.6	15.7	16.0	17.1
Amount of orders ('000 Nu.)	16,714.4	8,480.5	9,856.4	11,267.3
Domestic money order				
Number of orders ('000)	16.0	15.1	9.0	8.3
Amount of orders ('000 Nu.)	10,459.0	8,311.4	6,057.0	6,282.5
International money order				
Dispatched				
Number of orders ('000)	12.8	0.6	6.4	8.5
Amount of orders ('000 Nu.)	5,757.0	164.1	3,398.2	4,920.7
Receipts				
Number of orders ('000)	0.8	-	0.6	0.3
Amount of orders ('000 Nu.)	498.4	5.0	401.2	64.0

Note: A dash (-) stands for numbers less than tenth of a thousand

Source: Division of Posts and Telegraph, Thimphu

## INTRODUCTION

The major source of energy in Bhutan has traditionally been firewood which is available in abundance from the country's extensive forests. Firewood still represents a significant source of energy.

Electricity generation, though still relatively small in comparison with the rest of the world is growing in importance. Up until recently, electricity generation was based on small scale generating and micro hydro stations, providing limited supply of electricity which was supplemented by imports from India. With the commissioning of Chhukha Hydel Projects, Bhutan substantially increased its electricity generation and became a significant exporter of electricity to India.

TABLE 8.1: ELECTRICITY GENERATING STATIONS AND THEIR CAPACITIES, 1990/91 AND 1991/92

Generating stations	1990/91		1991/92	
	Machines & capacities (No. X MW)	Generating capacity (MW)	Machines & capacities (No. X MW)	Generating capacity (MW)
Hydrow power stations	..	321.990	..	321.990
Chhukha	4 X 84.00	318.000	4 X 84.00	318.000
Gyetsa (Bjakar)	3 X 00.50	1.500	3 X 00.50	1.500
Gidakom (Thimphu)	5 X 00.25	0.500	5 X 00.25	0.500
Jushina (Thimphu)	4 X 00.09	0.180	4 X 00.09	0.180
Chenari (Trashigang)	3 X 00.25	0.750	3 X 00.25	0.750
Khaling (Trashigang)	3 X 00.20	0.600	3 X 00.20	0.600
Khalangzi (Mongar)	3 X 00.13	0.260	3 X 00.13	0.260
Wangduephodrang	3 X 00.10	0.200	3 X 00.10	0.200
Micro hydel stations	..	0.410	..	1.000
Nagu (Haa)	..	0.010	..	..
Lhuntse	..	0.020	..	0.020
Thinleygang (Thimphu)	..	0.030	..	0.030
Rukubji (Wangduephodrang)	..	0.040	..	0.040
Tangsibji (Wangdiphodrang)	..	0.030	..	0.030
Trongsa	..	0.050	..	0.050
Bubja (Trongsa)	..	0.030	..	0.030
Tamshing (Bjakar)	..	0.030	..	0.030
Ura (Bjakar)	..	0.050	..	0.050
Yadi (Mongar)	..	0.030	..	0.030
Kekhar (Zhemgang)	..	0.020	..	0.020
Surey (Sarpang)	..	0.070	..	0.070
Dampu (Tsirang)	..	..	..	0.200
Tingtibi (Zhemgang)	..	..	..	0.200
Dagana	..	..	..	0.200

continues...

TABLE 8.1: ELECTRICITY GENERATING STATIONS AND THEIR CAPACITIES, 1990/91 AND 1991/92

continuation

Generating stations	1990/91		1991/92	
	Machines (numbers)	Generating capacity (MW)	Machines (numbers)	Generating capacity (MW)
Diesel generation stations	33	5.845	34	5.501
Thimphu	7	3.198	7	3.198
Paro	1	0.488	1	0.088
Phuentsholing	4	0.752	4	0.752
Dampu	2	0.183	2	0.183
Tongsa	1	0.056	1	0.056
Gaylegphug	2	0.692	2	0.692
Sarpang	1	0.250	1	0.250
Kalikhola	1	0.052	1	0.052
Zhemgang	1	0.080	1	0.080
Dagana	1	0.040	1	0.040
Trashigang	1	0.054	1	0.054
Bjakar	..	..	1	0.056
Other diesel generators	11	6.079	11	6.079
Penden Cement Authority Ltd.	4	3.600	4	3.600
Bhutan Board Products Ltd.	n.a	0.254	n.a	0.254
Chhukha Hydro Power Corporation	5	2.000	5	2.000
Bhutan Chemicals & Carbide Ltd.	2	0.225	2	0.225
Gedu Wood Manufacturing Corporation	..	..	n.a	0.846
Total capacity	..	328.245	..	328.491

Note: MW is Mega Watt, unit of electrical energy measurement

end

Source: Division of Power, Thimphu

TABLE 8.2: TOTAL ELECTRICITY GENERATION AND SUPPLY, 1987/88 TO 1991/1992

Details	1987/88	1988/89	1989/90	1990/91	1991/92
	(a)				
Installed capacity (MW)	262.76	346.36	348.85	349.57	349.73
Chhukha hydro power	252.00	336.00	336.00	336.00	336.00
Other hydro power	5.96	5.56	5.56	5.56	6.06
All diesel generators	4.80	4.80	7.29	7.61	7.67
Electricity generation (MU)	1476.20	1544.00	1557.00	1547.57	1551.9
Chhukha hydro power	1470.50	1541.10	1554.30	1542.41	1542.4
Other hydro power	5.40	2.70	2.50	5.12	8.2
All diesel generators	0.30	0.20	0.10	0.05	1.3
Exports (MU)	1,386.7	1,396.0	1395.6	1374.6	1336.9
Imports (MU)	3.7	3.5	3.3	4.4	5.0
Total energy requirement (MU)	71.0	143.0	142.3	159.3	186.7
Total energy sales (MU)	60.9	123.3	127.6	144.7	159.7
Energy losses (MU)	9.9	19.7	14.7	14.6	27.0
Percentage losses (%)	13.9	13.8	10.3	9.2	14.5
Peak system demand (MW)	16.5	24.0	22.0	22.8	19.2

Note: MU stands for million unit of electrical energy

(a) Refers to fifteen months period 1 April 1987 to 30 June 1988

Source: Division of Power, Thimphu

TABLE 8.3: MAJOR TRANSMISSION LINES FOR EVACUATING CHHUKHA POWER, 1990/91 and 1991/92

Station	1990/91		1991/92	
	220 KV line(Km)	66 KV line(Km)	220 KV line(Km)	66 KV line(Km)
Chhukha - Birpara(India)	76 (d/c)	-	76 (d/c)	-
Chhukha - Singhigoan	50 (s/c)	-	50 (s/c)	-
Chhukha - Simtokha	59 (s/c)	-	59 (s/c)	-
Chhukha - Gedu	-	21.0	-	21.0
Gedu - Phuntsholing	-	24.0	-	24.0
Chhukha - Confluence	-	44.0	-	44.0
Confluence - Simtokha	-	15.0	-	15.0
Confluence - Haa	-	33.5	-	33.5
Confluence - Paro	-	24.0	-	24.0
Simtokha - Wangduephodrang	-	26.0	-	26.0
Phuntsholing - Gomtu	-	27.0	-	27.0
Phuntsholing - Singhigoan	-	8.4	-	8.4
Phuntsholing - Birpara(India)	-	30.0	-	30.0
Total	76(d/c) 109(s/c)	253.0	76(d/c) 109(s/c)	253.0

Note: d/c stands for double circuit and s/c for single circuit

Source: Division of Power, Thimphu

TABLE 8.4: ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION, 1987/88 TO 1991/92

Indicators	1987/88	1988/89	1989/90	1990/91	1991/92
Towns electrified (numbers)	19.0	20.0	28.0	30.0	36.0
Villages electrified (numbers)	141.0	171.0	221.0	254.0	270.0
Consumers ('000)	12.6	14.1	15.2	18.2	19.3
Sales of energy (million Nu.)	22.3	34.5	37.3	36.9	41.8
Per capita energy consumption (Units)	51.0	90.0	212.7	235.9	256.1

Source: Division of Power, Thimphu

Consumers against revenue earnings by electricity sales, 1987/88 - 1991/92

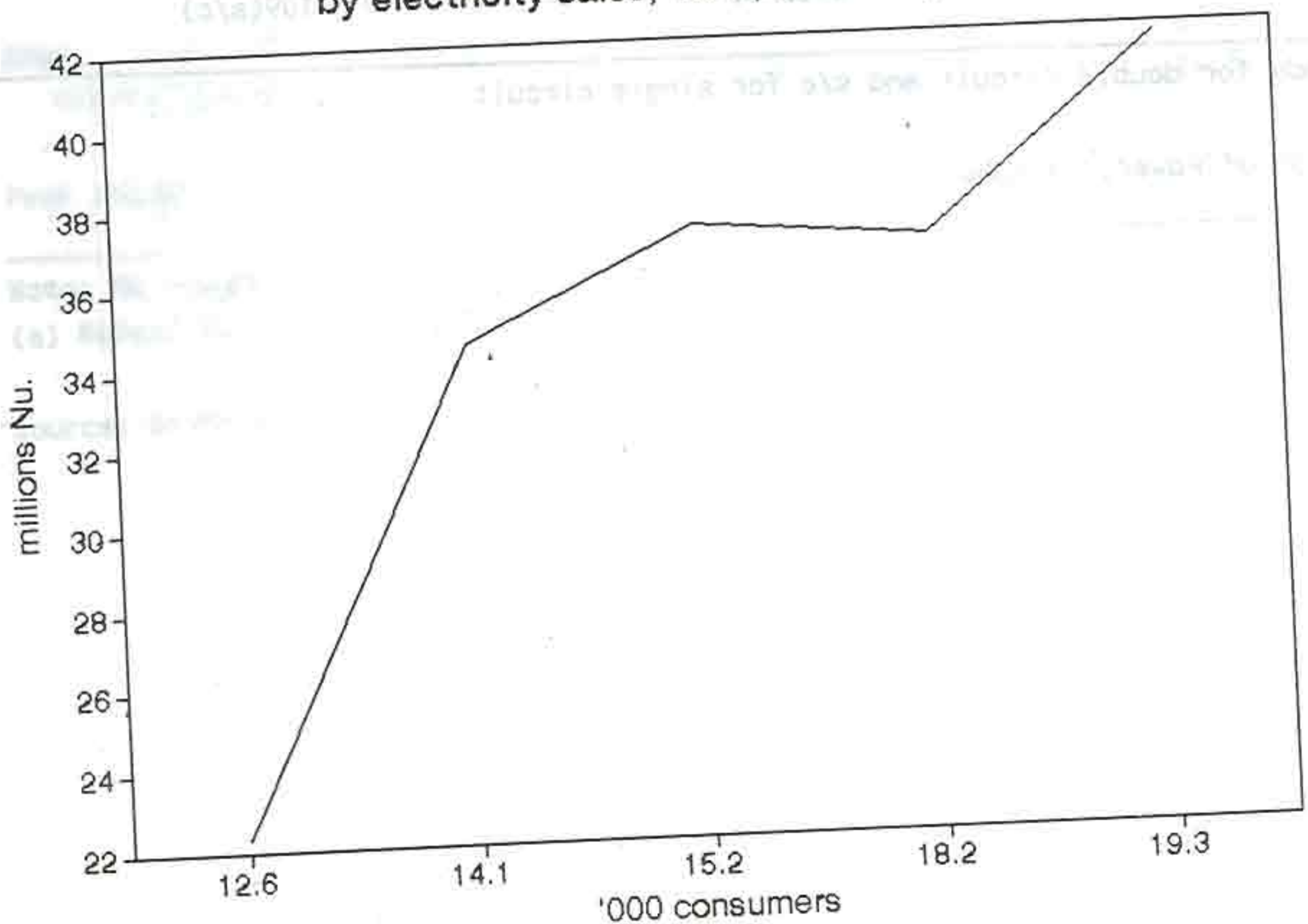


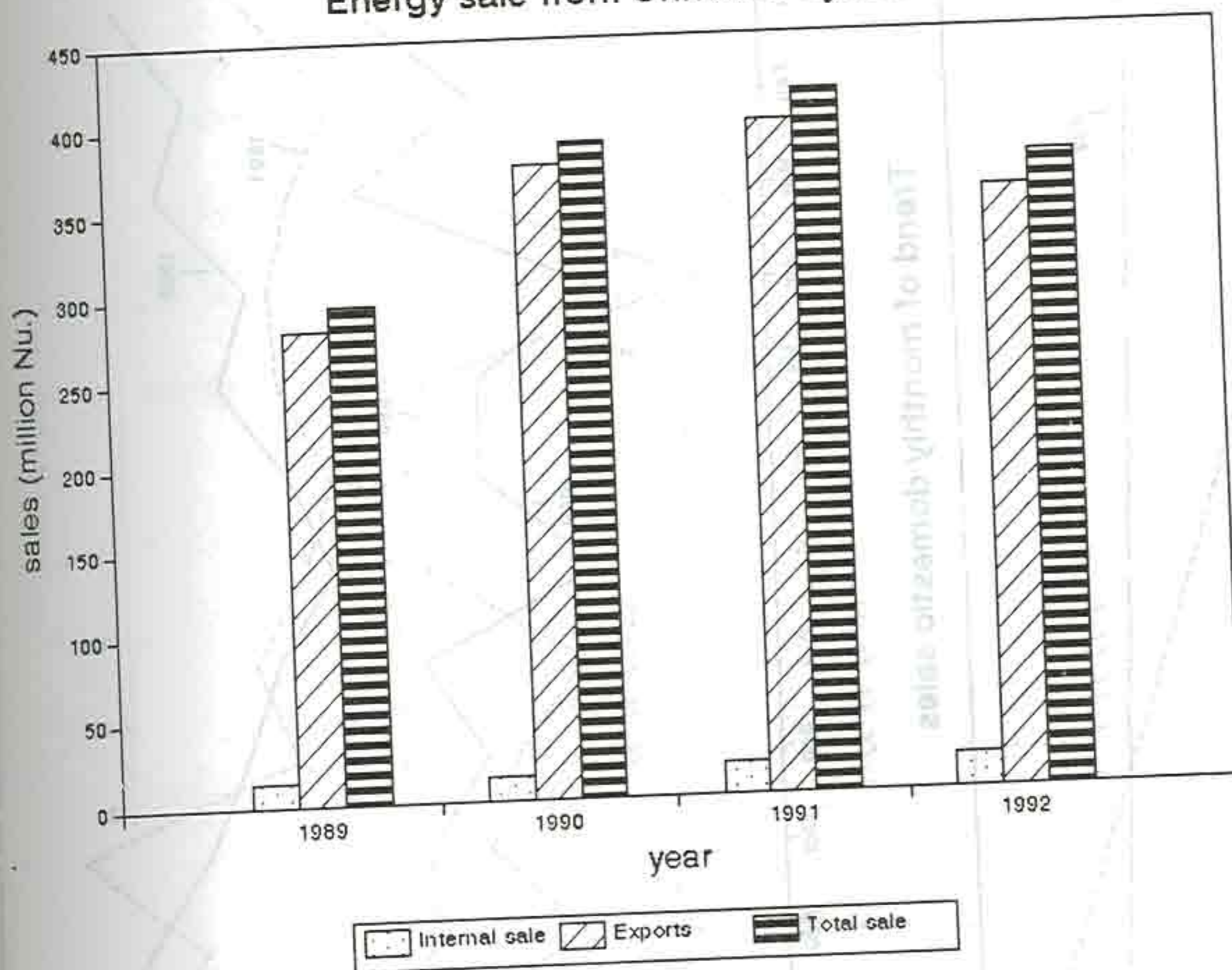
TABLE 8.5: MONTHLY SALE OF ENERGY FROM CHHUKHA HYDROPOWER, 1989 TO 1992

(million Nu.)

Month	1989			1990			1991			1992		
	Export	Internal	Total	Export	Internal	Total	Export	Internal	Total	Export	Internal	Total
January	14.6	1.3	15.9	15.67	1.31	17.0	16.40	1.48	17.9	12.99	1.72	14.7
February	12.3	1.1	13.4	11.89	1.22	13.1	12.07	1.33	13.4	9.62	1.59	11.2
March	17.8	1.3	19.1	13.93	1.15	15.1	16.93	1.41	18.3	12.08	1.65	13.7
April	17.8	1.3	19.1	13.93	1.15	15.1	16.93	1.41	18.3	12.08	1.65	13.7
May	25.2	0.9	26.1	20.92	0.71	21.6	19.45	1.45	20.9	13.05	1.49	14.5
June	24.3	1.1	25.4	27.73	1.19	28.9	30.00	1.44	31.4	24.01	1.54	25.6
July	30.1	1.1	31.2	28.05	1.19	29.2	47.74	1.35	49.1	34.54	1.42	36.0
August	32.4	0.9	33.3	30.61	1.19	31.8	54.16	1.40	55.6	54.99	1.35	56.3
September	29.8	1.2	31.0	80.98	0.93	81.9	55.33	1.49	56.8	57.94	1.45	59.4
October	26.9	1.1	28.0	42.79	1.05	43.8	50.95	1.42	52.4	55.08	1.51	56.6
November	28.5	1.2	29.7	50.46	1.10	51.6	49.54	1.82	51.4	44.55	1.58	46.1
December	19.9	1.2	21.1	31.70	0.93	32.6	26.69	1.59	28.3	22.03	1.70	23.7
December	18.4	1.3	19.7	19.62	1.47	21.1	17.99	1.71	19.7	14.26	1.77	16.0
Total	280.2	13.7	293.9	374.4	13.4	387.8	397.3	17.9	415.1	355.1	18.8	373.9

Source: Division of Power, Thimphu

Energy sale from Chhukha hydels





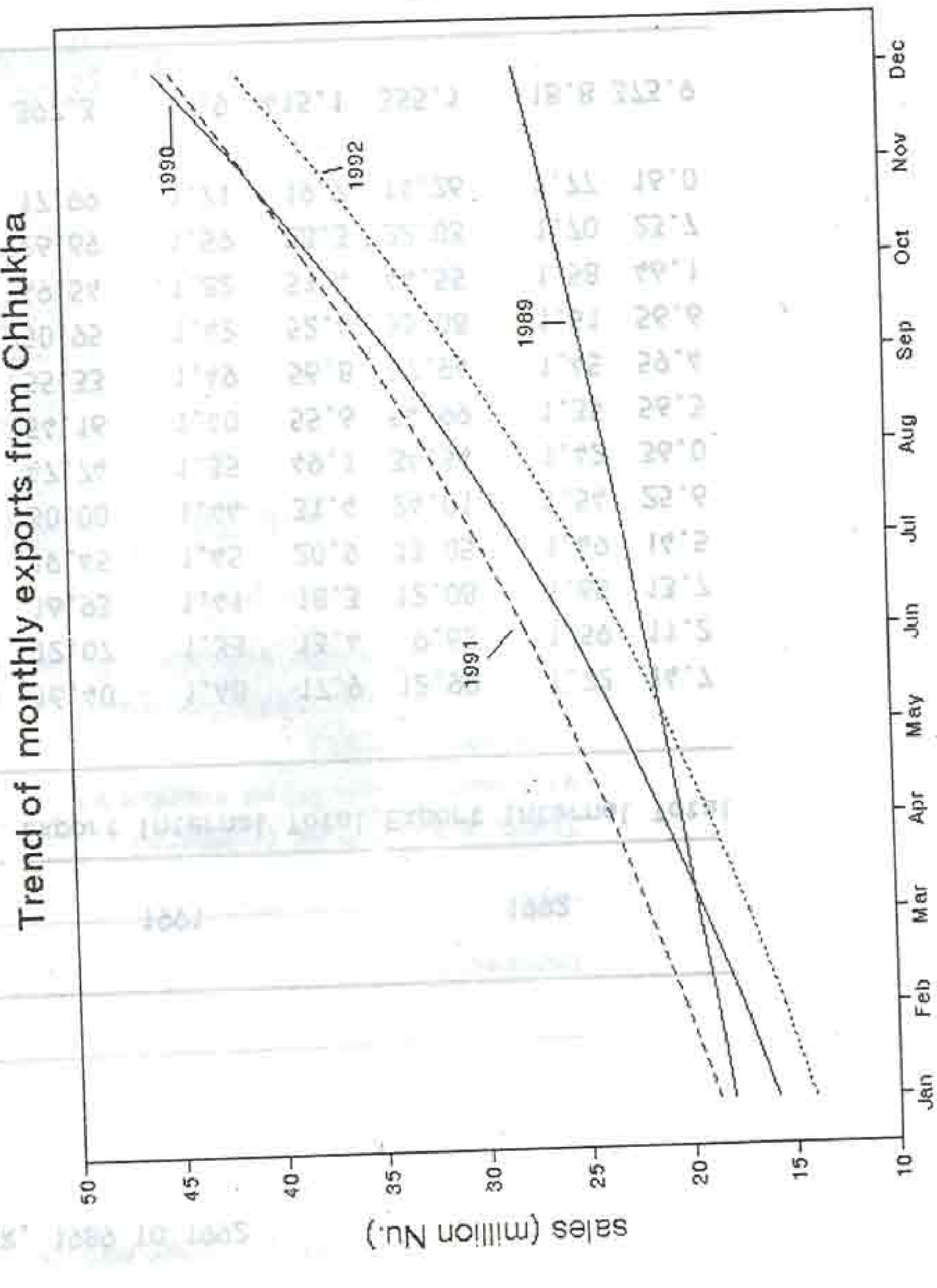
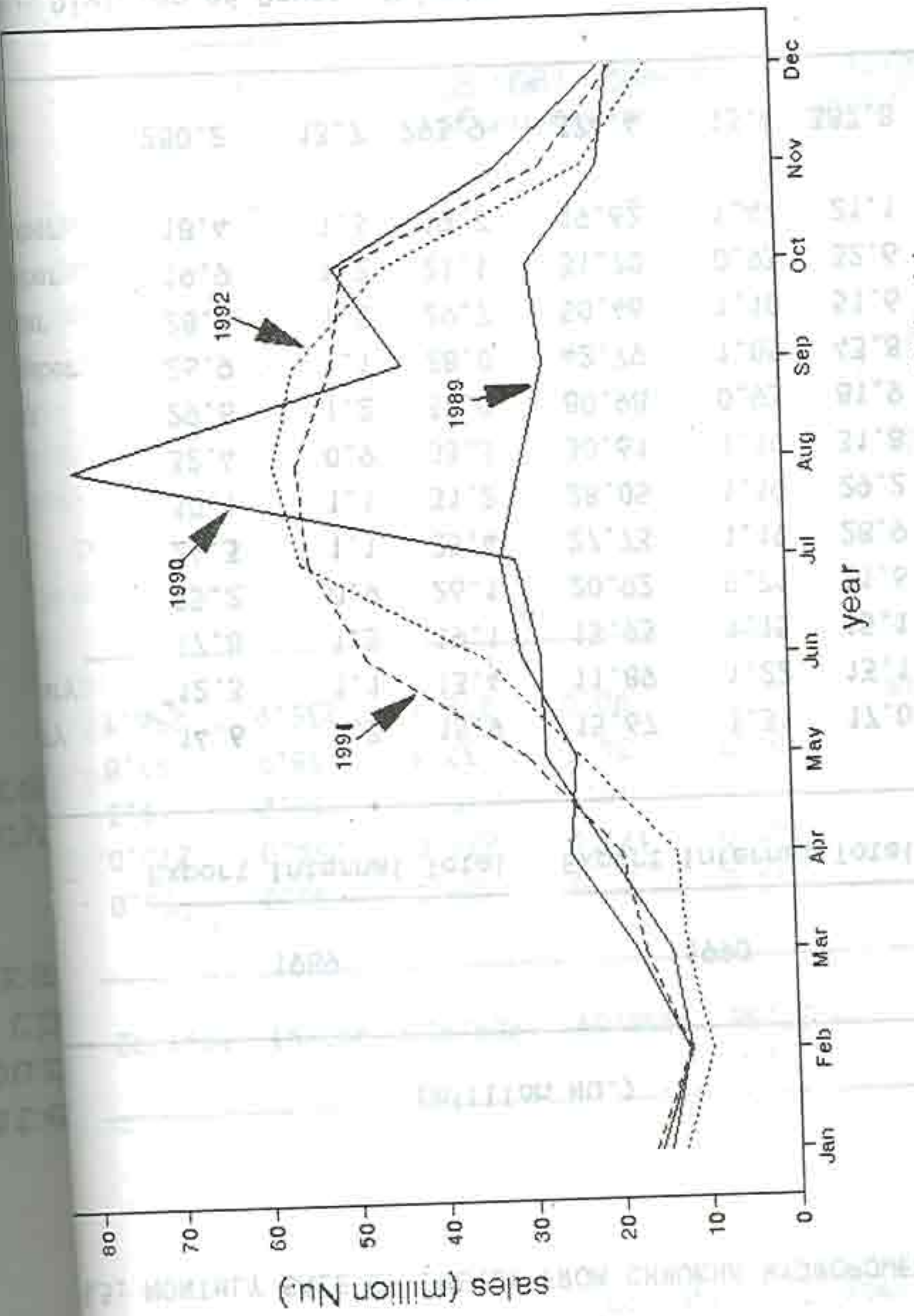
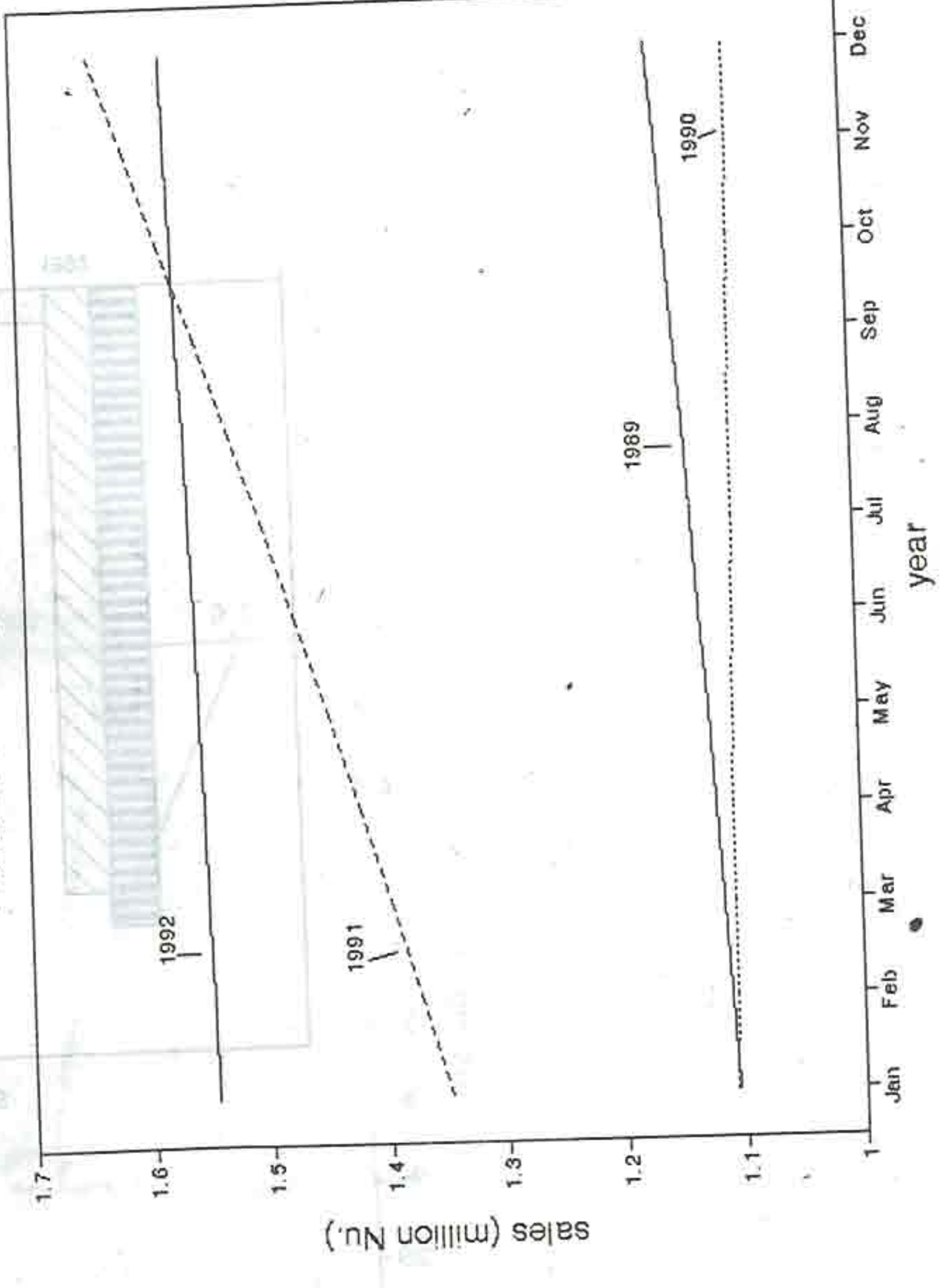
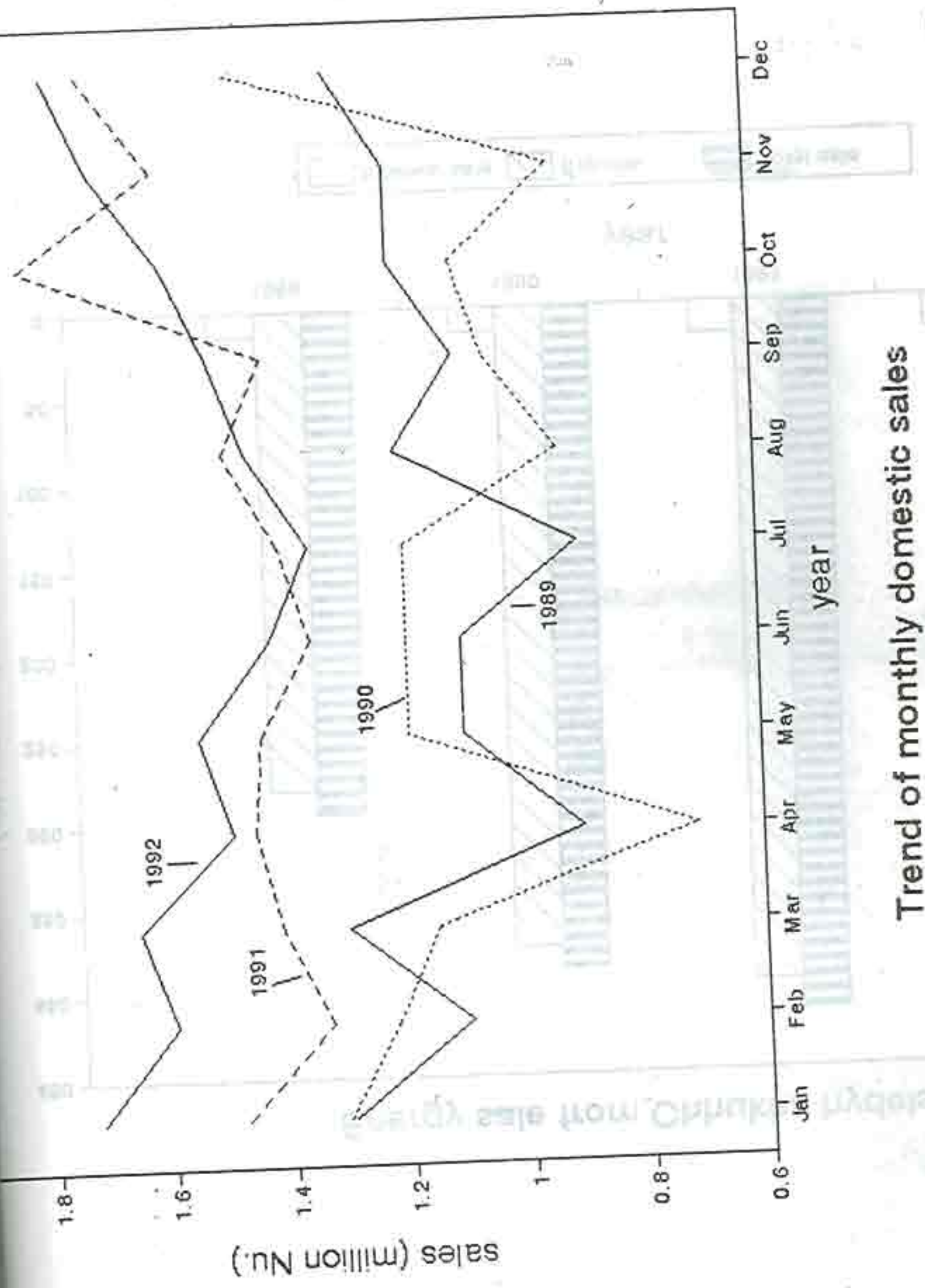


TABLE 8.6: CONSUMPTION OF ELECTRICITY BY TYPE OF CONSUMER, 1989/90 TO 1991/92

Type of consumer	1989/1990		1990/91		1991/92	
	Energy consumed (MU)	Per cent consumed	Energy consumed (MU)	Per cent consumed	Energy consumed (MU)	Per cent consumed
Domestic	9.6	7.8	18.3	12.7	18.3	11.5
Commercial & Government Offices	8.2	6.7	10.7	7.4	9.9	6.2
Industries	102.3	83.0	110.6	76.5	123.9	77.6
Bulk supply	3.0	2.4	4.9	3.4	7.4	4.6
Public lighting	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1
Total	123.3	100.0	144.7	100.0	159.7	100.0

Source: Division of Power, Thimphu

## INTRODUCTION

The main statistics of interest in the field of tourism relate to the characteristics of visitors and the details of existing tourism facilities, region of origin, and month and season of arrivals. Earnings of foreign exchange from overseas visitors is another important aspect.

Tourism industry has been an important source of hard currency for Bhutan. This sector will continue to be of significance for foreign exchange earnings.

TABLE 9.1: NUMBER OF ANNUAL TOURIST ARRIVALS TO BHUTAN  
BY COUNTRY OF RESIDENCE, 1989 TO 1992  
(persons)

Country	1989	1990	1991	1992
<b>Americas</b>				
Canada	34	377	24	45
USA	445	n.a	509	571
Brazil	0	n.a	11	0
<b>Asia/Pacific</b>				
India	0	0	4	0
Nepal	0	0	4	0
Other south Asia	0	0	25	0
Japan	317	445	631	646
Korea Republic	0	0	0	26
Thailand	14	0	0	9
Australia	4	14	91	35
New Zealand	0	0	0	12
<b>Europe</b>				
Ireland	0	0	3	0
Sweden	16	0	11	18
United Kingdom	167	n.a	156	269
Italy	10	9	113	135
Spain	0	0	22	43
Austria	4	0	21	105
Belgium	18	0	19	66
France	54	27	109	115
Germany	285	161	269	281
Netherlands	6	0	18	64
Switzerland	13	417	57	73
Europeans unspecified	48	0	9	60
Others not specified	45	88	0	190
<b>Total tourists</b>	<b>1,480</b>	<b>1,538</b>	<b>2,106</b>	<b>2,763</b>

Source: Tourism Authority of Bhutan, Thimphu

TABLE 9.2: TOURIST ARRIVALS BY COUNTRY OF RESIDENCE AND TOURISM REVENUE RECEIPTS, 1987 TO 1992

		(persons)					
Region		1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Americas							
	United States of America	715	598	445	377	509	571
	Other Americas	n.a	n.a	34	0	35	45
	All Americas	715	598	479	377	544	616
Asia and Pacific							
	Japan	379	354	317	445	631	646
	Australia	40	-	4	14	91	35
	Other Asia/Pacific	n.a	n.a	14	n.a	35	47
	All Asia Pacific	419	354	335	459	755	728
Europe							
	West Germany	381	475	285	161	269	281
	France	125	97	54	27	109	115
	Italy(a)	105	-	10	9	113	135
	United Kingdom	197	-	167	-	156	269
	Belgium	73	-	18	-	19	66
	Austria	80	-	4	n.a	21	105
	Other Europe	190	496	83	417	160	258
	All Europe	1151	1068	621	614	807	1229
Others		239	179	45	88	-	190
Total tourists (persons)		2524	1247	1480	1538	2106	2763
Tourism revenue receipts							
	Ngultrums (million)	40.	27.00	25.10	48.20	52.31	77.49
	Or						
	US Dollars (million)	-	-	-	-	2.30	2.99

(a) Included in other categories in 1988.

Source: Tourism Authority of Bhutan, Thimphu

TABLE 9.3: TOURIST ARRIVALS BY SEASON AND MONTH, 1987 TO 1992

(persons)

Season and month	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Winter	424	188	248	343	404	485
November	268	118	179	205	268	300
December	97	44	44	103	111	144
January	59	26	25	35	25	41
Spring	651	663	412	445	504	729
February	63	43	41	34	92	118
March	122	390	256	146	260	346
April	466	230	115	265	152	265
Summer	252	233	163	155	189	376
May	145	140	91	99	110	140
June	16	31	38	12	32	118
July	91	62	34	44	47	118
Autumn	1,197	1,115	657	595	1,009	1,173
August	235	147	133	84	181	117
September	253	298	154	262	402	355
October	709	670	370	249	426	701
Total tourists	2,524	2,199	1,480	1,538	2,106	2,763

Source: Tourism Authority of Bhutan, Thimphu

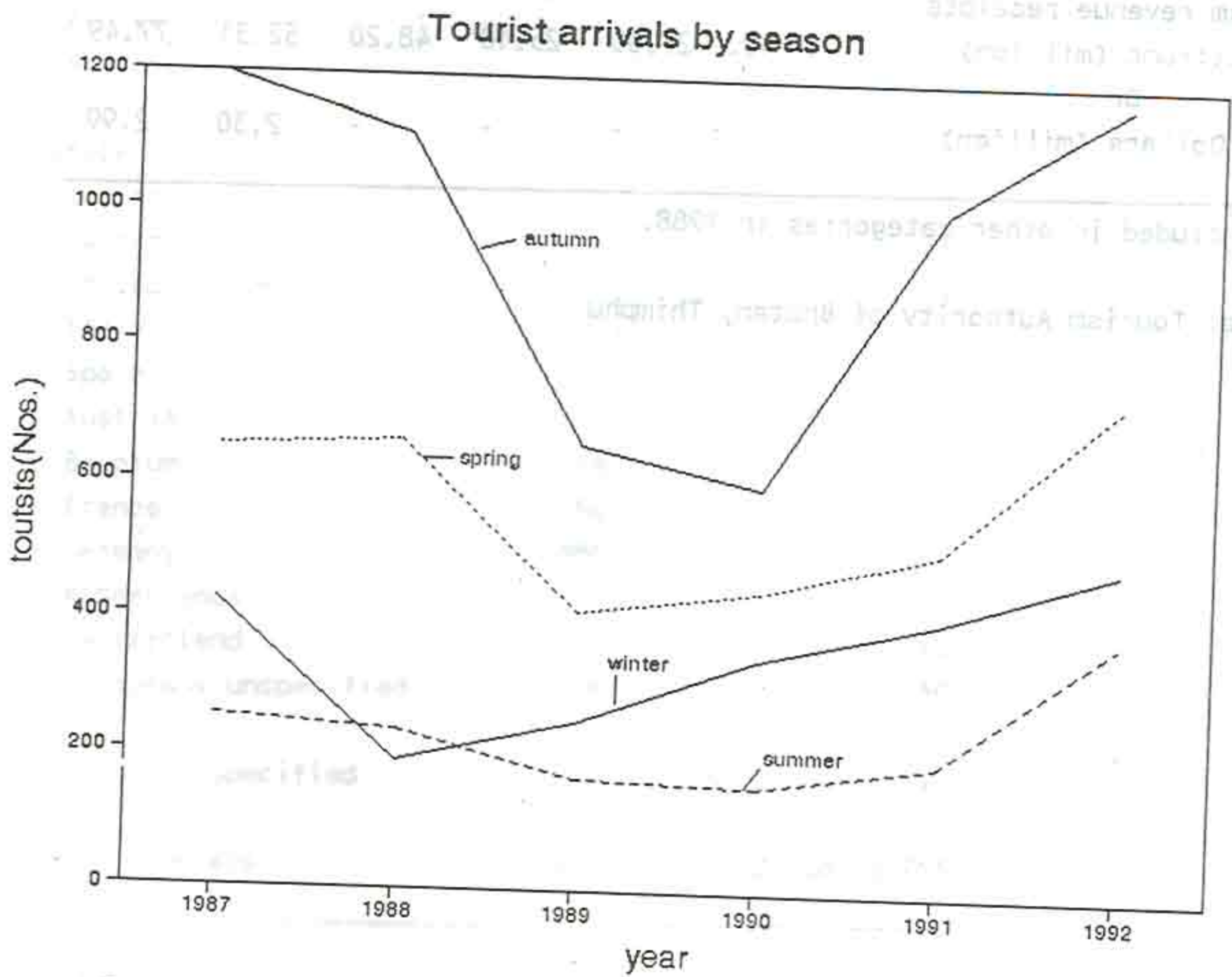


TABLE 9.4: TOURIST ARRIVALS BY PURPOSE OF VISIT, 1987 TO 1992

(persons)

Purpose	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Tour, holidays and recreation	2,082	1,616	1,227	1,288	1,527	2,175
Trekking & mountaineering	442	583	253	250	579	588
Total tourists	2,524	2,199	1,480	1,540	2,106	2,763

Source: Tourism Authority of Bhutan, Thimphu

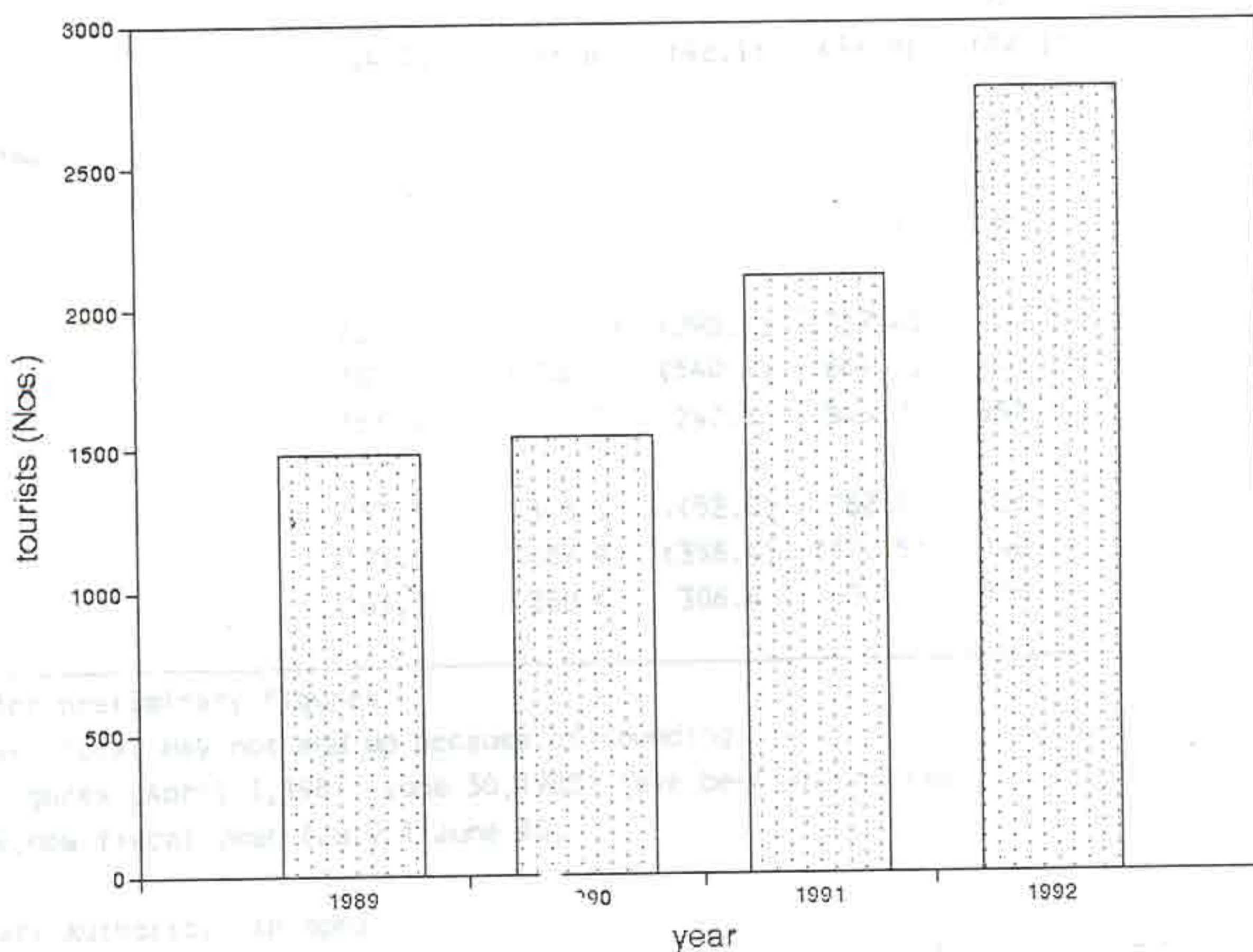
TABLE 9.5: TOURIST ARRIVALS BY MODE OF TRANSPORT, 1989 TO 1992

(persons)

Mode of transport	1989	1990	1991	1992
Air	900	n.a	1,895	2,487
Other	580	n.a	211	276
Total tourists	1,480	1,538	2,106	2,763

Source: Tourism Authority of Bhutan, Thimphu

Tourist arrivals



## CHAPTER 10: BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

### INTRODUCTION

Balance of Payments statistics are designed to show the difference between the total payments made to foreign countries and the receipts from foreign countries. Payments and receipts include imports and exports of merchandise; services and transfers (such as freight and insurance charges); expenditure by travellers; capital movements (such as loans and investments). The balance between imports and exports is measured by the trade balance. A more comprehensive picture of the balance of payments situation is obtained by including services and transfers to provide a measure of the current account balance.

The balance of payments statements also show how any negative current account balance is financed - in the case of Bhutan this is achieved through foreign aid. Any surplus of foreign aid over and above current account deficits means an increase in the foreign currency reserves of the country.

Although economic links with other countries are limited, a significant amount of aid has been received in recent years. This has enabled a substantial increase in imports from these countries. Exports to third countries continue to be very low. Reliance is placed on inflows of aid for the financing of imports. Balance of payments statistics in Bhutan are compiled by the Reserve Monetary Authority based on information from its own accounts and those of the Bank of Bhutan, together with information on imports and exports.

TABLE 10.1: BALANCE OF PAYMENTS ESTIMATES, 1987/88 TO 1991/92 (a)

(million Nu.)

Item	1987/88 (b)	1988/89 (c)	1989/90	1990/91	1991/92 (pre)
Exports, fob	705.2	1,040.7	1,132.3	1,308.5	1,632.0
India	695.7	989.3	985.9	1,129.6	1,465.1
Other	9.5	51.5	146.4	178.9	166.8
Imports, cif	(1,194.6)	(1,874.5)	(1,613.9)	(1,525.5)	(2,148.5)
India	970.1	(1,204.7)	(1,318.8)	(1,254.9)	(1,814.1)
Other	(224.5)	(669.8)	(295.1)	(270.5)	(334.4)
Trade balance	(489.4)	(833.8)	(481.6)	(217.0)	(516.6)
India	(274.4)	(215.5)	(332.9)	(125.4)	(349.0)
Other	(215.0)	(618.3)	(148.7)	(91.6)	(167.6)
Services & transfer receipts	301.2	365.5	478.5	464.9	583.5
India	194.7	218.5	231.6	228.7	235.1
Other	106.5	147.0	246.8	236.2	348.4
Services & transfer payments	(544.9)	(603.2)	(472.3)	(561.2)	(706.4)
India	(373.5)	(394.4)	(265.1)	(342.2)	(402.5)
Other	(171.4)	(208.9)	(207.2)	(219.0)	(303.9)
Current account balance	(733.1)	(1,071.5)	(475.4)	(313.3)	(639.5)
India	(453.2)	(391.3)	(366.3)	(238.8)	(516.4)
Other	(279.9)	(680.2)	(109.1)	(74.4)	(123.1)
Foreign aid	1,179.9	1,155.2	763.6	1,037.4	990.2
India	828.7	868.6	548.1	730.4	554.6
Other	351.2	286.5	215.6	306.9	435.6
Other loans	(64.0)	336.6	(42.1)	(52.0)	213.7
India	-	-	-	-	286.0
Other	(64.0)	336.6	(42.1)	(52.0)	(72.3)
Foreign Direct Investment	-	-	-	7.7	22.3
India	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	7.7	22.3
Errors and omissions	(25.5)	(71.9)	(298.1)	(317.4)	80.2
India	(181.9)	(389.4)	(540.2)	(664.1)	(472.4)
Other	156.4	317.5	242.1	346.7	552.6
Overall balance	357.3	348.3	(52.0)	362.4	666.9
India	193.6	(87.9)	(358.4)	(172.5)	(148.2)
Other	163.7	260.4	306.4	534.9	815.1

Note: (Pre) stands for preliminary figures

(a) Revised estimates. Total may not add up because of rounding

(b) Fifteen months figures (April 1, 1987 - June 30, 1988) have been annualized

(c) Starting 1988/89, new fiscal year (July 1 - June 30)

Source: Royal Monetary Authority, Thimphu



TABLE 10.2: VALUE OF EXPORTS AND IMPORTS, BHUTAN, 1987 TO 1992

(millions Nu.)

Item	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Exports	715.0	1042.0	1132.3	1192.4	1478.9	1738.2
India	702.4	989.8	985.9	1011.3	1338.0	1455.8
Third Countries	12.6	52.2	146.4	181.1	140.9	282.4
Imports	1,124.2	1772.7	1464.7	1368.0	2197.2	3254.1
India	899.7	1108.9	1214.8	1143.0	1651.5	1745.4
Third Countries	224.5	663.8	249.9	225.0	545.7	1508.7
Balance of trade	-409.2	-730.7	-332.4	-175.6	-718.3	-1515.9
India	-197.3	-119.1	-228.9	-131.7	-313.5	-289.6
Third countries	-211.9	-611.6	-103.5	-43.9	-404.8	-1226.3

Source: Division of Revenue & Customs and CSO, Thimphu

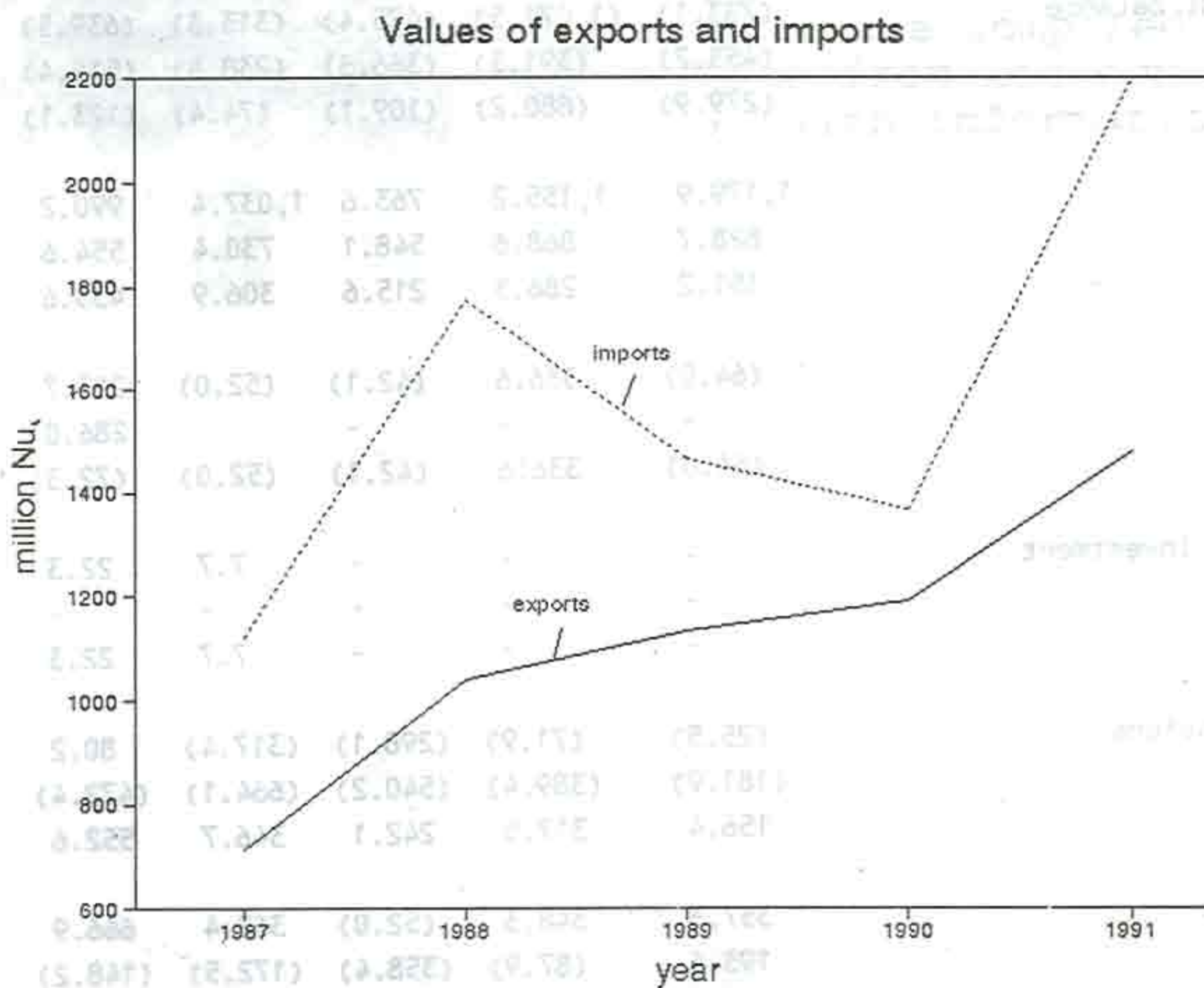


TABLE 10.3: TEN LEADING COMMODITIES OF EXPORT AND IMPORT, BY REGION, CALANDER YEAR 1991

(million Nu.)

Commodity	India	Third countries	Total value	Share (%)
<b>Exports</b>				
Electric energy	397.25	0.00	397.25	26.9
Calcium carbide	289.18	0.15	289.33	19.6
Cement	140.72	4.14	144.86	9.8
Block boards	88.63	0.00	88.63	6.0
Cardamom	34.65	29.78	64.43	4.4
Oranges	7.53	44.56	52.09	3.5
Sawn timber	46.39	0.85	47.24	3.2
Particle boards	45.56	0.63	46.19	3.1
Mixture of fruit & vegetable juices	41.08	3.01	44.09	3.0
Apples	0.98	35.94	36.92	2.5
<b>Imports</b>				
Agriculture equipments	1.62	161.82	163.44	7.4
Rice	128.52	0.00	128.52	5.8
Passenger motor cars	20.66	73.62	94.28	4.3
Diesel	81.09	0.00	81.09	3.7
Wheat	80.78	5.94	86.72	3.9
Power project equipment		68.96	68.96	3.1
Truck chassis	53.08	0.00	53.08	2.4
Beer	50.64	0.00	50.64	2.3
Petrol	43.83	0.00	43.83	2.0
Sugar	41.52	0.00	41.52	1.9

Source: -Division of Revenue & Customs and CSO, Thimphu

TABLE 10.4: TEN LEADING COMMODITIES OF EXPORT AND IMPORT WITH INDIA, 1991

Commodity	Value (million Nu.)	Share (%)
<b>Exports</b>	<b>397.25</b>	<b>29.7</b>
Electrical energy	289.18	21.6
Calcium carbide	140.72	10.5
Cement	88.63	6.6
Block board	46.39	3.5
Sawn timber	45.37	3.4
Particle board	41.08	3.1
Mixture of fruit/vegetable juices	34.65	2.6
Cardamom	31.91	2.4
Atta and maida	26.27	2.0
Plywood		
<b>Imports</b>	<b>128.52</b>	<b>7.8</b>
Rice	81.09	4.9
Diesel	80.78	4.9
Wheat	53.08	3.2
Truck chassis	50.64	3.1
Beer	43.83	2.7
Petrol	41.52	2.5
Sugar	33.85	2.0
Motor cycle & scooters	32.32	2.0
Tyres, tubes for buses and trucks	29.87	1.8
Cotton fabrics		

Source: Division of Revenue and Customs and CSO, Thimphu

TABLE 10.7: GROSS INTERNATIONAL RESERVES, 1987/88 TO 1991/1992

Commodity	Value (million US \$)				
	1987/88	1988/89	1989/90	1990/91	1991/92
Money reserves					
Rupee reserves (million)	689.00	776.90	418.40	246.00	97.80
Royal Monetary Authority	12.34	81.05	14.85	25.77	10.86
Bank of Bhutan	676.61	695.83	403.59	220.18	86.94
Convertible currency (million US \$)	40.20	50.10	65.00	78.78	95.96
Royal Monetary Authority	37.93	47.57	62.46	76.66	93.32
Royal Government (a)	-	-	-	-	-
Bank of Bhutan	2.27	2.49	2.53	2.11	2.64
Royal Insurance Corporation	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.00
All reserves (million US \$)	89.05	97.08	88.98	90.39	99.74

(a) Including reserve tranche position in the Fund

Source: Royal Monetary Authority, Thimphu

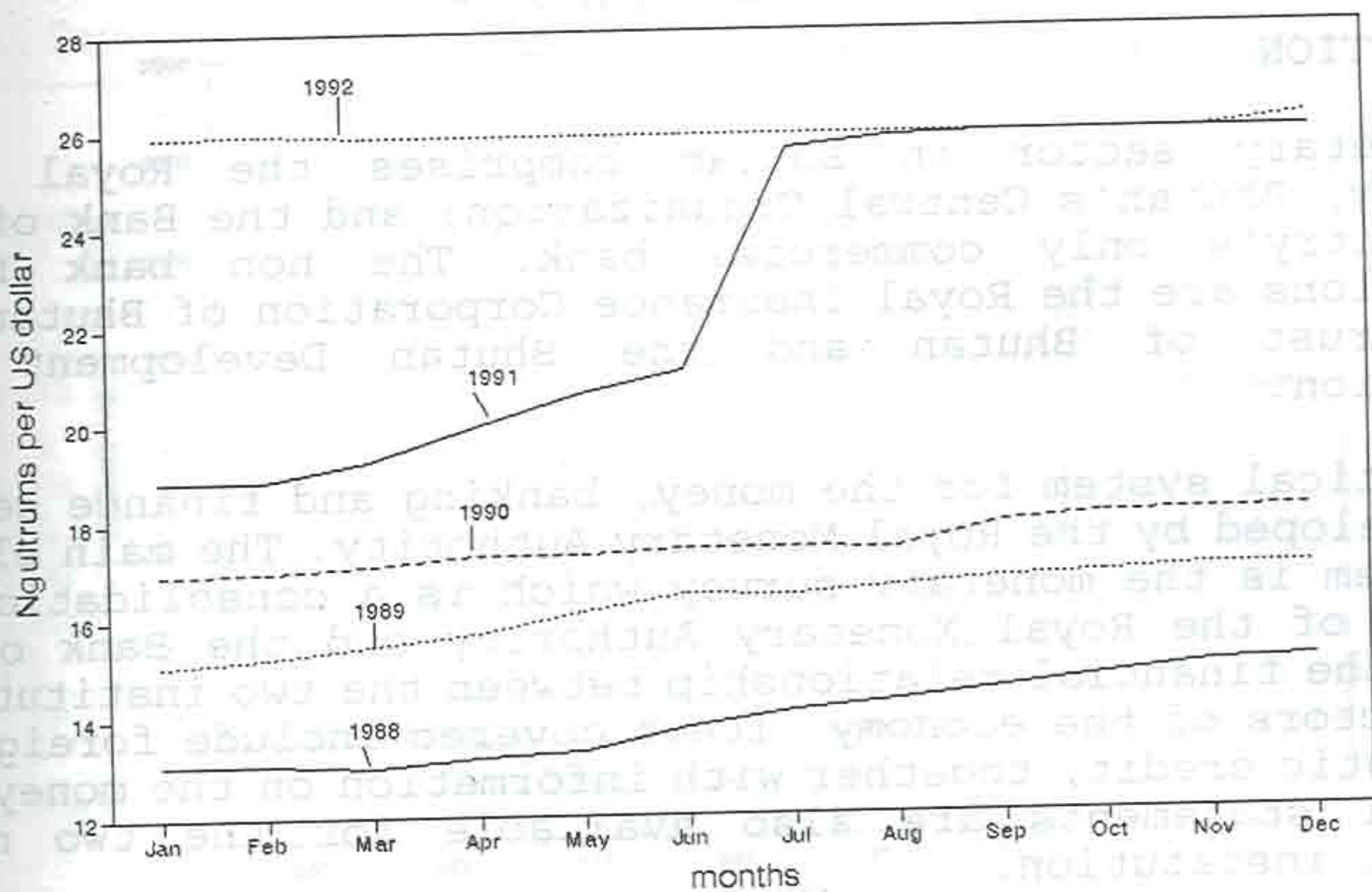
TABLE 10.8: MONTHLY AVERAGE EXCHANGE RATES, NGULTRUMS TO US DOLLAR, 1988 TO 1992

Month	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
January	13.06	15.11	16.97	18.83	25.92
February	13.07	15.25	17.00	18.85	25.93
March	13.00	15.48	17.12	19.24	25.89
April	13.20	15.73	17.28	19.94	25.89
May	13.31	16.12	17.32	20.58	25.89
June	13.77	16.46	17.43	21.06	25.89
July	14.09	16.44	17.42	25.58	25.89
August	14.25	16.61	17.38	25.81	25.89
September	14.49	16.76	17.87	25.88	25.89
October	14.74	16.86	18.05	25.87	25.89
November	14.98	16.94	18.09	25.89	25.89
December	15.05	16.94	18.12	25.88	26.16
Calendar year	13.92	16.23	17.50	22.74	25.92
Fiscal year	12.97	15.15	16.97	18.74	25.86

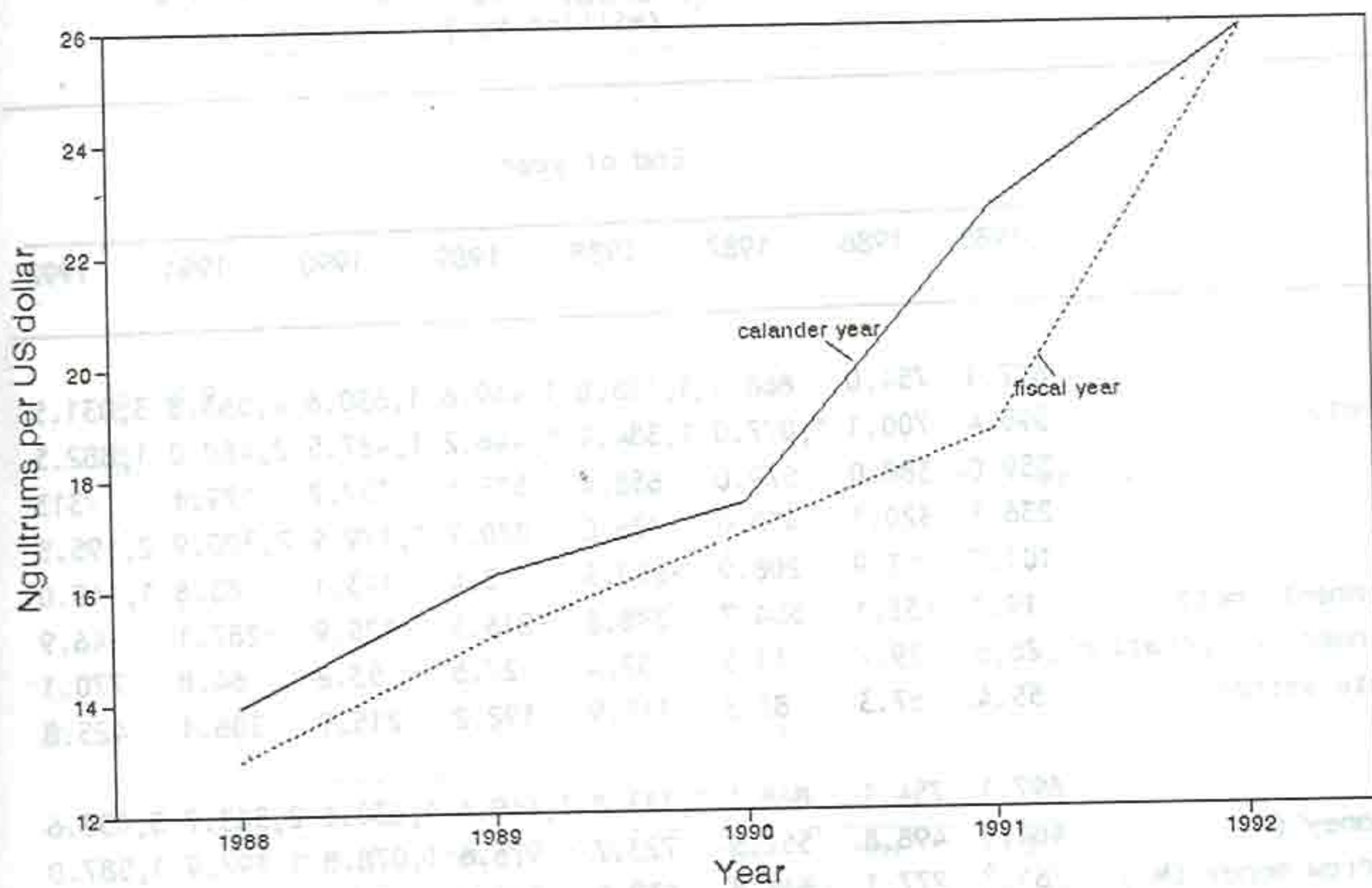
(1987/88)(1988/89)(1989/90)(1990/91)(1991/92)

Source: Royal Monetary Authority, Thimphu

Exchange rates of Ngultrums to US\$  
(refer table 10.8)



Exchange rates of Ngultrums to US\$  
(refer table 10.8)



## INTRODUCTION

The monetary sector in Bhutan comprises the Royal Monetary Authority, Bhutan's Central Organization; and the Bank of Bhutan, the country's only commercial bank. The non bank financial institutions are the Royal Insurance Corporation of Bhutan and the Units Trust of Bhutan and the Bhutan Development Finance Corporation.

A statistical system for the money, banking and finance sector has been developed by the Royal Monetary Authority. The main element of the system is the monetary survey which is a consolidation of the accounts of the Royal Monetary Authority and the Bank of Bhutan showing the financial relationship between the two institutions and other sectors of the economy. Items covered include foreign and domestic credit, together with information on the money supply. Financial statements are also available for the two non bank financial institutions.

Royal Securities Exchange was established in 1993 and the trading turn over since then has been quite encouraging. The Royal Securities Exchange of Bhutan will act as a market place where stocks will be issued by companies aiming to raise funds. In effect, individuals and parties can invest their excess funds or save through the purchase of stocks.

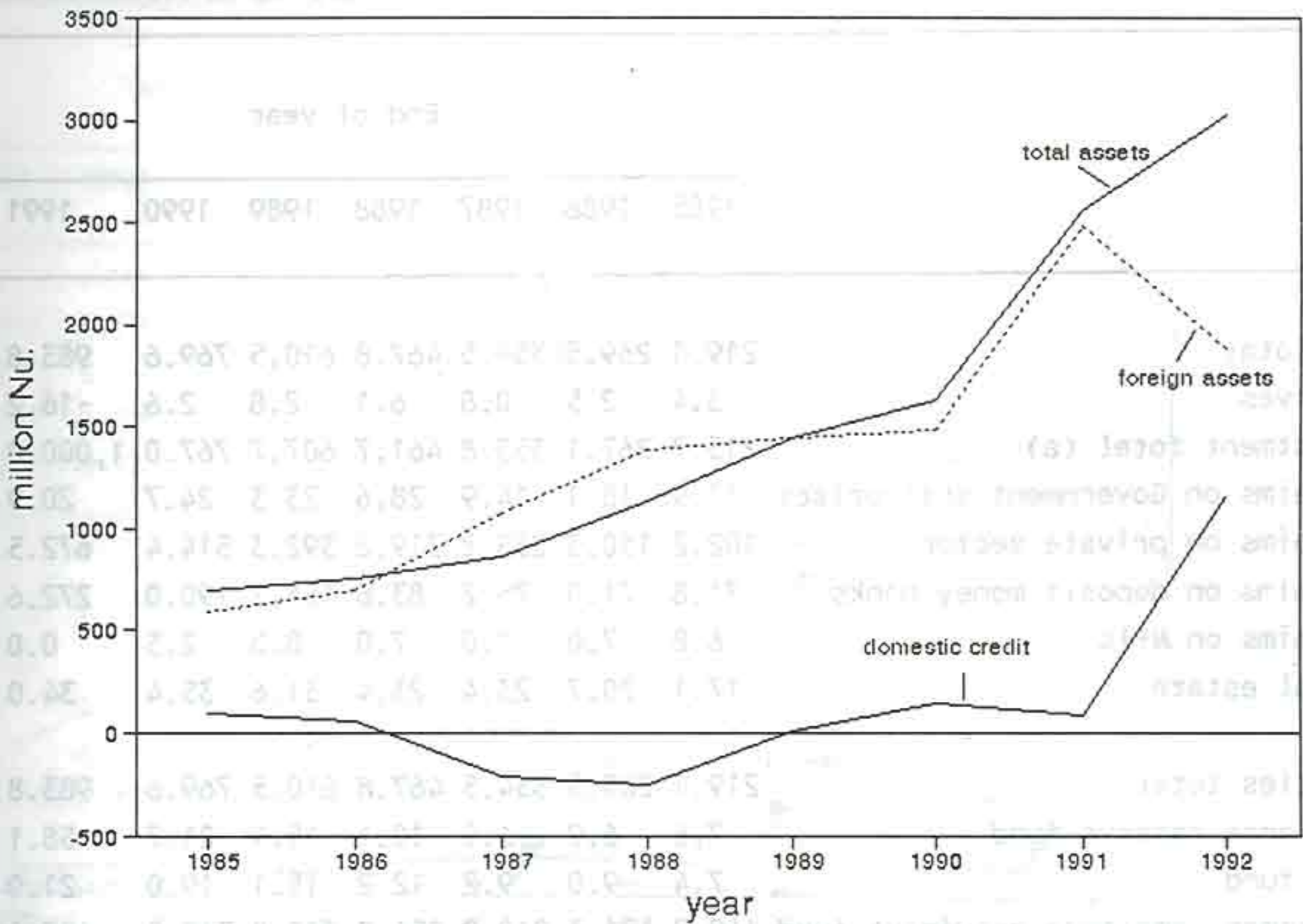
TABLE 11.1: MONETARY SURVEY (a), ROYAL MONETARY AUTHORITY AND BANK OF BHUTAN, 1985 TO 1992  
(million Nu.)

Item	End of year							
	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Total assets	697.1	754.0	868.1	1,133.8	1,449.6	1,630.6	2,563.8	3,031.5
Foreign assets (net)	595.4	700.1	1,077.0	1,384.4	1,446.2	1,487.5	2,480.0	1,882.5
Rupee	359.0	380.0	579.0	658.4	575.5	307.7	179.1	-313
Other	236.5	320.1	498.0	726.0	870.7	1,179.9	2,300.9	2,195.5
Domestic credit	101.7	53.9	-208.9	-250.5	3.4	143.1	83.8	1,149.0
Claims on Government (net)	19.7	-33.1	-304.7	-398.8	-216.5	-125.9	-287.1	-46.9
Claims on Government corporation	26.6	19.7	13.5	32.4	27.6	53.2	64.8	770.1
Claims on private sector	55.4	67.3	82.3	115.9	192.2	215.9	306.1	425.8
Total liabilities	697.1	754.1	868.1	1,133.8	1,449.6	1,630.6	2,563.7	3,031.6
Liquidity-Broad money (M2)	464.0	498.8	552.5	723.7	976.6	1,078.8	1,397.9	1,587.0
Money supply-Narrow money (M1)	261.7	277.1	316.8	412.0	546.3	539.6	749.7	840.9
Currency outside banks	70.4	90.7	103.5	149.1	188.1	194.1	246.0	345.0
Demand deposits	191.3	186.3	213.3	263.0	358.2	345.4	503.7	495.9
Quasi-money	202.3	221.8	235.7	311.6	430.2	539.3	648.2	746.1
Other items (net)	233.1	255.2	315.6	410.2	473.0	551.8	1,165.8	1,444.6

(a) Revised data, excluding rupees in circulation

Source: Royal Monetary Authority and Bank of Bhutan

### Assets- Monetary Survey(Royal Monetary Authority and Bank of Bhutan)



### Liabilities - Monetary Survey(Royal Monetary Authority & Bank of Bhutan)

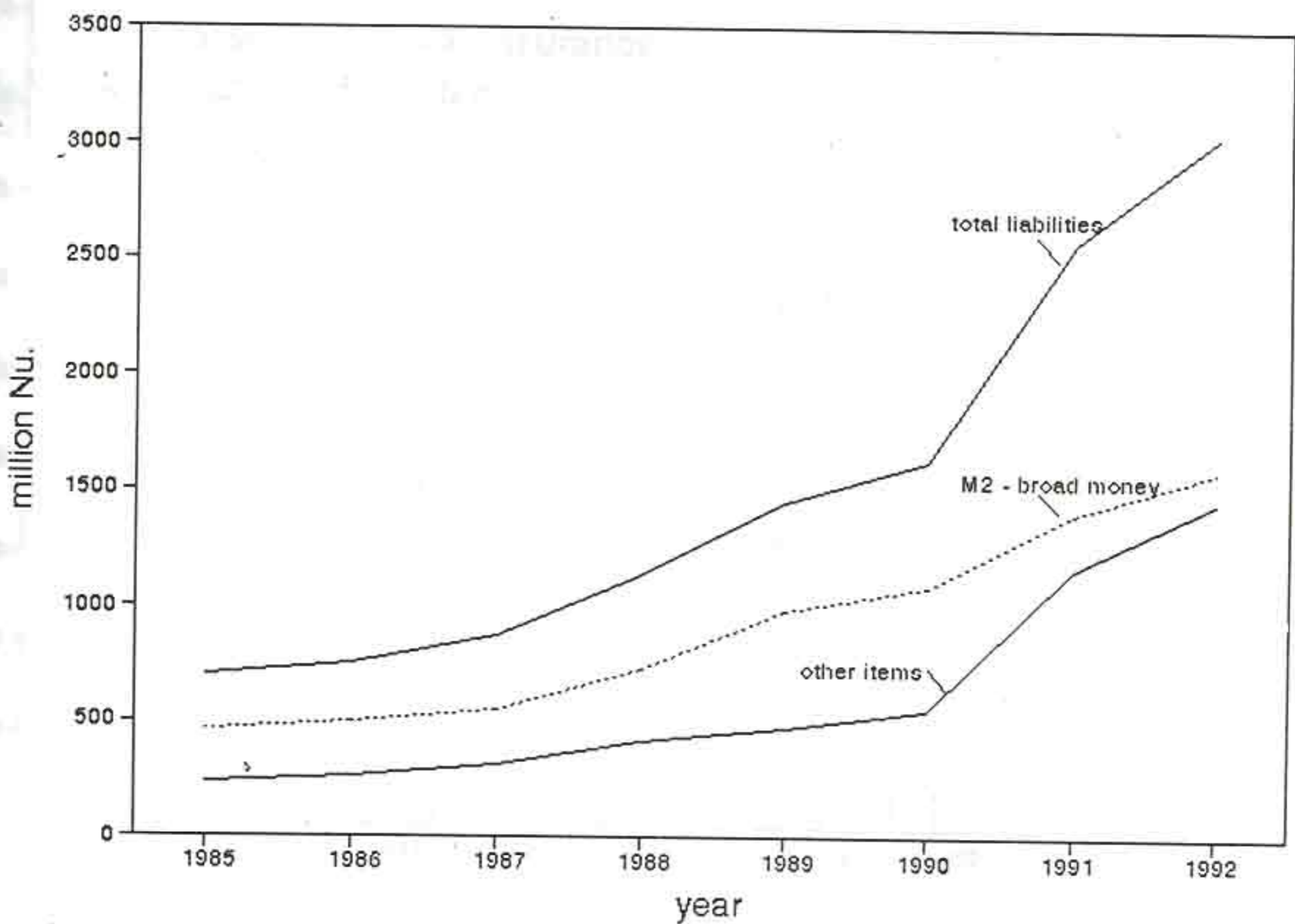


TABLE 11.2: FINANCIAL DETAILS OF ROYAL INSURANCE CORPORATION OF BHUTAN, 1985 TO 1992  
(millions Nu.)

Item	End of year							
	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Assets total	219.1	269.5	354.5	467.8	610.5	769.6	983.8	675.3
Reserves	3.4	2.5	0.8	6.1	2.8	2.6	-16.2	0.6
Investment total (a)	215.7	267.1	353.8	461.7	607.7	767.0	1,000.0	674.7
Claims on Government enterprises	17.9	18.1	14.9	28.6	23.3	24.7	20.9	20.1
Claims on private sector	102.2	150.3	233.2	319.2	392.3	514.4	672.5	498.6
Claims on deposit money banks	71.8	71.0	75.2	83.6	151.7	190.0	272.6	115.5
Claims on NFIs	6.8	7.0	7.0	7.0	8.8	2.5	0.0	0.0
Real estate	17.1	20.7	23.4	23.4	31.6	35.4	34.0	40.5
Liabilities total	219.1	269.5	354.5	467.8	610.5	769.6	983.8	675.3
Insurance reserve fund	7.6	6.9	6.9	10.1	15.9	21.7	58.1	61.2
Life fund	7.4	9.0	9.2	12.2	15.1	19.0	21.0	23.8
Government employee provident fund	149.2	171.3	210.8	254.2	312.8	368.0	407.0	505.8
Unit Trust of Bhutan fund	66.0	92.1	145.4	209.9	247.6	318.3	402.5	0.0
Capital accounts	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
Other items (net)	-23.1	-21.77	-29.7	-30.5	7.1	30.6	83.3	72.5

Note: NFIs stands for Non monetary financial institutes

(a) Including Unit Trust of Bhutan funds

Source: Royal Insurance Corporation of Bhutan



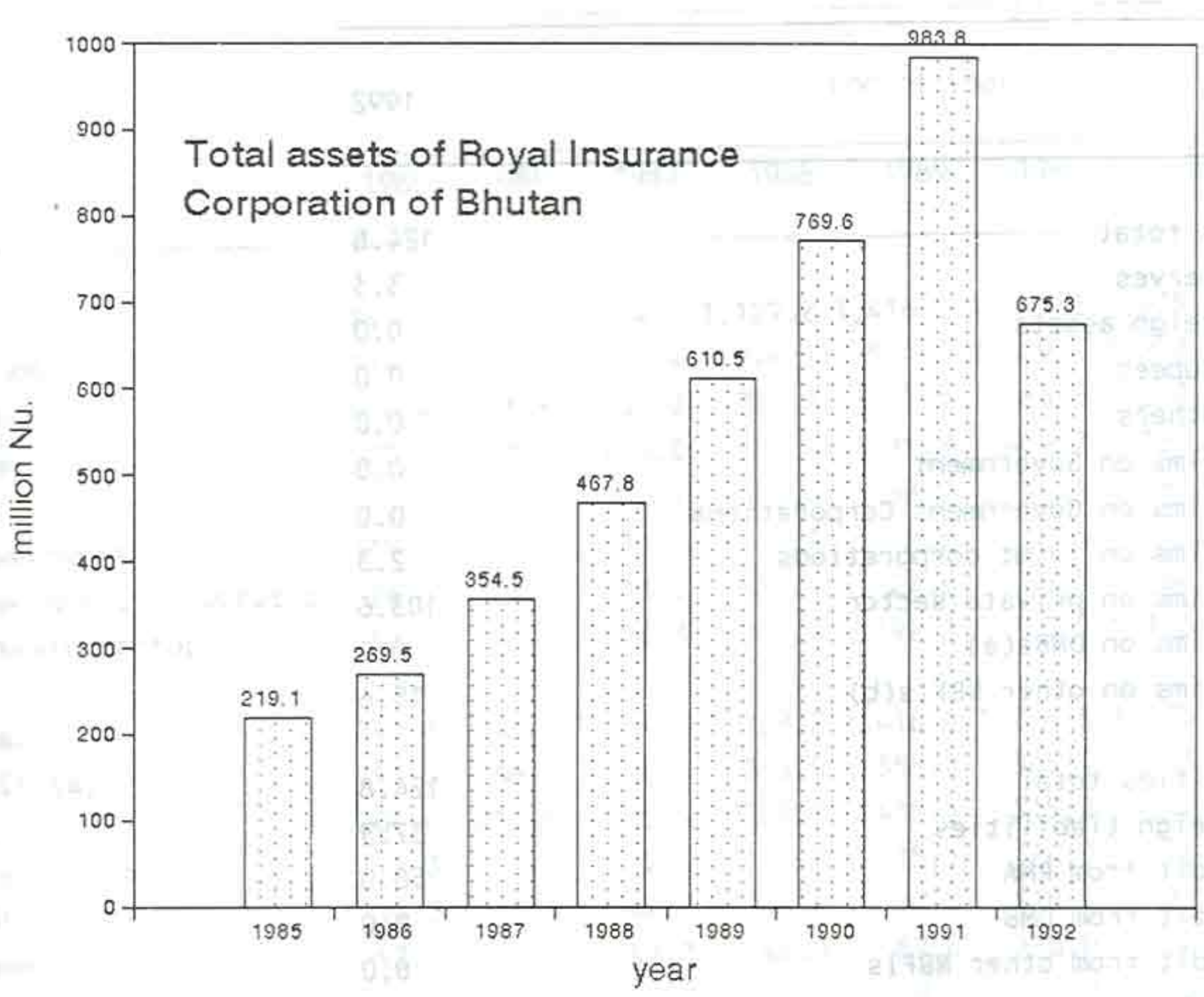
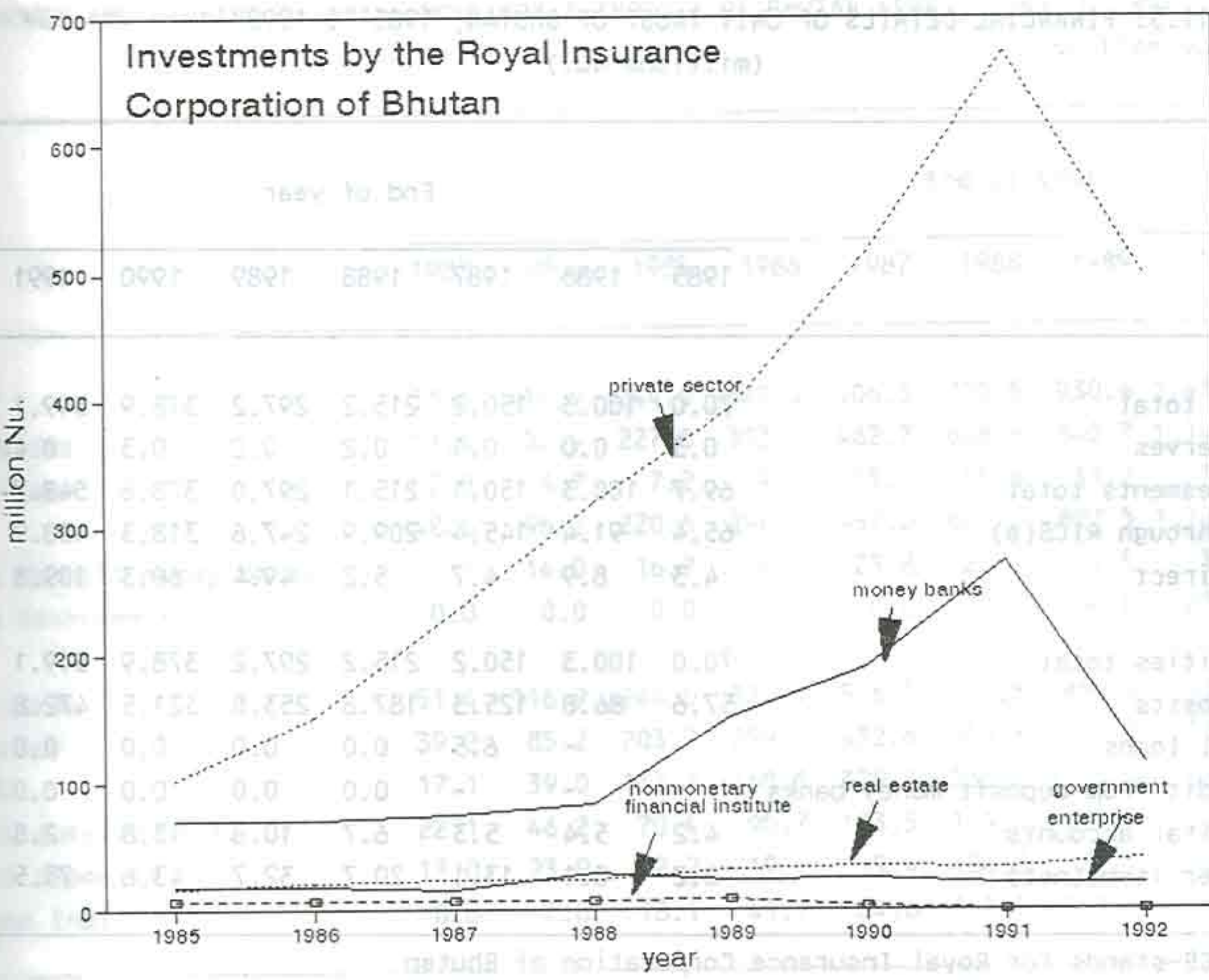


TABLE 11.3: FINANCIAL DETAILS OF UNIT TRUST OF BHUTAN, 1985 TO 1992  
(millions Nu.)

Item	End of year							
	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Assets total	70.0	100.3	150.2	215.2	297.2	378.9	549.1	729.0
Reserves	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.0
Invesments total	69.7	100.3	150.1	215.1	297.0	378.6	548.7	728.0
Through RICB(a)	65.4	91.4	145.4	209.9	247.6	318.3	438.9	0.0
Direct	4.3	8.9	4.7	5.2	49.4	60.3	109.8	728.0
Liabilities total	70.0	100.3	150.2	215.2	297.2	378.9	549.1	729.0
Deposits	57.6	86.8	125.3	187.8	253.8	321.5	472.8	572.0
Call loans	-	-	6.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Credit from deposit money banks	-	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Capital accounts	4.2	5.4	5.3	6.7	10.8	13.8	2.8	2.0
Other items(net)	8.2	8.1	13.1	20.7	32.7	43.6	73.5	153.0

(a) RICB stands for Royal Insurance Corporation of Bhutan

Source: Unit Trust of Bhutan, Thimphu

TABLE 11.4: MONEY AND BANKING DETAILS OF BHUTAN DEVELOPMENT  
FINANCE CORPORATION, 1992

(million Nu.)

Item	1992
Assets total	124.8
Reserves	3.3
Foreign assets	0.0
Rupees	0.0
Others	0.0
Claims on Government	0.0
Claims on Government Corporations	0.0
Claims on joint corporations	2.3
Claims on private sector	103.6
Claims on DMBs(a)	0.0
Claims on other NBFIs(b)	15.6
Liabilities total	124.8
Foreign liabilities	37.3
Credit from RMA	50.0
Credit from DMB	0.0
Credit from other NBFIs	0.0
Grants	7.9
Capital accounts	34.4
Other items net	-4.8

Note: The summary exclude Agriculture Credit Program

(a) Deposits other than demand deposit

(b) represents purchase of unit shares of UTB

Source: Royal Monetary Authority, Thimphu

TABLE 11.5: MONEY AND BANKING OF ROYAL MONETARY AUTHORITY OF BHUTAN (RMA), 1983 TO 1992  
(million Nu.)

Item	End of year									
	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Assets total	51.4	116.9	244.0	320.4	506.5	720.5	930.6	1,418.9	2,457.0	2,241.9
Foreign assets	51.4	102.9	227.8	303.6	482.7	696.6	840.7	1,144.8	2,268.1	2,027.2
Indian rupee	2.8	6.7	7.2	9.4	15.7	15.6	33.2	16.0	28.6	21.7
Other	48.6	96.2	220.6	294.2	467.0	681.0	807.5	1,128.8	2,239.5	2,005.5
Claims on deposit money banks	-	14.0	16.2	16.8	23.8	23.9	29.5	38.6	47.7	43.7
Claims on Government	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	60.4	235.5	141.2	171.0
Liabilities total	51.4	116.9	244.0	320.4	506.5	720.5	930.6	1,418.9	2,457.0	2,241.9
Reserve money	39.2	85.2	203.7	259.2	432.6	384.3	691.2	1,259.6	1,592.7	1,256.5
With RMA	17.1	39.0	133.3	168.5	329.1	235.2	503.5	1,065.5	1,346.7	911.5
Currency outside banks	22.1	46.2	70.4	90.7	103.5	149.1	187.7	194.1	246.0	345.0
Government deposits	13.0	23.9	22.2	19.4	9.4	180.3	77.5	65.0	116.4	20.2
Other items (net)	-0.8	7.8	18.1	41.7	64.6	155.8	161.9	94.4	747.9	965.2

Source: Royal Monetary Authority of Bhutan.

TABLE 11.6: MONEY AND BANKING, BANK OF BHUTAN, 1985 TO 1992  
(million Nu.)

Item	End of year							
	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Assets total	741.8	768.1	1,054.9	1,129.2	1,416.9	1,741.8	1,975.2	2,238.9
Reserve with RMA	119.3	143.1	310.4	244.2	501.7	1,009.4	1,252.8	827.9
Foreign assets	420.9	433.8	637.0	733.8	692.9	460.8	348.8	212.5
Indian rupee	405.0	407.9	606.0	688.8	629.7	409.7	287.3	22.6
Other	15.9	25.9	30.9	45.0	63.2	51.1	61.5	190.0
Claims on Government	119.6	104.2	11.8	2.9	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.5
Claims on Government Corporation	26.6	19.7	13.5	32.4	27.6	53.2	64.8	770.1
Claims on private sector	55.4	67.3	82.3	115.9	192.2	715.9	306.1	425.8
Liabilities total	741.8	768.1	1,054.9	1,129.2	1,416.9	1,741.8	1,975.2	2,238.9
Demand deposit (a)	191.3	186.3	213.3	263.0	358.2	345.4	503.7	495.9
Time deposit	201.0	212.6	223.4	289.1	415.1	515.2	622.2	691.1
Foreign currency deposits	1.3	9.1	12.3	22.5	15.1	24.0	26.0	55.0
Foreign liabilities	53.3	37.3	42.7	46.0	87.4	118.0	137.0	357.2
Indian rupee	53.3	37.3	42.7	46.0	87.4	118.0	136.9	357.2
Other	-	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Government deposits	77.7	117.8	307.1	221.4	201.8	299.1	314.5	200.5
Credit from RMA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital accounts	132.6	150.1	175.9	176.9	229.2	240.1	236.0	533.9
Other items (net)	84.7	54.8	80.3	110.3	110.0	199.9	169.0	-94.4

(a) savings deposits included in demand deposits

Source: Royal Monetary Authority, Thimphu

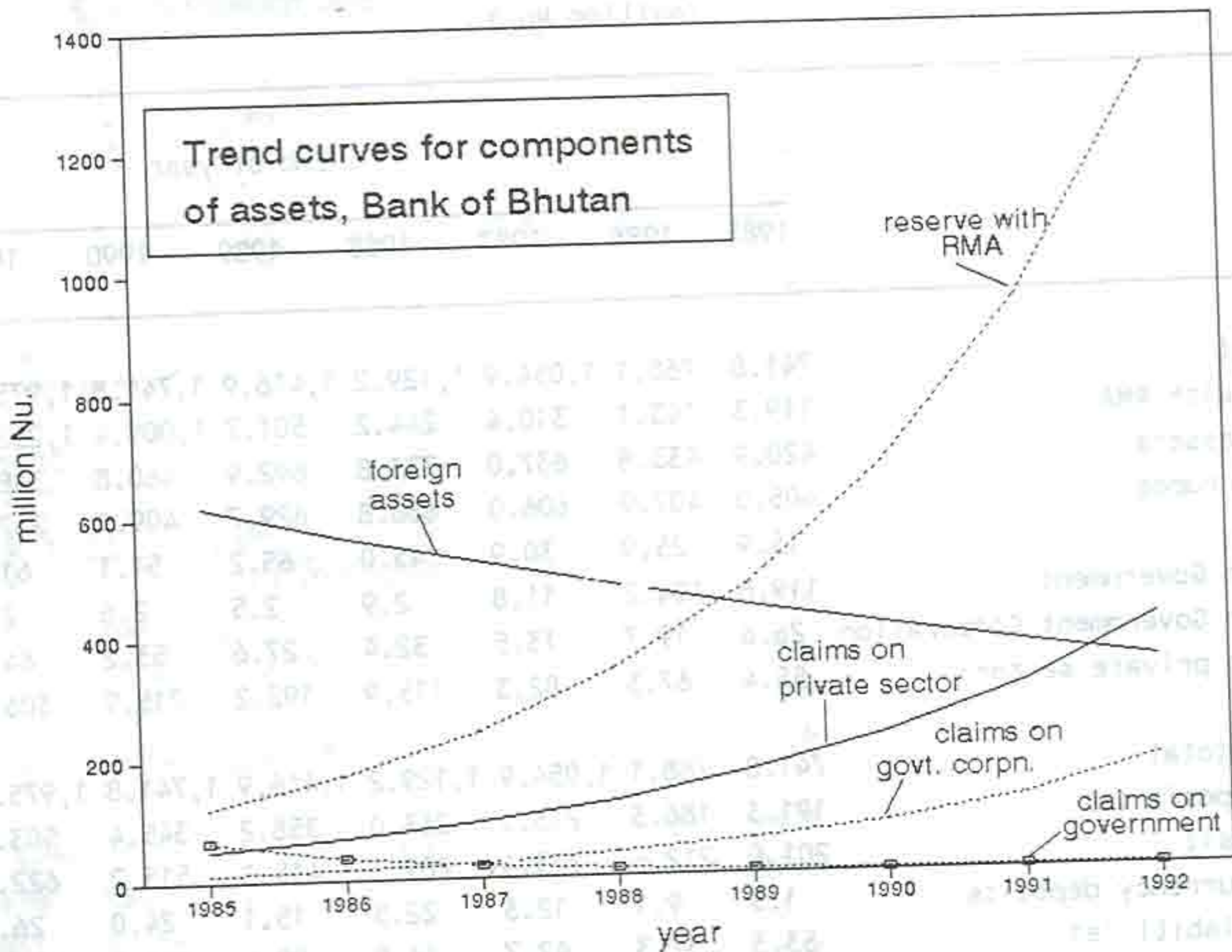
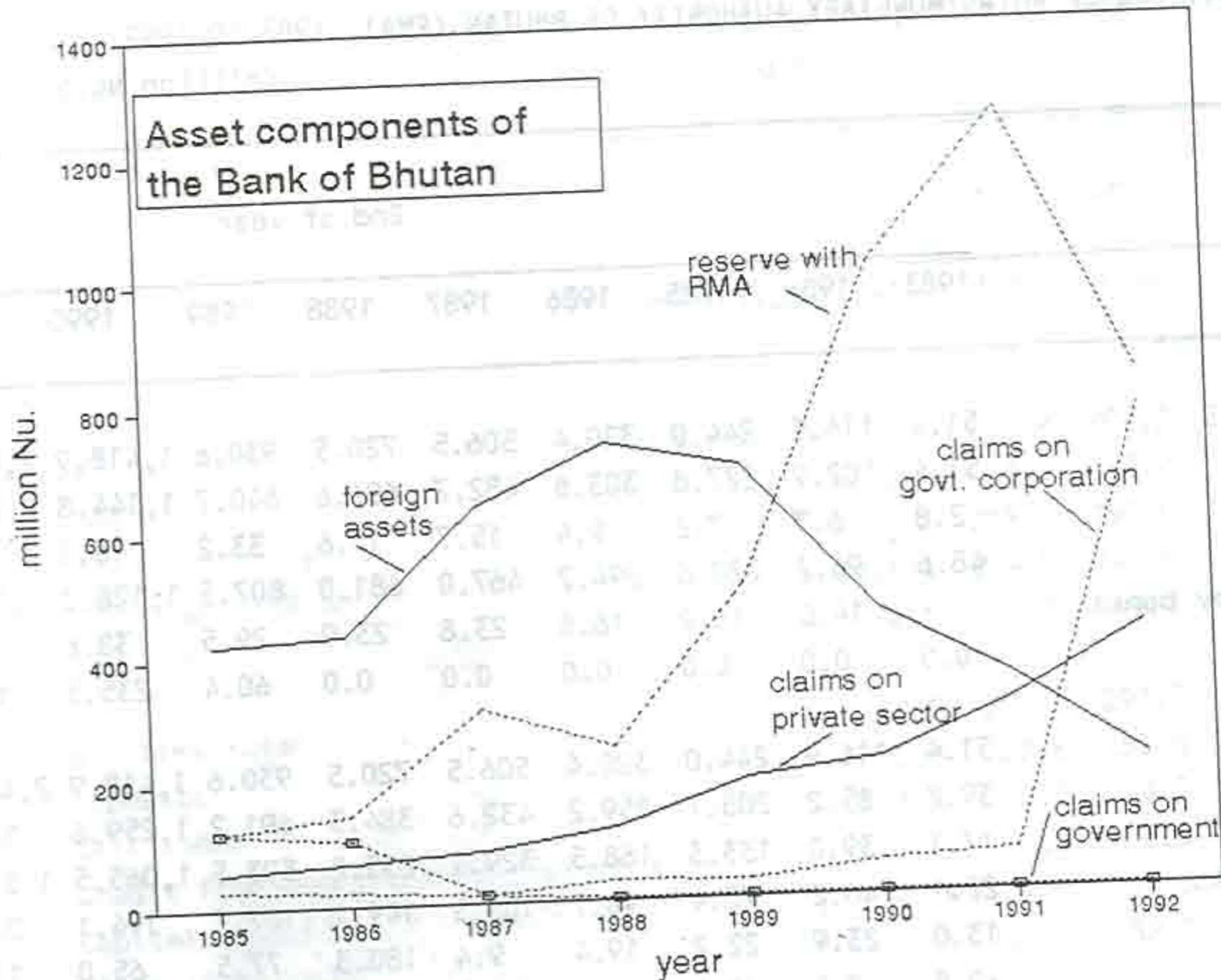


TABLE 11.7: INVESTMENTS OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTION BY INDUSTRY(a), AMOUNTS OUTSTANDING, 1985 TO 1992

(million Nu.)

Industry	End of year							
	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Agriculture	15.2	18.5	21.4	21.3	26.5	35.9	55.4	86.4
Bank of Bhutan	n.a	n.a	n.a	3.8	4.9	5.4	4.0	6.1
Royal Insurance Corporation of Bhutan	n.a	n.a	n.a	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bhutan Development Finance Corporation	n.a	n.a	n.a	17.5	21.6	30.5	51.4	80.2
Unit Trust of Bhutan	n.a	n.a	n.a	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Industry, Manufacturing	67.2	72.3	58.2	119.5	147.7	220.4	307.1	452.1
Bank of Bhutan	n.a	n.a	n.a	49.2	53.7	78.4	105.5	163.1
Royal Insurance Corporation of Bhutan	n.a	n.a	n.a	69.5	85.3	124.3	167.8	124.6
Bhutan Development Finance Corporation	n.a	n.a	n.a	0.8	8.7	17.7	33.8	57.1
Unit Trust of Bhutan	n.a	n.a	n.a	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	107.4
Building and construction	89.4	135.1	200.7	240.1	272.3	294.9	344.3	473.6
Bank of Bhutan	n.a	n.a	n.a	15.6	16.2	18.7	24.7	79.3
Royal Insurance Corporation of Bhutan	n.a	n.a	n.a	224.5	256.1	276.2	319.6	246.9
Bhutan Development Finance Corporation	n.a	n.a	n.a	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8
Unit Trust of Bhutan	n.a	n.a	n.a	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	146.5
Trade and commerce	18.0	19.8	32.8	78.0	127.8	181.7	254.9	328.1
Bank of Bhutan	n.a	n.a	n.a	38.5	61.6	76.0	108.2	155.1
Royal Insurance Corporation of Bhutan	n.a	n.a	n.a	38.8	66.2	105.7	146.7	112.9
Bhutan Development Finance Corporation	n.a	n.a	n.a	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.1
Unit Trust of Bhutan	n.a	n.a	n.a	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	58.0
Transport	30.9	26.4	28.7	41.3	56.0	96.6	126.8	751.0
Bank of Bhutan	n.a	n.a	n.a	10.2	22.8	39.2	57.7	665.8
Royal Insurance Corporation of Bhutan	n.a	n.a	n.a	31.1	33.2	57.4	69.1	50.2
Bhutan Development Finance Corporation	n.a	n.a	n.a	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Unit Trust of Bhutan	n.a	n.a	n.a	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	35.1
Personal and other loans	30.2	37.9	32.5	93.0	167.2	166.8	249.7	281.9
Bank of Bhutan	n.a	n.a	n.a	73.7	102.6	93.0	117.7	184.0
Royal Insurance Corporation of Bhutan	n.a	n.a	n.a	14.1	15.2	13.5	22.5	18.5
Bhutan Development Finance Corporation	n.a	n.a	n.a	5.2	49.4	60.3	109.8	17.4
Unit Trust of Bhutan	n.a	n.a	n.a	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	61.9
Total investments	250.9	310.0	374.3	593.2	797.5	996.3	1,338.2	2,373.1

(a) Includes Royal Monetary Authority, Bank of Bhutan, Royal Insurance Corporation of Bhutan, Unit Trust of Bhutan and the Agricultural Credit Programme (b) Personal loans, public welfare loans and others

Source: Royal Monetary Authority, Thimphu

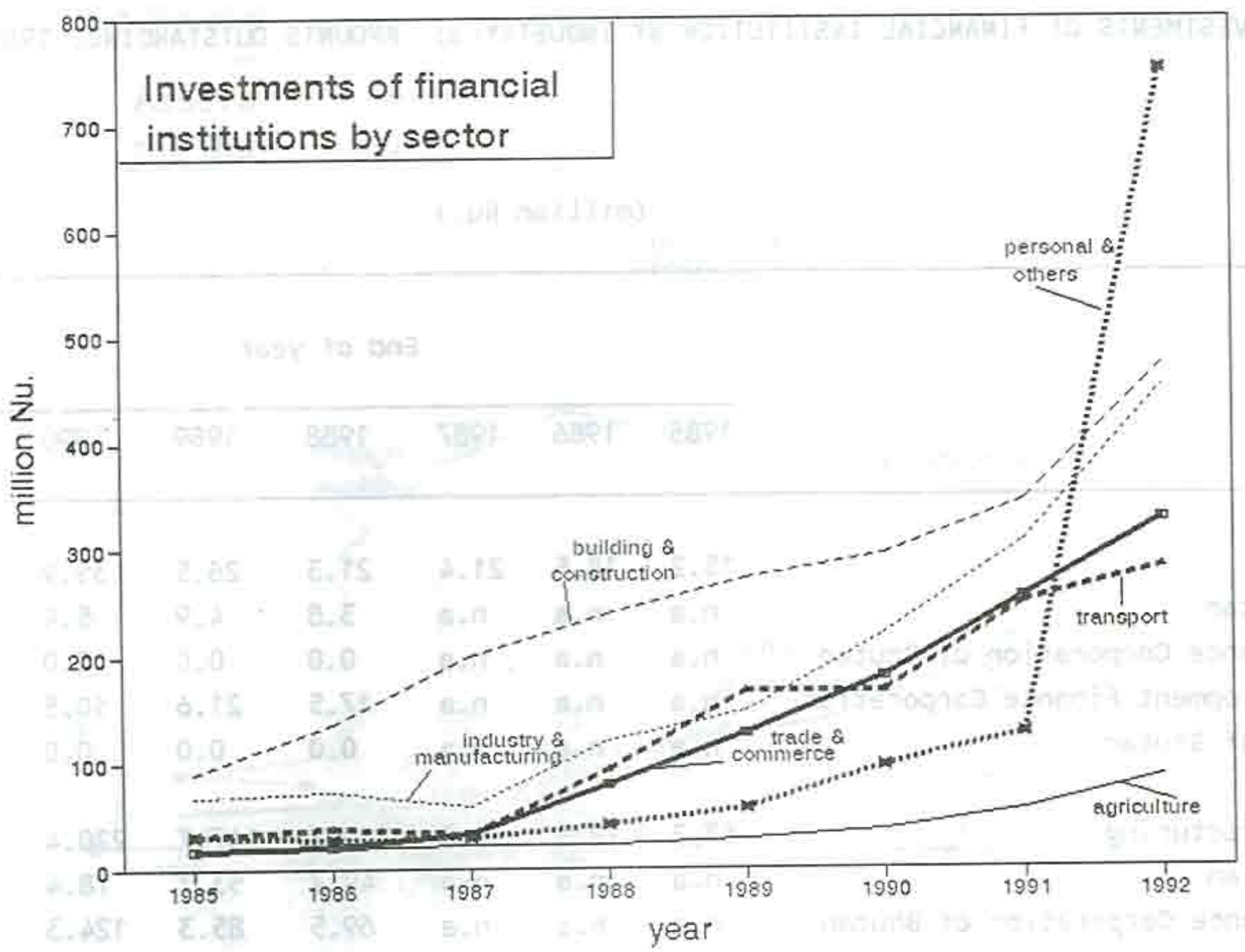


TABLE 11.8: INTEREST RATES FOR DEPOSITS IN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, 1985 TO 1992

(percent per annum)

Type of deposit	1985	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Savings	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Fixed deposits for							
3 to 6 months	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	8.0
6 to 9 months	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	9.0
9 to 12 months	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	9.0
12 to 24 months	8.5	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	10.0
24 to 36 months	9.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	11.0
36 to 60 months	10.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	13.0
60 months and over	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	13.0

TABLE 11.9: LENDING RATES BY SECTOR AND TYPE OF LOAN, FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS,  
1991 AND 1992

Sector	(percent)		
	1991	1992	
	Maximum rate	Term loan	Working capital
Commercial			
Export trade to third countries	12.0	13	13.0
General trade	15.0	17	17.0
Transport			
Buses, lorries and trucks	15.0	15	15.0
Light vehicle and two wheelers	15.0	17	
Agriculture and Animal Husbandry	..		
Up to Nu. 20,000	10.0	14	14.0
Nu. 20,000 to Nu. 100,000	12.0	14	14.0
Above Nu. 100,000	13.0	14	14.0
Manufacturing/Industry			
Up to Nu. 200,000	10.0	13	15.0
Nu. 200,000 to Nu. 1,000,000	12.0	13	15.0
Nu. 1,000,000 to 5,000,000	13.0	13	15.0
Nu. 5,000,000 to Nu.20,000,000	14.0	14	15.0
Above Nu. 20,000,000	14.0	15.0	15.0
Housing & construction	14.0	15	15.0
Tourism & other service sector industries	13.0	15	15.0
Consumer loan	15.0	17	-
Equity finance	..	14	-
Overdraft against fixed deposits		.. 2 % plus deposit rate	

Source: Royal Monetary Authority, Thimphu

## CHAPTER 12: PUBLIC FINANCE

### INTRODUCTION

Not so long ago taxes in Bhutan were collected in kind; the levy on agricultural produce being on an average one fourth of the production of each farming family and labour contribution of about two months for every adult. By 1960, as the government began to grow, institutionalization of public finance became a necessity.

In 1963, the position of a finance secretary was created in the Royal secretariat and in 1968 the Ministry of Finance, one of the first few Ministries was formed. In 1970 the system of payment of taxes in kind was largely dispensed with to be taken up by the system of cash taxes based on the type of land holding.

The first budget on modern lines was presented by the Ministry of Finance in 1971. It was called the Civil Budget as it covered the needs of the Ministry of Finance, Home Affairs and Foreign Affairs. The requirements of development oriented Ministries like Communication and Tourism, Trade and Industry, Forest and Development were provided under a separate development budget administered first by the development secretariat and then by its successor, the Planning Commission. With the commencement of the Fifth Five Year Plan the classification of the government budget into civil and development was replaced by the concept of Maintenance and Development expenditures. Maintenance or current expenditures reflected mostly the current or consumption expenditures of the government while development expenditures were identified largely with the expenditures of the government on fixed capital formation.



TABLE 12.1: CURRENT BUDGETARY EXPENDITURE OF THE GOVERNMENT BY  
MINISTRY, 1981/82 TO 1991/92

(millions Nu.)

Ministry/Non-ministerial Organisation	1981/82 (revised)	1985/86 (actual)	1990/91 (Budget)	1991/92 (pre)
<b>Ministries</b>				
Home Affairs	12.6	24.1	71.7	80.8
Finance	19.4	82.3	171.6	78.6
Communication & Tourism	9.5	18.1	90.6	141.6
Planning	1.0	2.6	8.5	9.4
Social Services	51.8	137.6	217.1	224.0
Agriculture	26.4	50.7	135.8	111.6
Foreign Affairs	7.9	21.9	50.0	72.7
Trade and Industries	7.0	13.0	109.5	82.7
<b>Non Ministerial organisations</b>				
Special Commission	1.2	9.8	12.3	7.9
Central Monastic Secretariat	-	0.6	24.6	28.1
Royal Monetary Authority	-	-	-	-
Social and Cultural Division	0.3	0.4	-	-
His Majesty's Secretariat	1.1	4.7	4.1	4.8
Science and Technology	-	0.3	-	-
Royal Civil Service Commission	0.5	1.1	2.1	3.7
Royal Audit Authority	1.0	2.2	5.4	6.4
Royal Advisory Council	1.0	1.8	2.2	2.0
National Assembly	0.6	1.6	2.3	2.5
Urban Development Corporation	1.2	1.0	-	-
National Women's Association	-	0.3	2.1	2.2
Judiciary	1.7	5.1	12.2	12.5
Bhutan Olympic Committee	-	0.3	2.1	2.7
Druk Air Corporation	0.2	-	-	..
Tourism Corporation	7.4	-	-	..
Bhutan Govt. Transport Service	11.4	-	-	..
Dzongkhag Development Commission	-	-	2.9	1.7
Zonal Administration, Chhukha	-	-	2.7	40.8
Zonal Administration, Tsirang	-	-	2.6	25.7
Zonal Administration, Yongphula	-	-	2.2	74.4
Zonal Administration, Gelephu	-	-	2.8	28.5
Dzongkhags	6.6	61.7	156.1	-
Dzongkhag Administration, Thimphu	-	-	-	18.5
Common public expenditure	n.a	n.a	-	364.4
<b>Total current expenditure</b>	<b>169.7</b>	<b>441.5</b>	<b>1093.5</b>	<b>1428.4</b>

(a) 1981/82 & 1985/86 refer to 12 month period 1 April to 31 March

Source: Division of National Budget and Accounts

TABLE 12.2: BUDGETARY DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURE OF THE GOVERNMENT BY MINISTRY,  
1985/86 TO 1991/92

(millions Nu.)

Ministerial/non ministerial organizations	1985/86 actual	1986/87 actual (a)	1987/88 actual (b)	1988/89 actual	1989/90 actual	1990/91 actual	1991/92 pre
<b>Ministries</b>							
Home Affairs	9.30	9.70	6.22	14.22	21.92	19.77	27.17
Finance	21.40	28.30	37.46	11.83	18.47	21.08	14.49
Communication & Tourism	12.10	27.60	199.54	253.80	250.31	123.39	172.53
Social Services	143.90	128.60	83.17	83.58	128.34	133.37	275.13
Agriculture	100.10	106.30	159.07	128.93	128.41	213.78	260.11
Foreign Affairs	5.30	5.60	0.94	2.85	0.98	1.68	1.76
Trade and Industries	370.60	376.10	265.54	106.13	97.66	75.19	33.87
Planning	5.00	2.60	5.86	0.50	11.21	4.93	0.24
<b>Non ministerial organizations</b>							
Special Commission	0.90	2.40	2.37	3.71	5.29	3.30	3.73
Central Monastic Sec.	0.20	2.10	2.10	4.72	8.98	5.16	2.88
Royal Secretariat (HM)	-	0.30	0.10	0.20	0.97	0.39	0.04
Science and Technology	1.20	0.90	0.48	-	-	-	-
Royal Civil Service Commission	9.80	21.10	0.71	0.37	1.80	0.81	0.11
Royal Audit Authority	0.20	0.70	0.51	0.45	2.19	0.33	0.03
Royal Advisory Council	0.30	0.20	0.05	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.07
National Assembly	0.20	0.20	0.73	1.21	0.02	0.04	0.04
Nat. Urban Dev. Corp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nat. Women's Association	3.80	0.90	1.30	0.77	0.21	0.76	0.13
Judiciary	0.90	0.40	0.44	1.11	0.78	1.72	0.24
Bhutan Olympic Committee	1.60	-	0.08	0.02	0.01	0.11	0.00
Dzongkhag Dev. Commission	..	..	0.35	0.40	0.32	0.07	0.21
SAARC Conference complex	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Zonal Administration, I	..	..	4.67	4.33	5.56	11.68	13.65
Zonal Administration, II	..	..	4.52	4.02	8.55	13.55	59.50
Zonal Administration, III	..	..	2.85	1.61	5.03	3.77	22.77
Zonal Administration, IV	..	..	3.15	3.38	6.19	5.99	10.24
Dzongkhags	56.1	33.0	-	-	-	-	-
Dzongkhag administration, Thimphu	-	-	1.58	1.23	3.13	2.48	0.66
Common public expenses	n.a	n.a	181.3	439.0	34.4	80.5	90.8
<b>Total development expenses (c)</b>	<b>742.9</b>	<b>747.0</b>	<b>965.1</b>	<b>1,068.4</b>	<b>740.7</b>	<b>723.9</b>	<b>990.5</b>

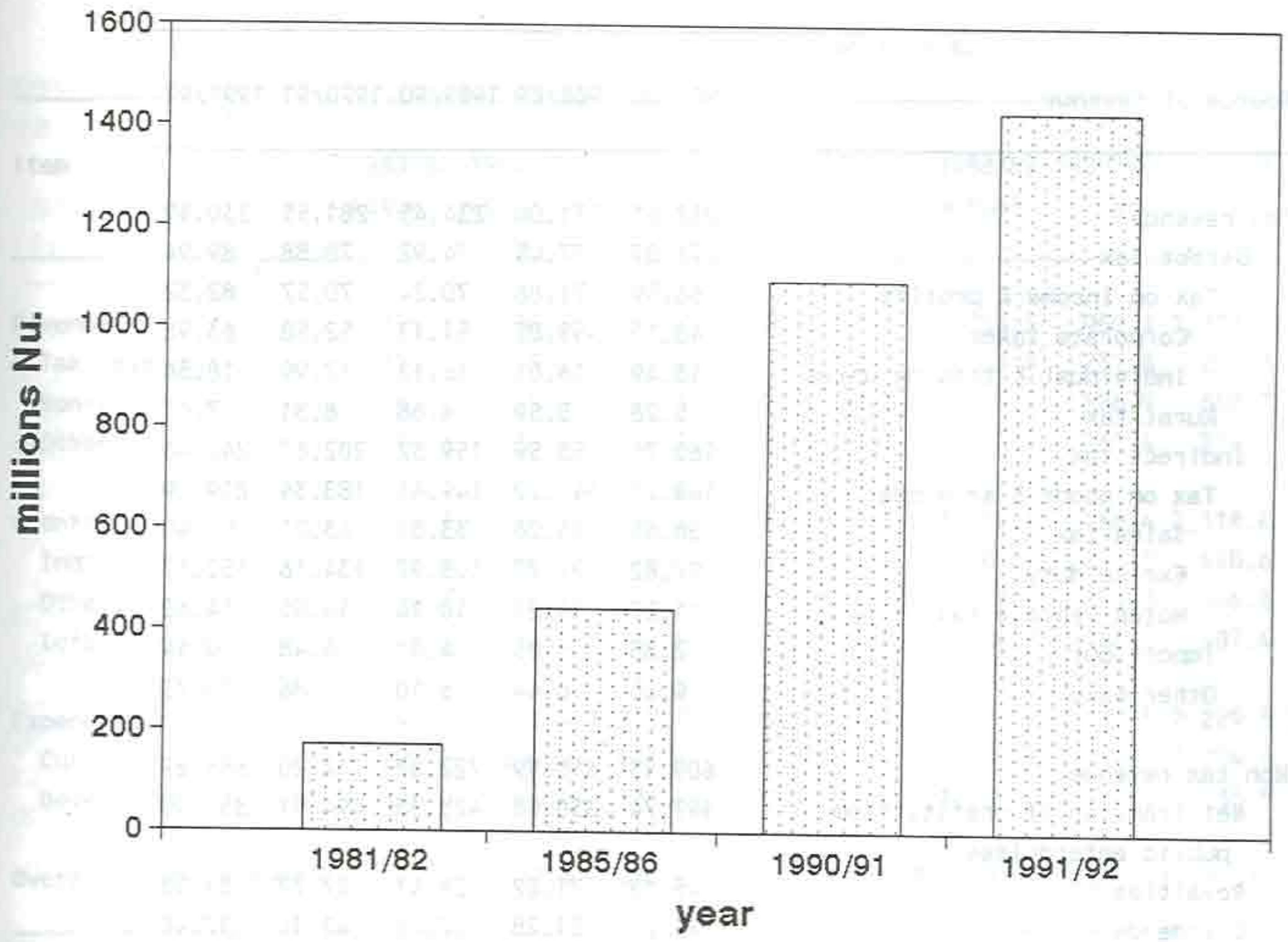
(a) In 1986/87, Nu. 87.9 million of financing was wrongly classified as expenditures.

(b) 1986/87 refer to the twelve month period 1 April to 31 March. 1987/88 refers to 1 April 1987 to 30 June 1988.

(c) Expenditure in 1987/88 and 1988/89 includes lending and equity to public and joint sector corporations.

Source: Division of National Budget and Accounts.

**Current budget expenditure, 1981/82  
to 1991/92**



**Development expenditure, 1985/86  
to 1991/92**

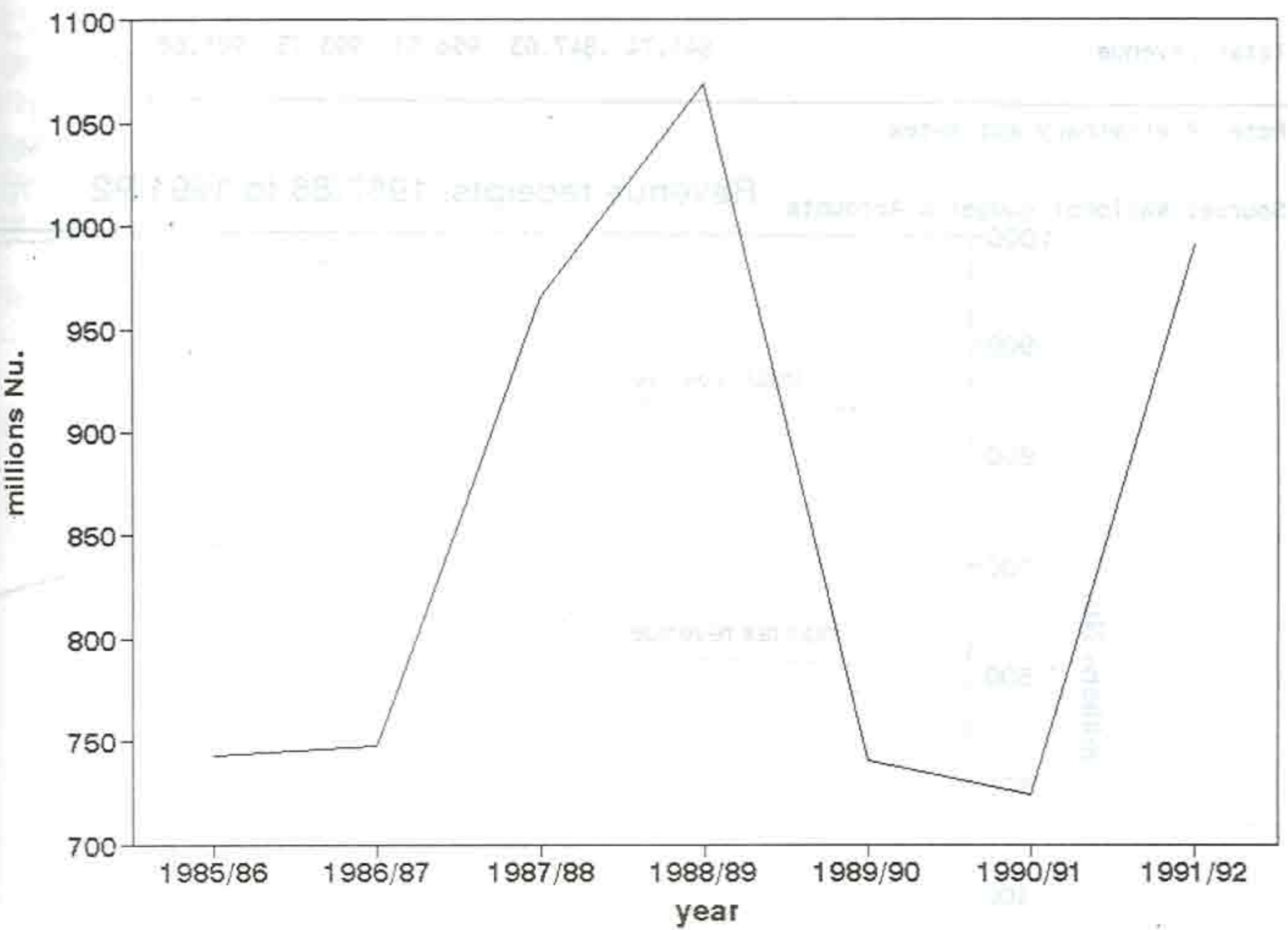


TABLE 12.3 : BUDGETARY RECEIPTS OF THE GOVERNMENT BY SOURCE, 1987/88 TO 1991/92  
(millions Nu.)

Source of revenue	1987/88	1988/89	1989/90	1990/91	1991/92
Tax revenue	232.61	231.04	234.45	281.55	330.39
Direct tax	71.87	77.45	74.92	78.88	89.94
Tax on income & profits	66.59	71.86	70.24	70.57	82.32
Corporate taxes	48.10	55.85	54.13	52.58	63.98
Individual & trading units	18.49	16.01	16.12	17.99	18.34
Rural tax	5.28	5.59	4.68	8.31	7.61
Indirect tax	160.74	153.59	159.52	202.67	240.46
Tax on goods & services	148.27	141.29	149.41	188.34	219.19
Sales tax	38.89	34.26	33.31	43.21	52.40
Excise duty	97.82	92.77	105.97	134.16	152.17
Motor vehicle tax	11.57	14.27	10.14	10.95	14.62
Import duty	2.83	5.85	4.01	6.48	10.54
Other taxes	9.65	6.44	6.10	7.86	10.73
Non tax revenue	609.13	615.99	722.07	712.20	655.29
Net transfer of profits from public enterprises	397.74	330.58	423.38	494.97	357.90
Royalties	45.12	71.02	28.41	27.77	31.53
Dividends	21.28	31.28	52.43	41.30	37.40
Administrative fees & charges	30.74	48.40	36.30	32.41	35.01
Sale of government properties	10.15	10.83	53.48	22.75	46.81
Unclassed revenue	1.96	1.34	0.71	0.64	3.31
Receipts from govt. departments	96.14	120.19	122.78	90.27	140.77
Other non revenue receipts	6.01	2.35	4.59	2.08	2.55
Total revenue	841.74	847.03	956.51	993.75	985.68

Note: Preliminary estimates

Source: National Budget & Accounts

Revenue receipts, 1987/88 to 1991/92

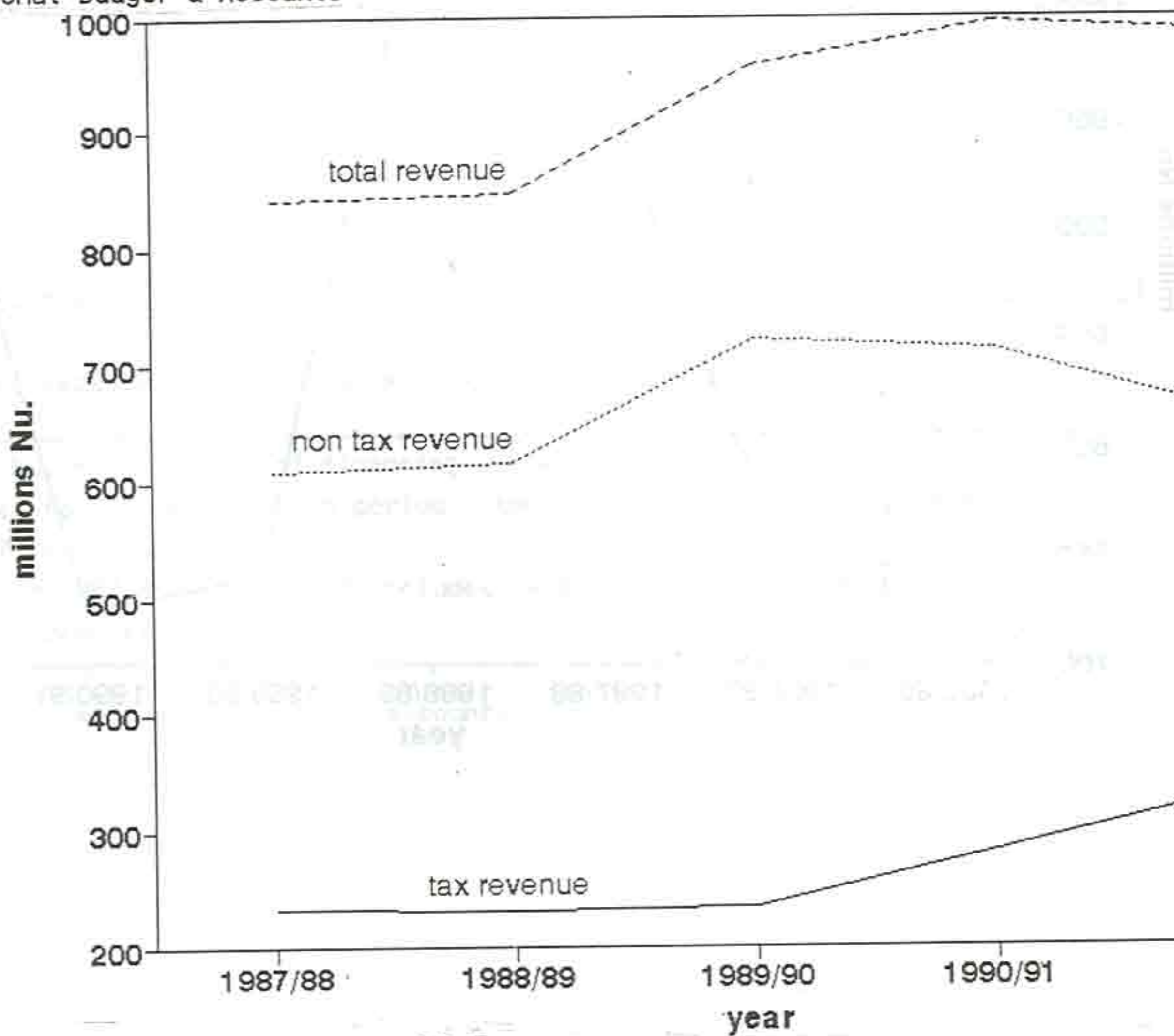


TABLE 12.4: SUMMARY OF BUDGETARY OPERATIONS, 1983/84 TO 1991/92 (a)

(million Nu.)

Item	1983/84 actual	1984/85 actual	1985/86 actual	1986/87 actual	1987/88 actual	1988/89 actual	1989/90 pre	1990/91 pre	1991/92 pre
Revenue	196.0	276.2	257.5	340.1	753.1	733.3	980.1	1,211.0	985.7
Tax revenue	113.7	133.7	135.9	173.8	232.3	232.6	231.8	250.6	330.4
Non-tax revenue	63.2	116.2	97.3	139.3	491.6	479.8	586.9	640.7	655.3
Other	19.1	26.3	24.3	27.0	29.2	20.9	161.4	319.7	n.a
Grants	674.3	788.3	959.2	1,122.4	1,683.0	1,413.4	1,468.4	2,118.4	791.0
India	256.2	355.6	334.1	486.7	708.9	501.9	290.0	440.6	237.0
Other	222.1	156.5	367.6	295.6	221.0	178.2	198.3	466.8	554.0
Total grants	478.3	512.1	701.7	782.3	929.9	680.1	488.3	907.4	
Expenditure	699.2	758.4	1,217.7	1,220.7	1,739.7	2,021.1	1,737.5	2,229.5	2,133.0
Current	223.2	304.0	441.5	522.6	774.6	952.8	1,068.5	1,094.0	1,068.0
Development	476.0	454.4	776.2	698.1	965.1	1,068.3	669.0	1,135.5	1,065.0
Overall surplus/deficit	(24.9)	29.9	(258.5)	(98.3)	(56.7)	(607.7)	(269.1)	(111.1)	(356.3)

Note: "pre" stands for preliminary estimates

(a) Years refer to period 1 April to 31 March. 1987/88 refers to 15 months period 1 April 1987 to 30 June 1988 while 1988/89 onwards refer to 1 July to 30 June

Source: Ministry of Finance

## INTRODUCTION

Development planning in Bhutan can be traced back to the year 1961 when the first Five Year Plan (1961/62 to 1965/66) was drawn up.

Initially, a self contained development secretariat was established to implement the plan. At the time of preparation of the third plan in 1971, the Planning Commission was established headed by the Majesty the King. In the absence of basic economic information and skilled manpower, the formulation of the third plan, like earlier ones was relatively simple. Major developments in regard to consolidation of the planning process took place in the fourth plan period, when the Dzongkhags were involved in the development process.

Until 1981/82 the responsibility for making plan allocations, raising internal resources, and negotiations, foreign assistance etc. lay with the Planning Commission. In 1981/82 a large part of the financial responsibilities of the Commission was transferred to the Ministry of Finance. The Commission was however, invested with responsibilities for the formulation of development plans and allocations of investment resources.

A substantial infrastructure for development of the economy has been built up in the successive five year plans. The planning process have gained a good deal of comprehensiveness and sophistication. These two factors enabled the economy to develop the capacity of absorbing much higher volumes of investment resources for development in the later five year plans.

The Sixth Five Year Plan was successfully completed in 1991/92. The seventh five year plan will lay greater emphasis towards attaining progressively higher rates of economic growth associating with better living standards of the people. It also emphasizes upon ensuring the spiritual and emotional well being of the people and preservation of Bhutan's cultural heritage and its rich natural resources.

TABLE 13.1: OUTLAYS OF DEVELOPMENT PLANS, FIRST PLAN TO SEVENTH PLAN.

(Nu. in millions)

Sector	First Plan (actual)	Second Plan (actual)	Third Plan (actual)	Fourth Plan (actual)	Fifth Plan(a) (revised)	Sixth Plan (revised)	Seventh Plan (budget)
Agriculture	1.9	21.6	58.3	259.0	419.4	880.5	709.0
Food Corporation of Bhutan	-	-	-	-	135.5	106.5	-
Animal Husbandry	1.5	5.8	24.2	61.5	162.4	331.0	327.9
Forestry	3.2	6.9	28.4	110.3	229.9	418.2	479.0
Power	1.5	9.1	30.1	50.5	340.5	1,247.9	390.0
Trade and Industries	1.1	1.0	25.2	175.0	323.3	1,276.1	838.9
Geological Survey	-	-	-	-	-	35.3	153.8
Public Works Department	62.9	70.5	84.6	128.3	787.5	887.2	1,213.7
Road Transport/Aviation	7.5	12.0	9.5	-	26.3	48.8	95.3
Post & Telegraph	0.5	5.9	11.4	16.9	65.8	68.1	163.8
Telecommunications	-	-	14.8	37.3	33.7	133.8	1,088.9
Tourism	-	-	14.1	12.5	29.1	-	-
Druk Air	-	-	-	-	-	391.0	-
Education	9.4	35.7	90.0	134.6	519.1	778.8	1,738.0
Health	3.1	16.7	38.1	54.6	237.5	399.1	1,035.5
Information and Broadcasting	0.1	1.4	4.0	11.0	36.1	95.9	96.0
Urban Development	-	-	-	-	187.3	248.7	709.4
General Government	-	-	-	-	1,114.9	1,973.8	6,196.1
Dzongkhags	-	-	-	-	-	238.5	355.4
Other	14.4	15.6	42.5	54.7	-	-	-
Total outlay	107.2	202.2	475.2	1,106.2	4,648.3	9,559.2	15,590.7

(a) Figures exclude Chukha Hydel Project (Fifth Plan outlay Nu. 2,430 million)  
 Small differences exist between outlays shown in this table & budgetary expenditures shown in tables 12.1 and 12.2 because some expenditures will not be reflected in development plans 1st to 5th (Statistical Year Book 1985) and reviews of the sixth plan

Source: Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

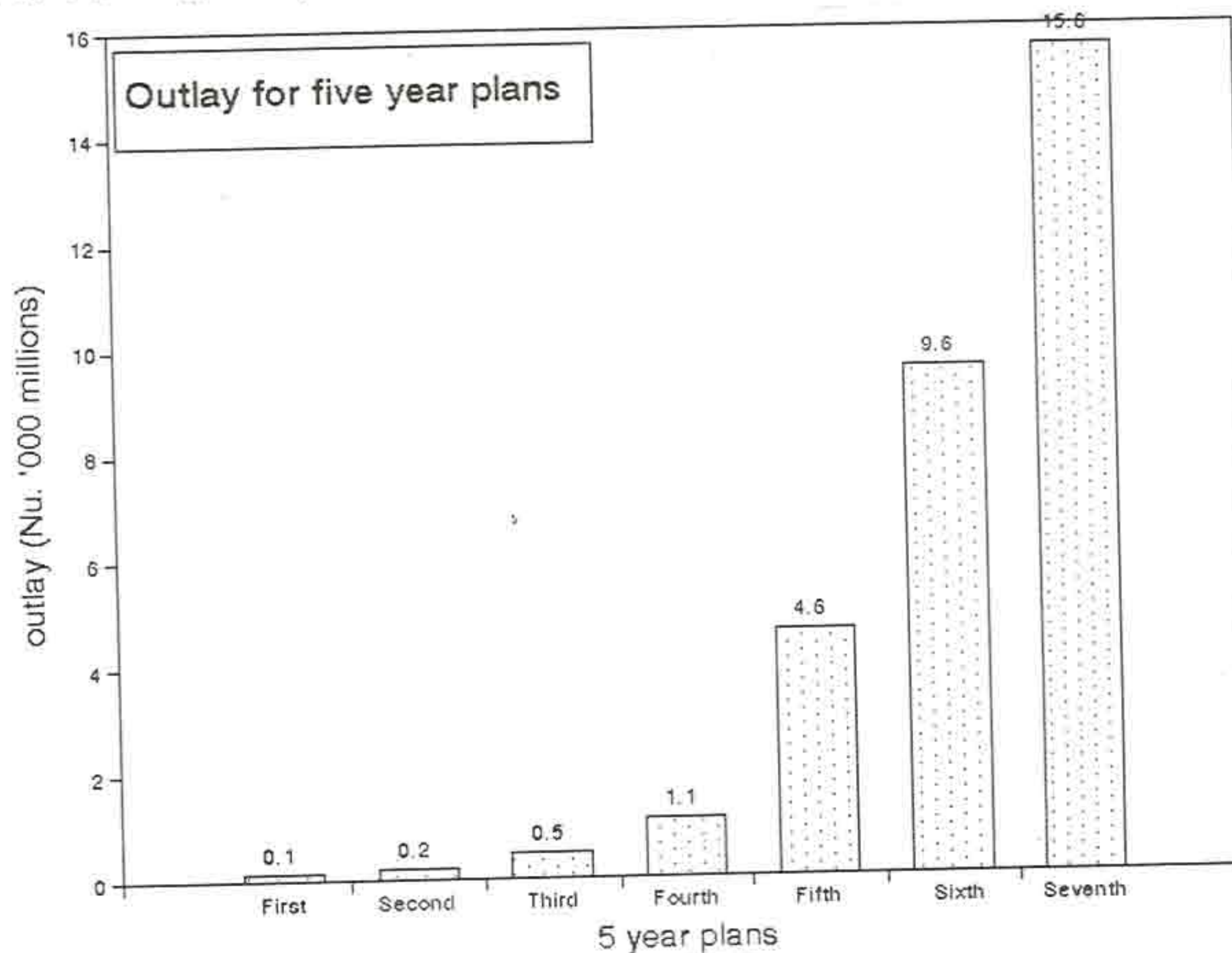


TABLE 13.2: OUTLAYS OF DEVELOPMENT PLANS, PERCENTAGE BY CATEGORY, FIRST PLAN TO SEVENTH PLAN

(percent)

Sector	First Plan	Second Plan	Third Plan	Fourth Plan	Fifth Plan(a)	Sixth Plan	Seventh Plan
Agriculture	1.8	10.7	12.3	23.4	9.0	9.2	4.5
Food Corporation of Bhutan	-	-	-	-	2.9	1.1	-
Animal Husbandry	1.4	2.9	5.1	5.6	3.5	3.5	2.1
Forestry	3.0	3.4	6.0	10.0	4.9	4.4	3.1
Power	1.4	4.5	6.3	4.6	7.3	13.1	2.5
Trade and Industries	1.0	0.5	5.3	15.8	7.0	13.3	5.4
Geological Survey	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	1.0
Public Works Department	58.7	34.9	17.8	11.6	16.9	9.3	7.8
Road Transport/Aviation	7.0	5.9	2.0	-	0.6	0.5	0.6
Post & Telegraph	0.5	2.9	2.4	1.5	1.4	0.7	1.1
Telecommunications	-	-	3.1	3.4	0.7	1.4	7.0
Tourism	-	-	3.0	1.1	0.6	-	-
Druk Air	-	-	-	-	-	4.1	-
Education	8.8	17.7	18.9	12.2	11.2	8.1	11.1
Health	2.9	8.3	8.0	4.9	5.1	4.2	6.6
Information and Broadcasting	0.1	0.7	0.8	1.0	0.8	1.0	0.6
Urban Development	-	-	-	-	4.0	2.6	4.6
General Government	-	-	-	-	24.0	20.6	39.7
Dzongkhags	-	-	-	-	-	2.5	23.0
Other	13.4	7.7	8.9	4.9	-	-	-
Total outlay	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) See footnotes to Table 13.1.

Source: Ministry of Planning, Thimphu



TABLE 13.3: SIXTH PLAN OUTLAYS BY SECTOR, 1987 TO 1992

(million Nu.)

Sector	Current	Capital	Total	% of total outlay
Agriculture	288.1	592.4	880.5	9.2
Food Corporation of Bhutan	72.7	33.8	106.5	1.1
Animal Husbandry	183.0	148.0	331.0	3.5
Forestry	139.3	278.9	418.2	4.4
Power	33.3	1,214.6	1,247.9	13.1
Trade and Industries	35.3	1,240.8	1,276.1	13.3
Geological Survey	17.4	17.9	35.3	0.4
Public Works Department	119.6	767.6	887.2	9.3
Civil Aviation	8.6	40.2	48.8	0.5
Post and Telegraph	65.1	3.0	68.1	0.7
Telecommunications	28.8	105.0	133.8	1.4
Druk Air	14.0	377.0	391.0	4.1
Education	532.5	246.3	778.8	8.1
Health	336.2	62.9	399.1	4.2
Information and Broadcasting	35.7	60.2	95.9	1.0
Urban Development	58.7	190.0	248.7	2.6
General Government	1,694.0	279.8	1,973.8	20.6
Dzongkhags	192.2	46.4	238.5	2.5
All sectors	3,854.4	5,704.8	9,559.2	100.0

Source: Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

## CHAPTER 14: GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT

### INTRODUCTION

Human activities can be classified broadly into economic activities and non economic activities. Economic activities are those which are devoted to making use of the scarce resources (including land and labour) in the production and distribution of economic goods i.e. goods and services (needed to satisfy human wants) which are scarce in relation to demand and are transferable. Economic goods command a price on the market for their being scarce and transferable.

The end result of all the economic activities that has taken place in an economy during an accounting period is reflected in Gross Domestic Product (GDP). GDP represents the money value of all the goods and services that have been produced within the territorial limits of the country and are available for final use like consumption, gross capital formation and net exports.

GDP can be measured both at current and constant prices. When expressed at current prices it reflects the money value of the goods and services produced in an accounting year measured in the prices of that year. On the other hand GDP expressed at constant prices reflects the money value of such goods and services for all the years measured in one year's (base year) prices. In this case the base year prices are kept constant for evaluation purposes for all the years under review, for measuring the performance of the economy with regard to the production of the goods and services in real terms over a period constant price estimates of GDP have to be taken into account. Current price estimates of GDP give a view of the levels of production performances of the economy for all the years under review at changing current prices.

TABLE 14.1: GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT FACTOR COST IN CURRENT PRICES BY KIND OF ACTIVITY, 1980 TO 1992

Activity	(million Nu.)									
	1980	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	
Agriculture, livestock, forestry and fishing	621.4	1,236.2	1,399.2	1,623.5	1,746.3	1,924.3	2,094.9	2,305.1	2,460.5	
Agriculture	309.9	580.6	644.4	715.3	829.8	937.7	1,057.6	1,180.8	1,363.0	
Livestock	139.2	276.0	322.1	372.3	395.9	441.2	474.8	528.6	487.4	
Forestry and logging	172.3	379.6	432.7	535.9	520.6	545.4	562.5	595.7	610.1	
Fishing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mining and quarrying	6.8	20.2	37.4	37.0	33.4	41.8	44.8	90.0	98.8	
Manufacturing	35.8	128.3	137.1	204.7	226.5	302.5	396.7	499.5	647.4	
Electricity and gas	2.5	6.8	96.6	377.0	388.0	391.0	384.7	384.4	445.3	
Construction	88.5	290.5	267.5	349.9	309.0	365.4	398.7	359.7	595.1	
Wholesale, retail trade, hotels and restaurants	121.5	203.0	234.1	248.2	258.5	282.3	321.6	382.9	479.7	
Transport, storage and communications	47.9	104.1	114.2	126.0	180.6	235.6	346.7	398.5	471.2	
Finance, insurance and real estate	70.2	149.3	170.7	210.5	263.9	306.9	378.0	409.4	438.8	
Community, social services (government)	120.4	262.2	350.8	416.0	507.8	525.1	540.5	564.4	608.9	
Less: Imputed bank service charges	-20.0	-51.0	-49.0	-62.0	-63.1	-67.0	-58.4	-51.8	-68.1	
Gross domestic product	1,095.0	2,349.6	2,758.6	3,530.8	3,850.9	4,307.9	4,848.2	5,342.1	6,177.9	
Annual growth rate (%)	..	14.1	17.4	28.0	9.1	11.9	12.5	10.2	15.6	

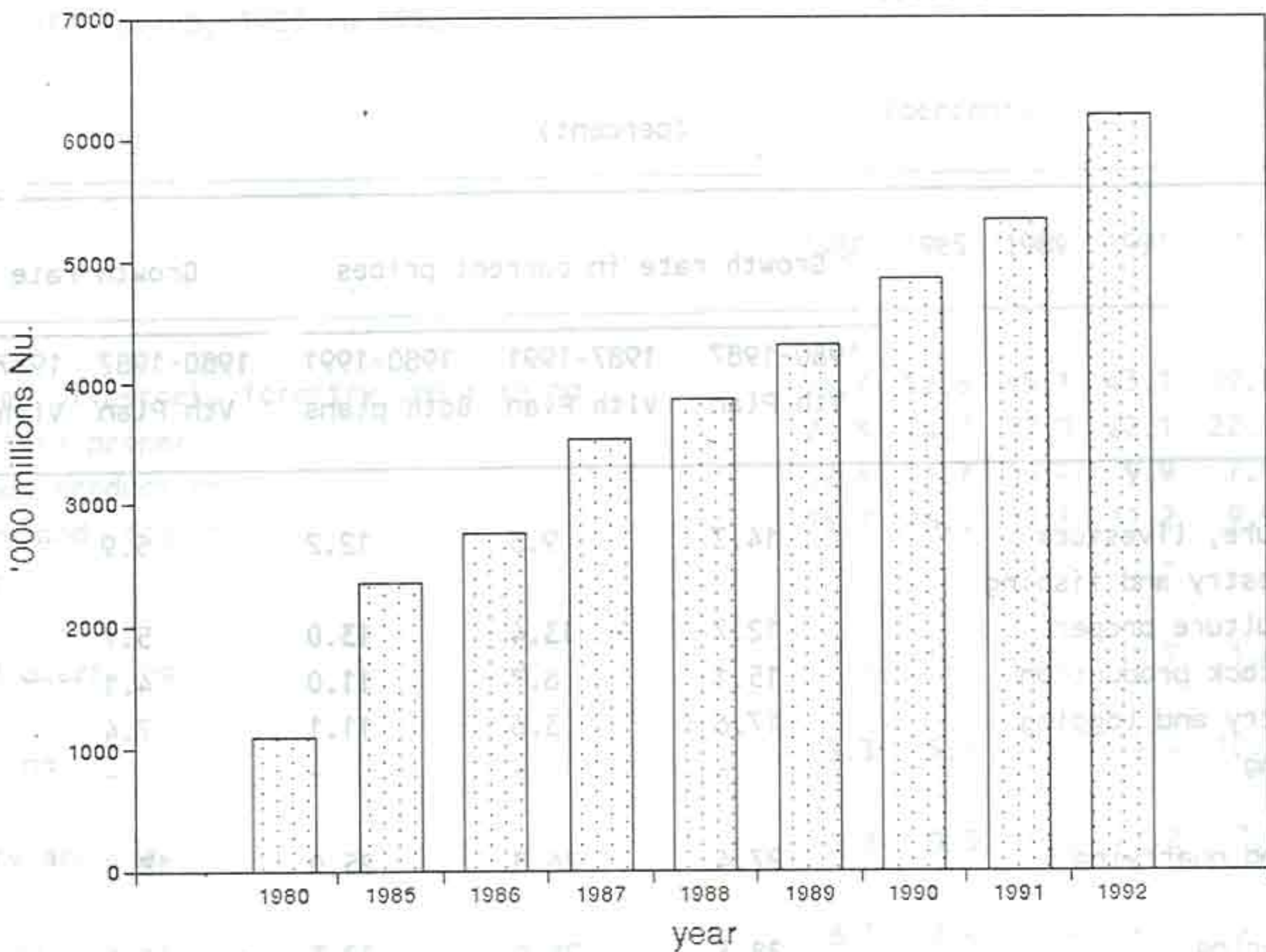
Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

TABLE 14.2: GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT FACTOR COST IN 1980 PRICES BY KIND OF ACTIVITY, 1980 TO 1991

Activity	(million Nu.)									
	1980	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Agriculture, livestock, forestry and fishery	621.4	833.9	881.0	925.8	939.7	962.9	992.8	1,024.6	1,000.0	1,000.0
Agriculture	309.9	411.6	436.3	458.1	485.6	514.7	530.9	544.8	550.0	550.0
Livestock	139.2	168.6	177.4	184.5	191.5	201.7	212.2	221.3	210.0	210.0
Forestry and logging	172.3	253.7	267.3	283.2	262.6	246.5	249.7	258.5	240.0	240.0
Fishing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mining and quarrying	6.8	12.6	22.2	21.6	19.0	21.7	19.3	27.4	20.0	20.0
Manufacturing	35.8	75.4	71.0	105.0	110.3	129.2	158.1	186.7	200.0	200.0
Electricity and gas	2.5	6.0	60.4	229.0	225.1	222.3	204.1	200.4	210.0	210.0
Construction	88.5	169.0	141.8	152.3	129.0	136.2	136.8	116.2	150.0	150.0
Wholesale and retail trade, hotels and restaurants	121.5	132.4	143.4	142.4	129.2	133.6	134.7	145.1	160.0	160.0
Transport, storage and communications	47.9	79.4	83.9	91.3	122.1	142.4	172.1	182.0	190.0	190.0
Finance, insurance and real estate	70.2	110.1	126.2	135.7	141.0	162.9	212.2	208.8	215.0	215.0
Community, social and personal services(government)	120.4	126.0	168.6	200.0	210.0	217.0	223.3	233.2	250.0	250.0
Less: Imputed bank service charges	-20.0	-25.0	-24.0	-30.0	31.8	-41.1	-28.8	-21.0	-28.0	-28.0
Gross domestic product	1,095.0	1,519.8	1,674.5	1,973.1	1,993.6	2,087.1	2,224.6	2,303.4	2,397.0	2,397.0
Annual growth rate (%)	..	3.7	10.2	17.8	1.2	4.7	6.6	3.5	4.0	4.0

Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

### GDP at factor cost in current prices



### GDP at factor cost in 1980 prices

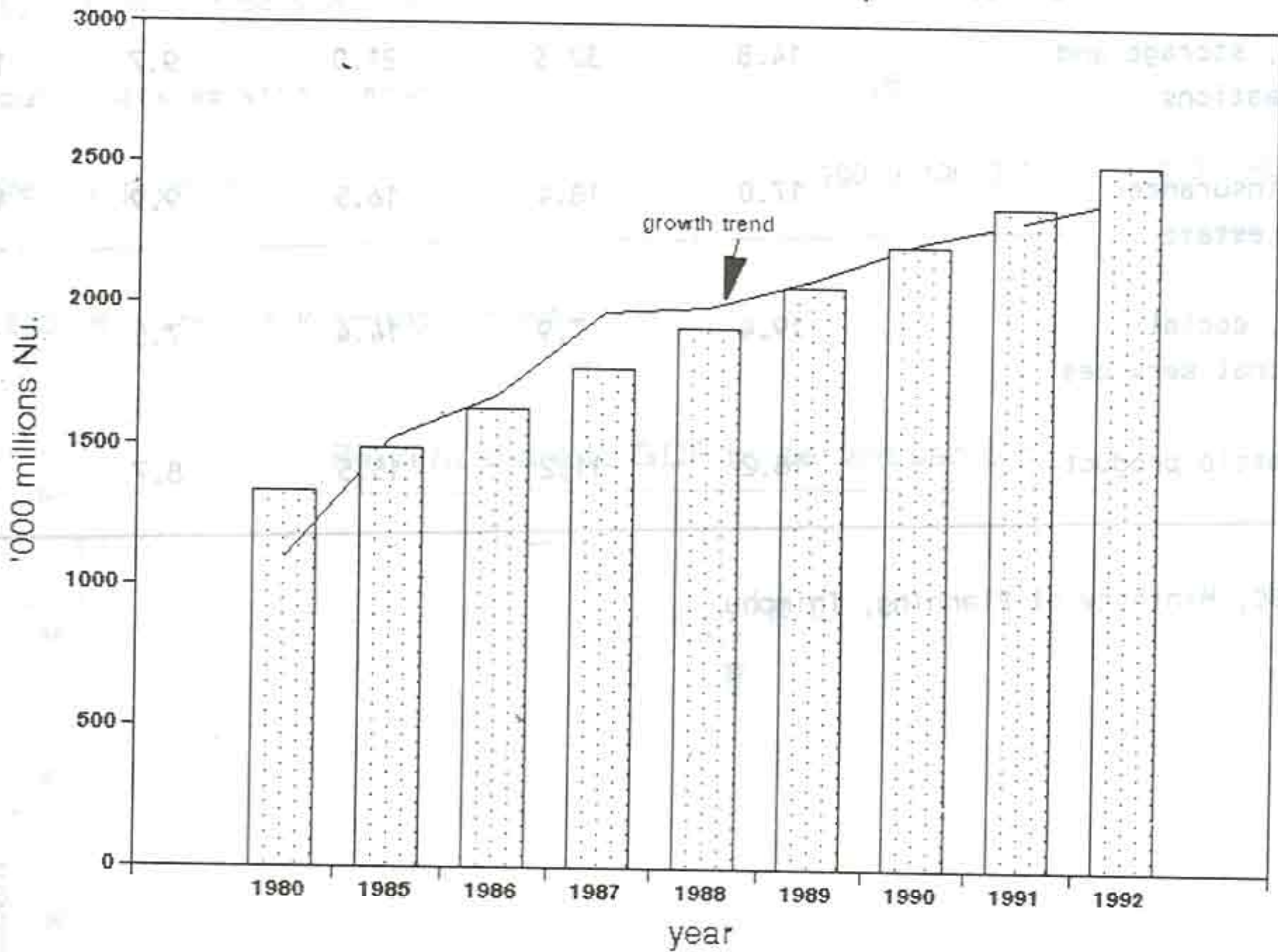


TABLE 14.3: COMPOUND GROWTH RATE OF GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT DURING FIFTH AND SIXTH PLAN  
BY KIND OF ACTIVITY

(percent)

Activity	Growth rate in current prices			Growth rate in 1980 prices		
	1980-1987	1987-1991	1980-1991	1980-1987	1987-1991	1980-1991
	Vth Plan	VIth Plan	Both plans	Vth Plan	VIth Plan	Both plans
Agriculture, livestock and forestry and fishing	14.7	9.3	12.2	5.9	2.3	4.1
Agriculture proper	12.7	13.4	13.0	5.7	4.4	5.0
Livestock production	15.1	8.7	11.0	4.1	3.4	3.1
Forestry and logging	17.6	3.6	11.1	7.4	-2.2	3.1
Fishing	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mining and quarrying	27.4	26.3	25.0	18.0	6.4	10.9
Manufacturing	28.3	25.0	27.3	16.6	13.9	15.8
Electricity and gas	104.7	2.7	54.0	90.7	-1.8	44.2
Construction	21.7	1.4	17.2	8.1	-5.9	4.9
Wholesale, retail trade, hotels and restaurants	10.7	11.4	12.1	2.3	1.0	2.4
Transport, storage and communications	14.8	32.3	21.0	9.7	19.5	12.3
Finance, insurance and real estate	17.0	18.4	16.5	9.9	12.1	9.8
Community, social and personal services	19.4	7.9	14.4	7.5	3.2	6.3
Gross domestic product	18.2	11.2	15.5	8.7	3.9	6.7

Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

TABLE 14.4: PERCENTAGE COMPOSITION OF GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT BY VARIOUS, ACTIVITIES, 1980 TO 1992

Activity	(percent)				
	1980	1985	1989	1991	1992
Agriculture, Livestock, forestry and fishing	56.7	52.6	45.1	43.1	39.8
Agriculture proper	28.3	24.7	22.0	22.1	22.1
Livestock production	12.6	11.7	10.4	9.9	7.9
Forestry and logging	15.7	16.2	12.8	11.2	9.9
Fishing	-	-	-	-	-
Mining and quarrying	0.6	1.0	0.8	1.7	1.6
Manufacturing	3.3	5.5	7.0	9.4	10.5
Electricity and gas	0.2	0.3	9.0	7.2	7.2
Construction	8.1	12.4	8.4	6.7	9.6
Wholesale, retail trade, hotels & restaurants	11.1	8.6	6.3	7.2	7.8
Transport, storage and communications	4.4	4.4	5.5	7.5	7.6
Finance, insurance and real estate	6.4	6.4	7.2	7.7	7.1
Community, social and personal services	11.0	11.2	12.3	10.6	9.9
Less: Imputed bank service charges	-1.8	-2.2	-1.6	-1.0	-1.1
Gross domestic product	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

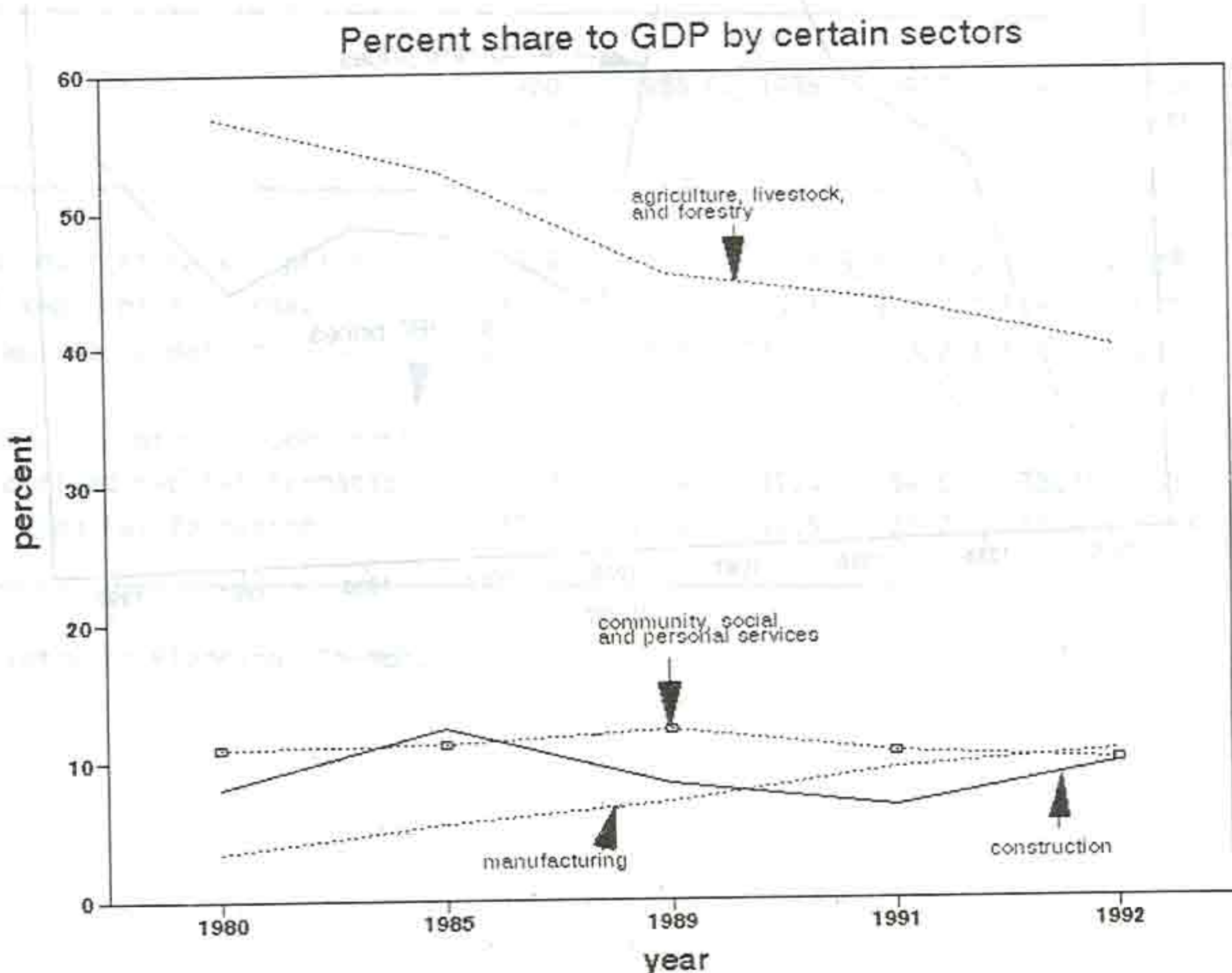


TABLE 14.5: GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT FACTOR COST BY MAJOR SECTORS, 1980 TO 1992

(million Nu.)

Sector	1980	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
<b>In current prices</b>							
Primary	628.2	1,660.5	1,779.7	1,966.1	2,139.7	2,395.1	2,559.3
Secondary	126.8	931.6	923.5	1,058.9	1,180.1	1,243.6	1,687.8
Tertiary	360.0	1,000.7	1,210.8	1,349.9	1,586.8	1,755.2	1,998.6
Less: Imputed bank service charges	(20.0)	(62.0)	(63.1)	(67.0)	(58.4)	(51.8)	(68.1)
Gross domestic product	1,095.0	3,530.8	3,850.9	4,307.9	4,848.2	5,342.1	6,177.6
<b>In 1980 prices</b>							
Primary	628.2	947.4	958.7	984.6	1,012.1	1,052.0	1,029.9
Secondary	126.8	486.3	464.4	487.7	499.0	503.3	575.4
Tertiary	360.0	569.4	602.3	655.9	742.3	769.1	820.0
Less: Imputed bank service charges	(20.0)	(30.0)	(31.1)	(41.1)	(28.8)	(21.0)	(28.1)
Gross domestic product	1095.0	1,973.1	1994.3	2,087.1	2,224.6	2,303.4	2,397.2

Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

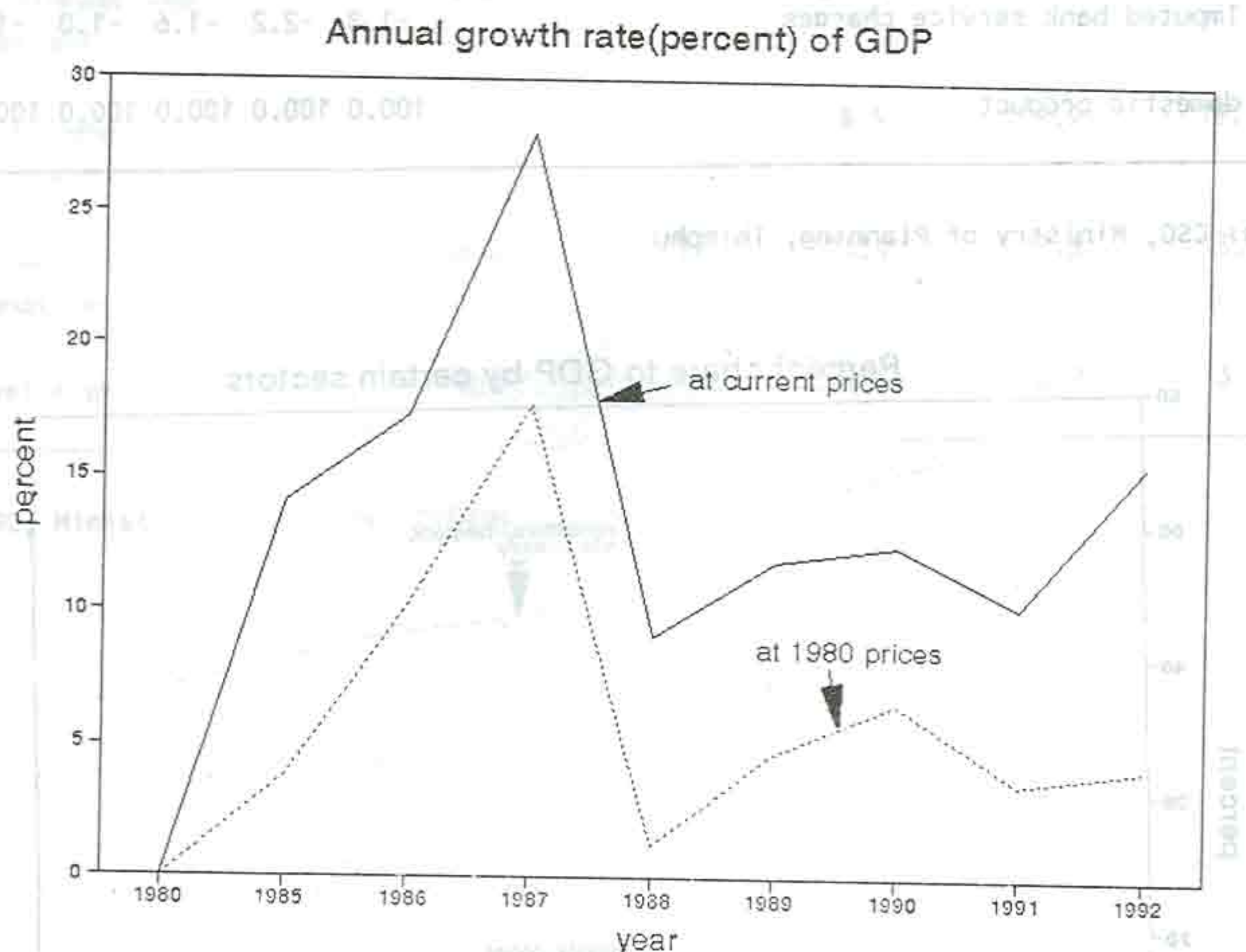




TABLE 14.6: GROSS DOMESTIC CAPITAL FORMATION BY MAJOR COMPONENTS, 1980 TO 1992

(million Nu.)

Components	1980	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
In current prices									
Construction	229.6	631.8	644.8	743.8	723.5	830.4	916.6	855.6	1,314.4
Machinery and equipment	100.8	371.1	458.3	505.9	784.5	743.1	769.0	926.0	1,348.7
Gross fixed capital formation	330.4	1,002.9	1,103.1	1,249.7	1,508.0	1,573.5	1,685.6	1,781.6	2,663.1
Increase in stock (a)	14.7	81.6	32.0	(161.5)	10.4	(121.1)	(33.9)	(71.3)	351.0
Gross domestic capital formation	345.1	1,084.5	1,135.1	1,088.2	1,518.4	1,452.4	1,651.7	1,710.6	3,014.1
In 1980 prices									
Construction	229.6	366.6	244.0	319.9	296.8	298.0	306.6	278.7	425.8
Machinery and equipment	100.8	257.8	307.4	332.7	487.3	426.4	419.7	463.5	768.4
Gross fixed capital formation	330.4	624.4	551.4	652.6	784.1	724.4	726.3	742.2	1,194.2
Increase in stock (b)	14.7	53.4	22.1	(90.0)	4.8	(53.8)	(9.2)	(17.2)	100.0
Gross domestic capital formation	345.1	677.8	573.5	562.6	788.9	670.6	717.1	727.1	1,294.2

(a) Includes additions to livestock treated as fixed capital

(b) Excludes addition to livestock treated as fixed capital

Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

TABLE 14.7: SHARE OF GROSS DOMESTIC CAPITAL FORMATION IN GDP AT MARKET PRICES, 1980 TO 1992

(million Nu.)

Components	1980	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Gross domestic product at market prices	1,112.9	2,391.4	2,801.6	3,607.5	3,933.7	4,381.6	4,961.0	5,568.9	6,353.0
Gross domestic fixed capital formation	330.4	1,002.9	1,103.1	1,249.7	1,508.0	1,573.5	1,685.6	1,781.6	2,363.0
Gross domestic capital formation	345.1	1,084.5	1,135.1	1,088.2	1,518.4	1,452.4	1,651.7	1,710.6	3,014.0
Share in Gross domestic product (per cent)									
Gross domestic fixed capital formation	29.7	41.9	39.4	34.6	38.3	35.9	34.0	32.0	41.0
Gross domestic capital formation	31.0	45.4	40.5	30.2	38.6	33.1	33.3	30.7	47.0

Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

TABLE 14.8: GROSS AND NET CAPITAL FORMATION, 1980 TO 1992

(million Nu.)

Components	1980	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
<b>In current prices</b>									
Gross domestic capital formation	345.1	1,084.5	1,135.1	1,088.2	1,518.4	1,452.4	1,651.6	1,710.6	3,000.0
Consumption of fixed capital(depreciation)	61.2	137.6	191.6	330.6	362.3	399.0	451.0	503.6	503.6
Net domestic capital formation	283.9	946.9	943.5	757.6	1,156.1	1,053.4	1,200.6	1,207.0	2,496.4
<b>In 1980 prices</b>									
Gross domestic capital formation	345.1	677.8	573.5	562.6	788.9	670.6	727.1	724.7	1,200.0
Consumption of fixed capital(depreciation)	61.2	93.6	121.9	197.4	201.8	215.0	217.7	233.4	233.4
Net domestic capital formation	283.9	584.2	451.6	365.2	587.1	455.6	509.4	491.3	966.6

Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

TABLE 14.9: GROSS AND NET DOMESTIC PRODUCT AND RELATED AGGREGATES, 1980 TO 1992

(million Nu.)

Aggregates	1980	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
<b>In current prices</b>							
Net domestic product at factor cost	1033.8	3200.2	3488.6	3908.9	4397.2	4838.5	5586.9
Add: Consumption of fixed capital	61.2	330.6	362.3	399	451	503.6	590.7
Gross domestic product at factor cost	1095.0	3530.8	3850.9	4307.9	4848.2	5342.1	6177.6
Add: Indirect taxes, less of subsidies (a)	17.9	76.7	82.8	73.7	134.2	159.4	176
Gross domestic product at market prices	1112.9	3607.5	6933.7	4381.6	4982.4	5501.5	6353.6
Add: Net factor income from abroad	-200.0	-349.5	-344.3	-171.6	-296.3	-439.8	-645.1
Gross national product at market prices	912.9	3258	3589.4	4210	4686.1	5061.7	5708.5
<b>In 1980 prices</b>							
Net domestic product at factor cost	1033.8	1775.7	1791.8	1872.1	2006.6	2078.1	2160.9
Add: Consumption of fixed capital	62.2	197.4	201.8	215	218	225.3	236.3
Gross domestic product at factor cost	1095.0	1973.1	1993.6	2087.1	2224.6	2303.4	2397.2

(a) Excludes excise refunds from Government of India

Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

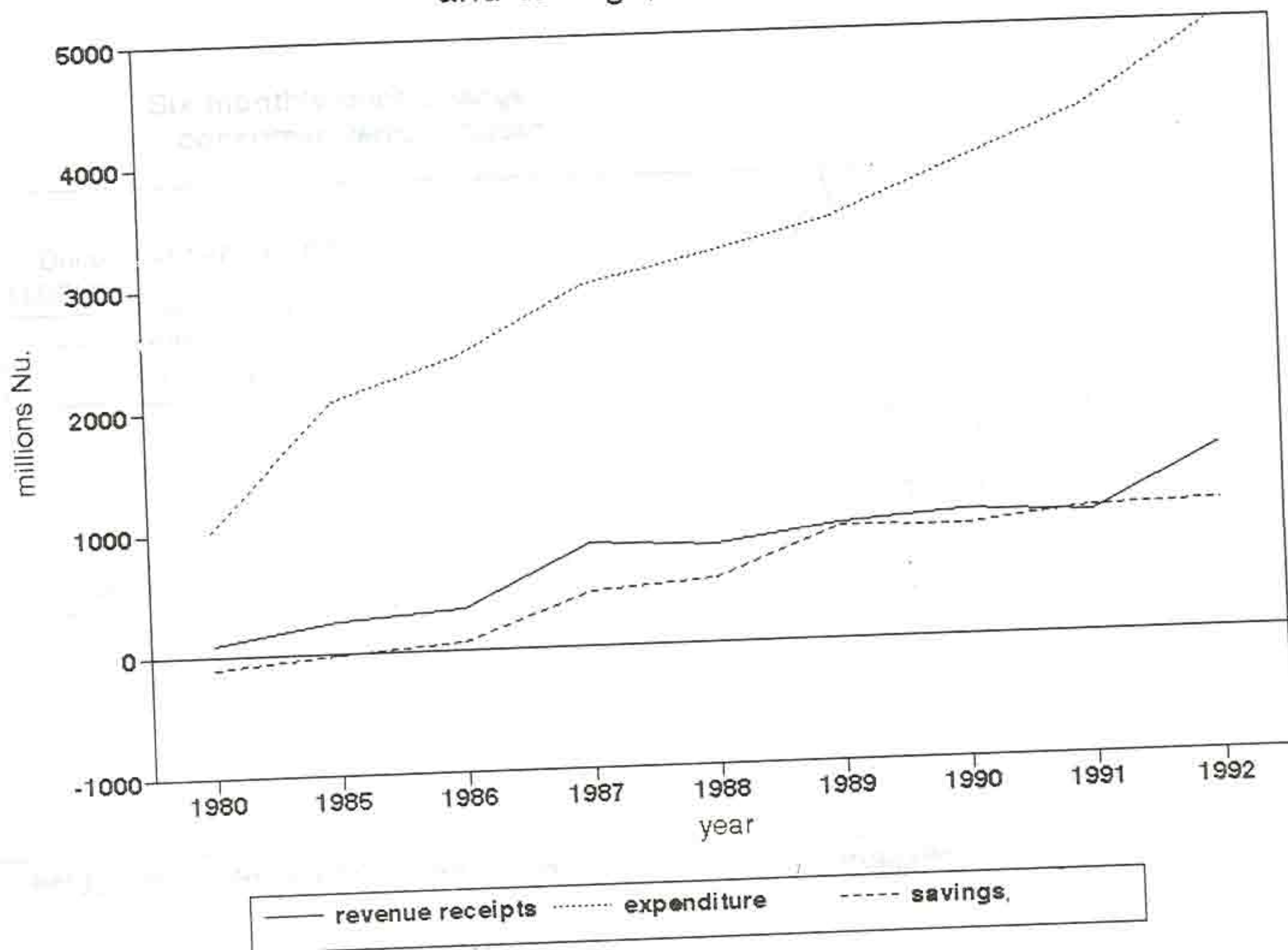
TABLE 14.10: ESTIMATES OF FINAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURE AND SAVINGS AT CURRENT PRICES, 1980 TO 1992

(million Nu.)

Details	1980	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
Revenue receipts	101.7	257.5	340.1	841.7	805.0	953.0	1,020.0	985.7	1,493.0
Consumption expenditure	1,024.5	2,067.6	2,414.2	2,954.6	3,199.3	3,460.8	3,875.0	4,307.8	4,973.3
Government	275.9	560.9	576.3	633.6	641.1	879.0	948.7	1,015.1	1,215.2
Private	748.6	1,506.7	1,837.9	2,321.0	2,558.2	2,581.8	2,926.3	3,292.7	3,758.1
Savings	(105.1)	(4.9)	55.5	452.9	528.5	913.2	900.5	1,016.8	1,060.4
Government	(174.2)	(303.4)	(236.2)	208.1	163.9	74.0	71.3	(29.4)	277.8
Private	69.1	298.5	291.7	244.8	364.6	839.2	829.2	1,046.2	782.6
Gross domestic savings	(105.1)	(4.9)	55.5	452.9	528.5	913.2	900.5	1,016.8	1,060.4
Gross domestic capital formation	345.1	1,084.5	1,135.1	1,088.2	1,518.4	1,452.4	1,651.7	1,710.6	3,014.1
Net capital inflow	450.2	1,089.4	1,079.6	635.3	989.9	539.2	751.2	693.8	1,953.7

Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

Estimates of consumption expenditure and savings, 1980 to 1992



## INTRODUCTION

The only price statistics currently compiled in Bhutan relate to the Consumer Price Indices, often referred to as the CPI. The CPI has been produced by the CSO twice a year since December 1979. In addition, a food price index for Thimphu is published each quarter since September 1987.

The purpose of the CPI is to provide a general indicator of the rate of price change for consumer goods and services. The CPI is important in monitoring overall price development and assessing changes in the living standard of the population.

The CPI is formed by measuring the change in the cost of purchasing a basket of consumer goods and services where items in the basket are weighted according to their relative importance in the total spending of consumers. The basket include food items (i.e. rice, other cereals, vegetables, oils and fats, and spices) together with non food items such as clothing, fuel, furniture and other personal items. Items such as cereals are weighted more heavily than say furniture, because they represent a larger proportion of consumer expenditure. A price change in cereals will therefore will have a greater effect on the CPI than a price change for furniture.

The CPI is presented as Index Numbers, where the indices are measured relative to the base of June 1979 = 100.0. Price change is estimated by measuring change in the Index numbers.

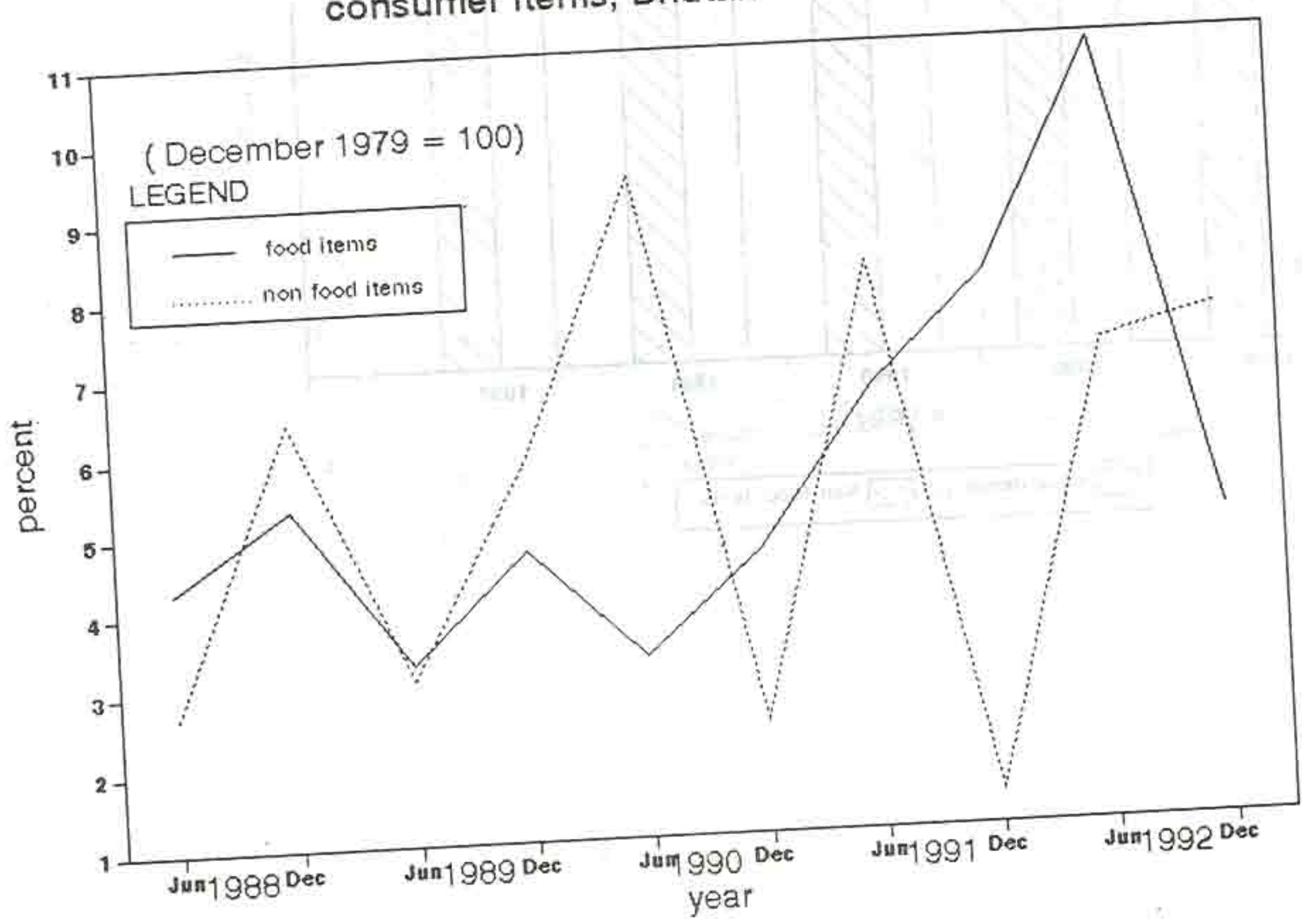
TABLE 15.1: CONSUMER PRICE INDICES FOR FOOD AND NON FOOD COMPONENTS, BHUTAN, 1988 TO 1992

(December 1979 = 100)

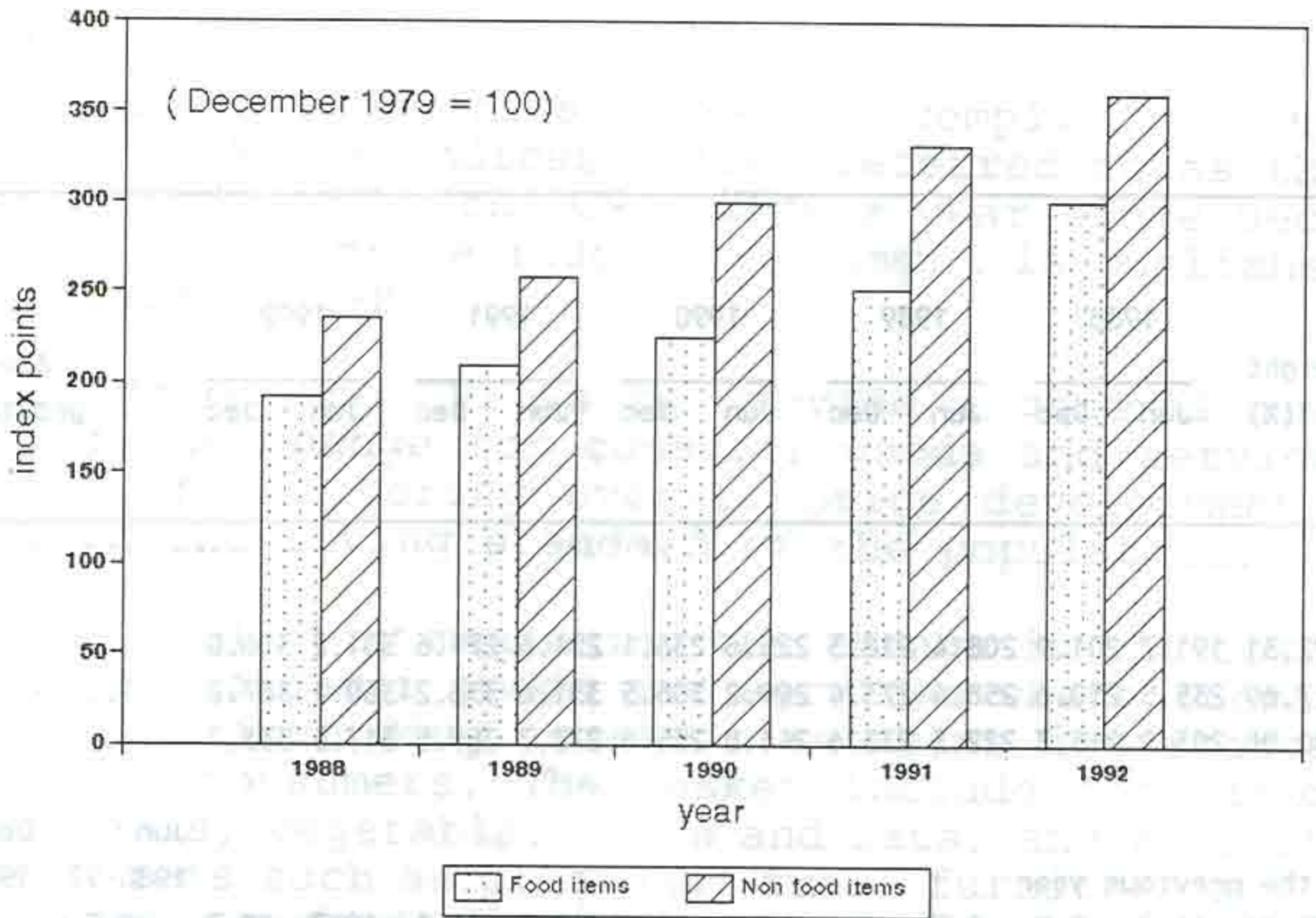
Item	Weight (%)	1988		1989		1990		1991		1992		Average growth(%)	
		Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	1980-92	1979-92
Index												..	..
Food	72.31	191.7	201.9	208.4	218.3	225.6	236.1	251.6	271.6	301.2	316.0	..	..
Non-food	27.69	235.5	250.6	258.4	273.4	299.2	306.5	331.6	336.2	360.1	387.2	..	..
Total	100.00	203.8	215.3	222.3	233.6	246.0	255.6	273.7	289.5	317.5	335.7	..	..
Percentage change on the previous year												9.5	9.3
Food	72.31	11.7	9.8	8.7	8.1	8.2	8.1	11.5	15.1	19.7	16.3	10.4	11.0
Non-food	27.69	8.3	9.3	9.7	9.1	15.8	12.1	10.8	9.7	8.6	15.2	9.8	9.8
Total	100.00	10.6	9.6	9.1	8.5	10.7	9.4	11.3	13.3	16.0	16.0		
Percentage change on the previous period												4.5	..
Food	72.31	4.3	5.3	3.3	4.7	3.3	4.6	6.6	8.0	10.9	4.9	5.3	..
Non-food	27.69	2.7	6.4	3.1	5.8	9.4	2.4	8.2	1.4	7.1	7.5	4.7	..
Total	100.00	3.8	5.6	3.2	5.1	5.3	3.9	7.1	5.8	9.7	5.7		..

Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

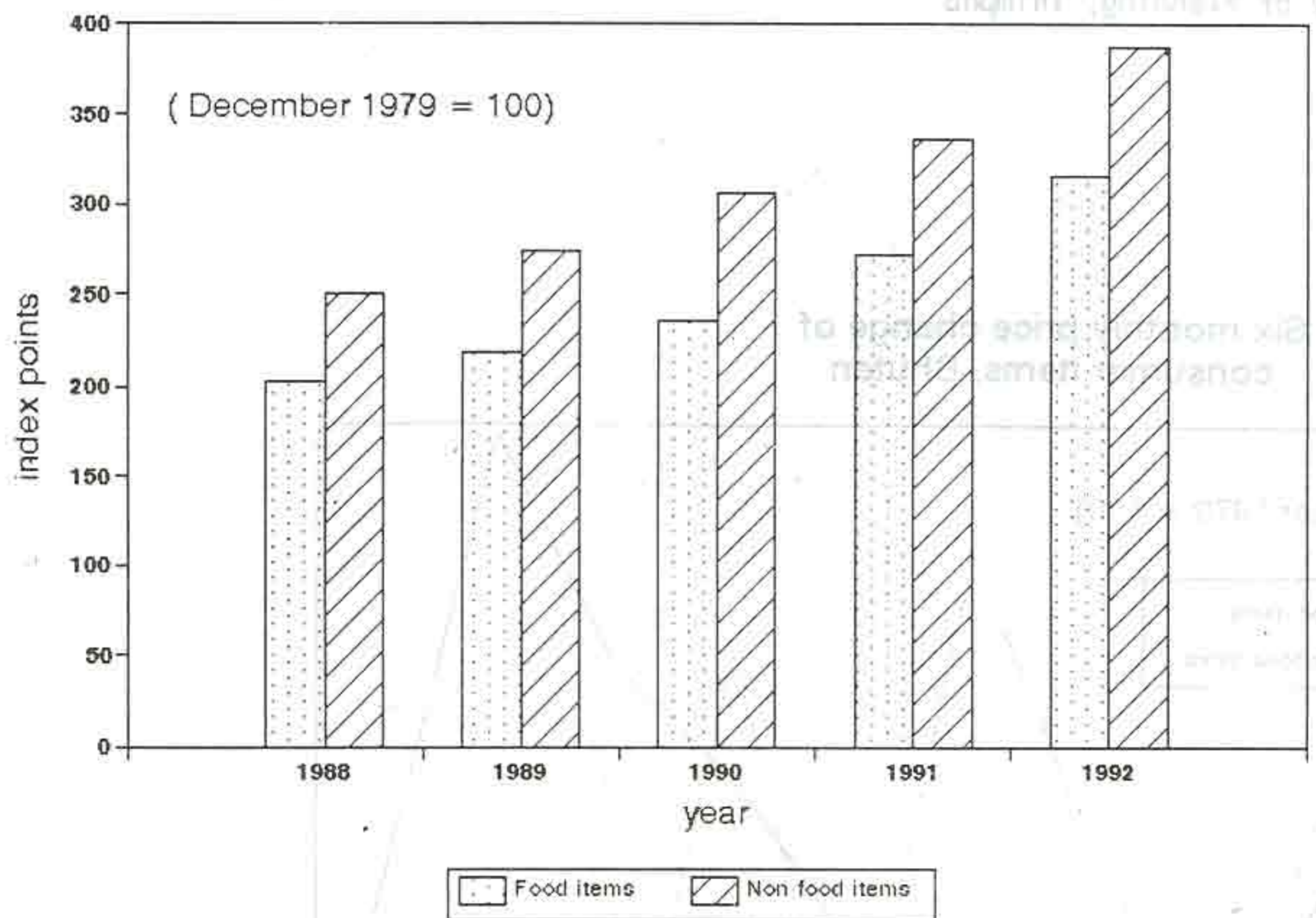
Six monthly price change of consumer items, Bhutan



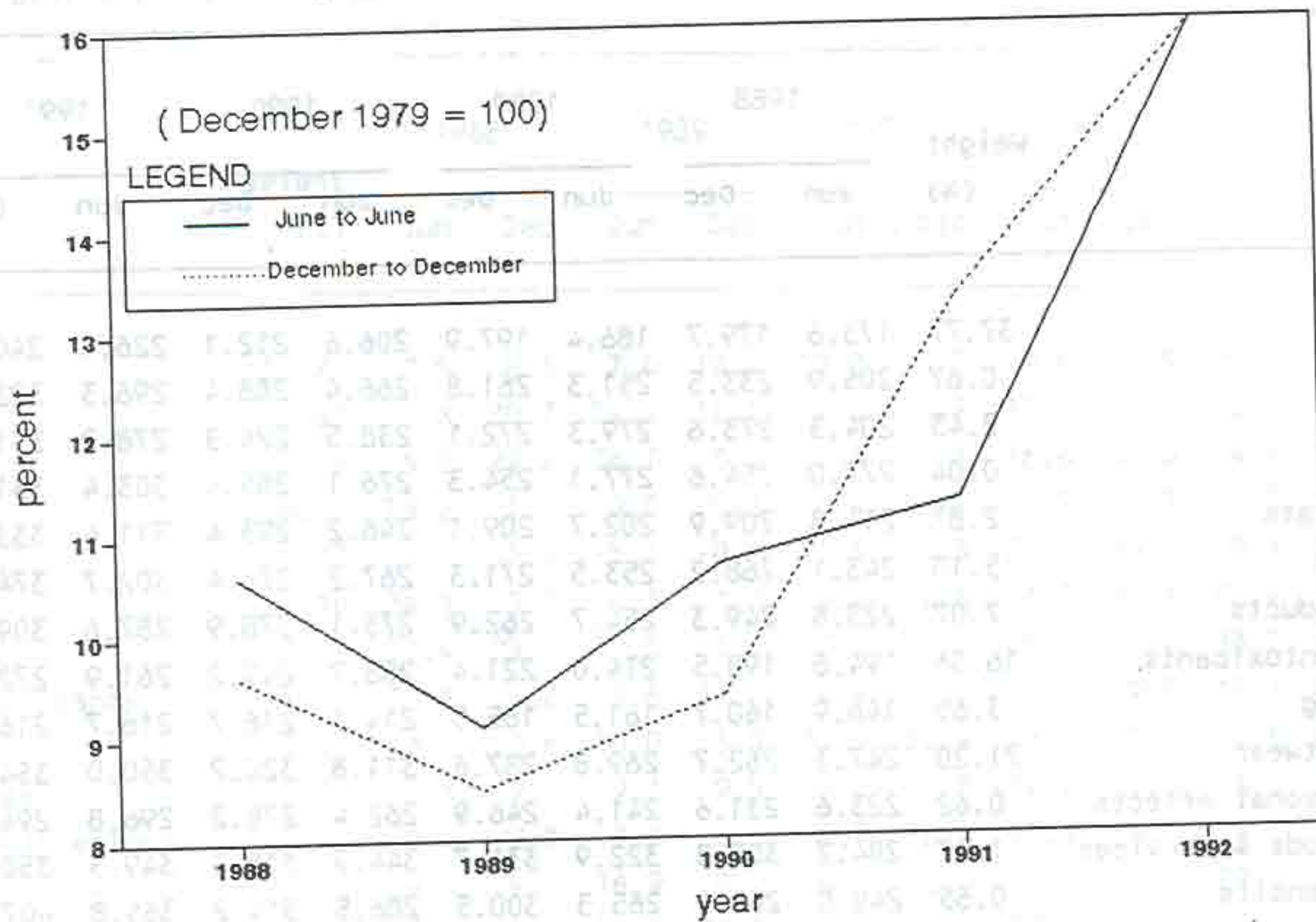
Price indices for food & non food items measured in June each year



Price indices for food & non food items measured in December each year



Yearly price change for consumer items  
(June to June, December to December)



Yearly (June-June & Dec to Dec) price change, food and non food items

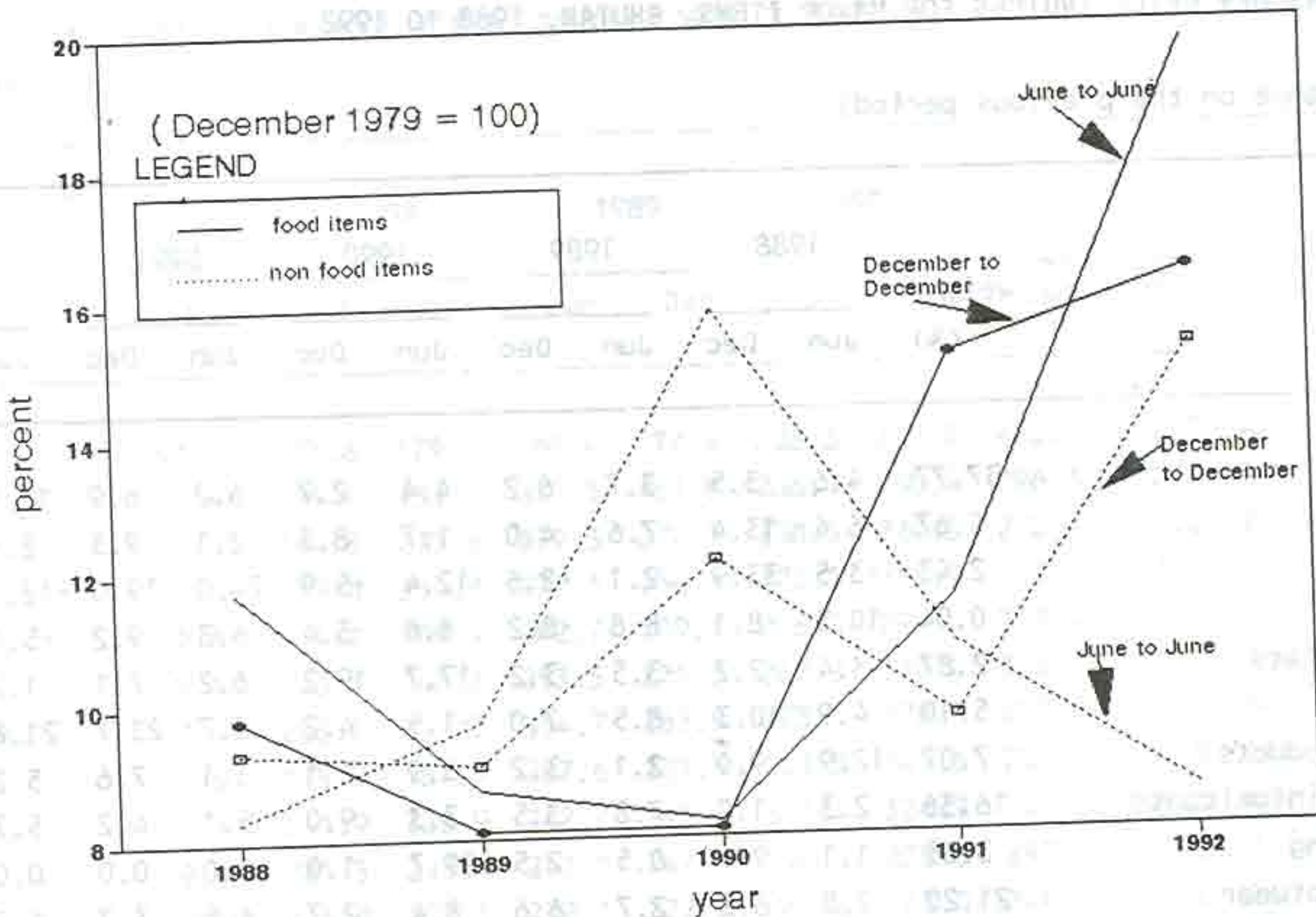


TABLE 15.2: CONSUMER PRICE INDICES FOR MAJOR ITEMS, BHUTAN, 1988 TO 1992  
(December 1979 = 100)

Item	Weight (%)	1988		1989		1990		1991		1992	
		Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec
		Cereals	37.77	173.6	179.7	186.4	197.9	206.6	212.1	226.4	240.7
Pulses	0.67	205.9	233.5	251.3	261.8	266.4	288.4	296.3	322.0	313.7	307.0
Vetetables	2.43	204.3	273.6	279.3	272.1	238.5	224.3	278.2	331.0	291.0	290.7
Fruits	0.04	277.0	254.6	277.1	254.3	276.1	285.4	303.4	331.4	313.5	473.6
Edible oil and fats	2.87	214.8	209.9	202.7	209.1	246.2	293.4	311.4	333.5	337.4	323.4
Spices	5.10	243.1	268.2	253.5	271.3	267.2	278.4	302.7	374.5	456.2	550.0
Milk and its products	7.07	228.8	249.3	254.7	262.9	273.1	278.9	287.6	309.4	352.6	338.4
Other food and intoxicants	16.36	194.8	198.5	214.0	221.4	288.7	249.2	261.9	272.8	288.3	293.7
Fuel and lighting	3.65	146.9	160.7	161.5	165.5	214.6	216.7	216.7	216.7	216.7	216.7
Clothing and footwear	21.20	247.3	262.7	269.8	287.6	311.8	320.2	350.0	354.7	378.3	411.4
Stationary & personal effects	0.62	223.6	231.6	241.4	246.9	262.4	278.2	296.8	294.1	299.8	364.5
Miscellaneous goods & services	1.57	284.7	303.8	322.9	331.7	344.9	338.4	349.3	350.5	428.0	404.6
Furniture and utensils	0.65	240.0	246.4	265.3	300.5	286.5	314.2	365.8	407.0	462.9	530.8
Total	100.00	203.8	215.3	222.3	233.6	246.0	255.6	273.7	289.5	317.5	335.6

Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

TABLE 15.3: CONSUMER PRICE INDICES FOR MAJOR ITEMS, BHUTAN, 1988 TO 1992  
(percentage change on the previous period)

Item	Weight (%)	1988		1989		1990		1991		1992		Average growth (%) 1979-92
		Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	
		Cereals	37.77	4.6	3.5	3.7	6.2	4.4	2.7	6.2	6.9	
Pulses	0.67	6.4	13.4	7.6	4.0	1.7	8.3	2.1	9.3	-2.6	-2.1	4.7
Vetetables	2.43	-3.5	33.9	2.1	-2.6	-12.4	-5.9	24.0	19.0	-12.1	-0.1	4.4
Fruits	0.04	10.3	-8.1	8.8	-8.2	8.6	3.4	6.3	9.2	-5.4	51.1	4.7
Edible oil and fats	2.87	-3.4	-2.2	-3.5	3.2	17.7	19.2	6.2	7.1	1.2	-4.1	5.0
Spices	5.10	4.9	10.3	-8.5	7.0	-1.5	4.2	8.7	23.7	21.8	20.6	6.3
Milk and its products	7.07	12.9	9.0	2.1	3.2	3.9	2.1	3.1	7.6	5.2	3.9	4.8
Other food and intoxicants	16.36	2.3	1.9	7.8	3.5	3.3	9.0	5.1	4.2	5.7	1.9	4.3
Fuel and lighting	3.65	1.1	9.4	0.5	2.5	29.7	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.1
Clothing and footwear	21.20	2.8	6.2	2.7	6.6	8.4	2.7	6.8	3.7	6.7	8.8	5.5
Stationary & personal effects	0.62	3.6	3.6	4.2	2.3	6.3	6.0	-1.4	7.3	1.9	21.6	4.5
Miscellaneous goods & services	1.57	2.6	6.7	9.6	-0.4	4.0	-1.9	3.2	0.3	22.1	-5.5	6.0
Furniture and utensils	0.65	4.3	2.7	7.7	13.3	-4.7	9.7	16.4	11.3	13.7	14.7	6.3
Total	100.00	3.8	5.6	3.2	5.1	5.3	3.9	6.2	6.7	9.7	5.7	4.7

Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu



TABLE 15.4: CONSUMER PRICE INDICES FOR MAJOR ITEMS, BHUTAN, 1988 TO 1992  
(percentage change over the previous year)

Item	Weight (%)	1988		1989		1990		1991		1992		Average growth (%) Dec 79-92
		Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	
Cereals	37.77	7.5	8.3	7.4	10.1	10.8	7.2	9.6	13.5	23.2	20.9	8.6
Pulses	0.67	11.8	20.7	22.1	12.1	6.0	10.2	11.2	11.6	5.9	-4.7	9.0
Vetetables	2.43	6.2	29.2	36.7	-0.5	-14.6	-17.6	16.6	47.6	4.6	-12.2	8.6
Fruits	0.04	23.2	1.3	0.0	-0.1	-0.4	12.2	9.9	16.1	3.3	42.9	12.7
Edible oil and fats	2.87	24.7	-5.6	-5.6	-0.4	21.5	40.3	26.5	13.7	8.3	-3.0	9.4
Spices	5.10	24.0	15.7	4.3	1.2	5.4	2.6	13.3	34.6	50.7	46.8	14.0
Milk and its products	7.07	21.4	23.1	11.3	5.4	7.2	6.1	5.3	11.0	13.2	9.4	9.8
Other food and intoxicants	16.36	10.3	4.2	9.8	11.6	6.9	12.5	14.5	9.5	10.1	7.7	8.6
Fuel and lighting	3.65	8.1	10.6	10.0	3.0	32.9	30.9	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.1
Clothing and footwear	21.20	7.8	9.2	9.1	9.5	15.6	11.3	212.2	10.8	8.1	16.0	11.5
Stationary & personal effects	0.62	22.4	7.3	7.9	6.6	8.7	12.6	13.1	5.7	1.0	23.9	10.5
Miscellaneous goods & services	1.57	9.4	9.5	16.9	9.2	6.3	2.0	1.3	3.6	22.5	15.4	11.4
Furniture and utensils	0.65	7.6	7.0	10.5	22.0	8.0	4.5	27.2	29.5	26.6	30.4	13.7
Total	100.00	10.6	9.6	9.1	8.5	10.7	9.4	11.3	13.3	16.0	16.0	9.8

Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

TABLE 15.5: CONSUMER PRICE INDICES FOR FOOD ITEMS, BHUTAN, 1988 TO 1992  
(December 1979 = 100)

Item	Weight (%)	1988		1989		1990		1991		1992	
		Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec
Cereals	37.77	173.6	179.7	186.4	197.9	206.6	212.1	226.4	240.7	278.9	291.0
Pulses	0.67	205.9	233.5	251.3	261.8	266.4	288.4	296.3	322.0	313.7	307.0
Vetetables	2.43	204.3	273.6	279.3	272.1	238.5	224.3	278.2	311.0	291.0	290.7
Fruits	0.04	277.0	254.6	277.1	254.3	276.1	285.4	303.4	311.4	313.5	473.6
Edible oil and fats	2.87	214.8	209.9	202.7	209.1	246.2	293.4	311.4	333.5	337.4	323.4
Spices	5.10	243.1	268.2	253.5	271.3	267.2	278.4	302.7	374.5	456.2	550.0
Milk and its products	7.07	288.8	249.3	254.7	261.9	273.1	278.9	287.6	309.4	325.6	338.4
Sugar	1.03	175.7	187.9	207.6	221.5	249.8	249.6	251.7	253.9	272.8	272.6
Beverages	1.34	211.9	220.9	242.7	243.4	311.4	324.9	340.0	395.5	432.9	395.9
Meat and fish	9.10	221.5	223.4	242.1	247.9	244.1	278.6	297.2	301.8	317.8	325.5
Eggs	0.19	216.9	223.1	222.1	227.7	262.8	243.0	244.7	274.0	260.8	305.7
Intoxicants	3.38	142.8	143.2	146.8	159.2	166.8	170.8	172.8	179.6	188.8	201.6
Tobacco	1.32	138.0	149.5	166.4	173.8	174.4	170.1	176.9	200.5	207.3	219.8
Total	72.31	191.7	201.9	208.4	218.3	225.6	236.1	251.6	271.6	301.2	316.0

Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

TABLE 15.6: CONSUMER PRICE INDICES FOR FOOD ITEMS, BHUTAN, 1988 TO 1992  
(percent change over the preceeding year)

Item	Weight (%)	1988		1989		1990		1991		1992		Average growth(%) 1979-92
		Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	
Cereals	37.77	7.5	8.3	7.4	10.1	10.8	7.2	9.6	13.5	23.2	20.9	8.3
Pulses	0.67	11.8	20.7	22.1	12.1	6.0	10.2	12.2	11.6	5.9	-4.7	9.1
Vetetables	2.43	6.2	29.2	36.7	-0.5	-14.6	-17.6	16.6	47.6	4.6	-12.2	8.3
Fruits	0.04	23.2	1.3	0.0	-1.0	-4.0	12.2	9.9	16.1	3.3	42.9	12.7
Edible oil and fats	2.87	24.7	-5.6	-5.6	-4.0	21.5	40.3	6.5	13.7	8.3	-3.0	9.4
Spices	5.10	24.0	15.7	4.3	1.2	5.4	2.6	13.3	34.6	50.7	46.8	14.1
Milk and its products	7.07	21.4	23.1	11.3	5.4	7.2	6.1	5.3	11.0	13.2	9.4	9.8
Sugar	1.03	1.0	5.4	18.1	17.9	20.3	12.7	0.8	1.7	8.4	7.4	8.0
Beverages	1.34	3.0	4.6	14.5	10.2	28.3	33.5	9.2	21.7	27.3	0.1	11.2
Meat and fish	9.10	13.3	3.9	9.3	11.0	0.8	12.4	21.7	8.3	6.9	7.9	9.3
Eggs	0.19	14.1	2.9	2.4	2.1	18.3	6.7	-6.9	12.8	6.6	11.6	9.0
Intoxicants	3.38	4.4	1.7	2.8	11.2	13.6	7.3	3.6	5.2	9.3	12.2	5.3
Tobacco	1.32	14.7	13.3	20.6	16.2	4.9	-2.1	1.4	17.9	17.2	9.6	6.2
Total	72.31	11.7	9.8	8.7	8.1	8.2	8.1	11.5	15.1	19.7	16.3	9.3

Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

TABLE 15.7: CONSUMER PRICE INDICES FOR FOOD ITEMS, BHUTAN, 1988 TO 1992  
(percent change over the preceeding period)

Item	Weight (%)	1988		1989		1990		1991		1992		Average growth(%) 1979-92
		Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	Jun	Dec	
Cereals	37.77	4.6	3.5	5.7	6.2	4.4	2.7	6.7	6.3	15.9	4.3	4.2
Pulses	0.67	6.4	13.4	7.6	4.2	1.7	8.3	2.7	8.7	-2.6	-2.1	4.7
Vetetables	2.43	-3.5	33.9	2.1	-2.6	-12.4	-5.9	24.0	19.0	-12.1	-0.1	4.4
Fruits	0.04	10.3	-8.1	8.8	-8.2	8.6	3.4	6.3	9.2	-5.4	51.1	4.7
Edible oil and fats	2.87	-3.4	-2.4	-3.5	3.2	17.7	19.2	6.2	7.1	1.2	-4.1	5.0
Spices	5.10	4.9	10.3	-5.5	7.0	-1.5	4.2	8.7	23.7	21.8	20.6	6.3
Milk and its products	7.07	12.9	9.0	2.1	3.2	3.9	2.1	3.1	7.6	5.2	3.9	4.8
Sugar	1.03	-1.5	7.0	10.5	6.7	12.8	-0.1	0.9	0.9	7.5	-0.1	4.1
Beverages	1.34	0.4	4.2	9.9	0.3	27.9	4.4	4.6	16.3	9.5	-8.5	6.0
Meat and fish	9.10	3.0	0.9	8.4	2.4	-1.5	14.1	6.7	1.6	5.3	2.4	4.7
Eggs	0.19	0.0	2.9	-0.5	2.5	15.4	-7.5	0.7	12.0	-4.8	17.2	3.9
Intoxicants	3.38	1.4	0.3	2.5	8.4	4.8	2.4	1.2	3.9	5.1	6.8	2.6
Tobacco	1.32	4.6	8.4	11.3	4.5	0.4	-2.5	4.0	13.4	3.4	6.1	3.0
Total	72.31	4.3	5.3	3.3	4.7	3.3	4.6	6.6	8.0	10.9	4.9	4.5

Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

TABLE 15.8: QUARTERLY FOOD PRICE INDEX, THIMPHU TOWN, 1988 TO 1992

(December 1979 = 100)

Period	Cereals and pulses	Vegetables and fruits	Other food items	Total food items
Quarter ending:				
1988				
March	156.7	196.1	207.8	178.4
June	163.5	236.7	210.6	184.8
September	170.5	192.7	220.1	190.9
December	170.2	260.6	226.8	195.9
1989				
March	172.8	261.8	228.3	198.0
June	178.0	290.0	235.1	204.6
September	180.3	292.8	239.3	207.7
December	182.5	284.9	245.9	211.3
1990				
March	189.8	267.7	254.6	218.2
June	198.4	286.6	275.8	232.2
September	201.7	263.2	261.7	227.6
December	202.9	316.4	280.6	237.7
1991				
March	210.8	375.1	294.1	249.7
June	213.6	473.4	297.3	256.1
September	227.7	447.8	300.6	264.5
December	235.7	527.4	313.6	277.1
1992				
March	258.4	534.4	316.7	291.5
June	280.5	548.1	337.6	312.8
September	285.1	550.8	344.9	318.4
December	285.1	607.3	383.6	335.8

Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

TABLE 15.9: QUARTERLY FOOD PRICE INDEX, THIMPHU TOWN,  
1988 TO 1992

(percentage change over the preceeding quarter)

Period	Cereals and pulses	Vegetables and fruits	Other food items	Total food items
Quarter ending:				
1988				
March	-0.6	-16.3	-3.0	-2.4
June	4.3	20.7	1.3	3.6
September	4.3	-18.6	4.5	3.3
December	-0.2	35.2	3.0	2.6
1989				
March	1.5	0.5	0.7	1.1
June	3.0	10.8	3.0	3.3
September	1.3	1.0	1.8	1.5
December	1.2	-2.7	2.8	1.7
1990				
March	4.0	-6.0	3.5	3.3
June	4.5	7.1	8.3	6.4
September	1.7	-8.2	-5.1	-2.0
December	0.6	20.2	7.2	4.4
1991				
March	3.9	18.6	4.8	5.0
June	1.3	26.2	1.1	2.6
September	6.6	-5.4	1.1	3.3
December	3.5	17.8	4.3	4.8
1992				
March	9.6	1.3	1.0	5.2
June	8.6	2.6	6.6	7.3
September	1.6	0.5	2.2	1.8
December	0.0	10.3	11.2	5.5

Source: CSO, Ministry of Planning, Thimphu

## ANNEX I

## ADMINISTRATIVE UNITS

1. Thimphu Dzongkhag
 

Gewog: 1. Bapisa	2. Chang	3. Dagala
4. Genye	5. Kawang	6. Mewang
7. Teopisa		

  - (a) Lingshi Dungkhag
 

Gewog: 1. Lingzhi	2. Naro	3. Soe
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2. Chhukha Dzongkhag
 

Gewog: 1. Bongo	2. Chapchha	3. Dungna
4. Getana	5. Geyle	6. Bjachho
7. Metab		

  - (a) Phuntsholing Dungkhag
 

Gewog: 1. Balujora	2. Dala	3. Logchina
4. Phuntsholing		
3. Ha Dzongkhag
 

Gewog: 1. Bji	2. Uesu	3. Katscho
4. Sama	5. Sangbe	
4. Paro Dzongkhag
 

Gewog: 1. Dogar	2. Dopshari	3. Doeteng
4. Hungrey	5. Lango	6. Lungnyi
7. Naji	8. Shaba	9. Tsento
10. Wangchang		
5. Samtse Dzongkhag
 

Gewog: 1. Pagli	2. Samtse	3. Tading
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  - (a) Chengmari Dungkhag
 

Gewog: 1. Charchhare	2. Chengmari	3. Gumaune
4. Nainital		
  - (b) Dorokha Dungkhag
 

Gewog: 1. Denchhukha	2. Dorokha	3. Dumtoe
4. Mayona		
  - (c) Sipsu Dungkhag
 

Gewog: 1. Bangra	2. Biru	3. Lahireni
4. Sipsu	5. Tendru	
6. Tsirang Dzongkhag
 

Gewog: 1. Tsirangdrangra	2. Dunglegang	3. Gozeling
4. Kikhothang	5. Patale	6. Phuentenchhu
7. Semjong	8. Tshokhana	

  - (a) Lamidangra Dungkhag
 

Gewog: 1. Beteni	2. Chaunautre	3. Gairigang
4. Lamidrangra		
7. Daga Dzongkhag
 

Gewog: 1. Drugegong	2. Kalidzingkha	3. Khilpisa
4. Lajap	5. Tsangkha	6. Tseza

ADMINISTRATIVE UNITS (continuation)

- (a) Dagapela Dzungkhag  
Gewog: 1. Dorona 2. Emeri 3. Gozhing  
4. Suntali 5. Trashiding
8. Punakha Dzungkhag  
Gewog: 1. Chhubu 2. Goenshari 3. Guma  
4. Bjimena 5. Kabjisa 6. Lingmukha  
7. Shengana 8. Talo 9. Teowang  
10. Dzomma
9. Gasa Dzungkhag  
Gewog: 1. Goenkhamé 2. Goenkhatoe 3. Laya  
4. Lungnana
10. Wangduephodrang Dzungkhag  
Gewog: 1. Athang 2. Daga 3. Dangchhu  
4. Gangte 5. Gase Tsogom 6. Gase Tsho  
7. Bjena 8. Kazhi 9. Nahi  
10. Nyisho 11. Phang yue 12. Phobji  
13. Ruepisa 14. Sephu 15. Thedtso
11. Bjaka Dzungkhag  
Gewog: 1. Chhoekho 2. Chhume 3. Tang  
4. Ura
12. Sarpang Dzungkhag  
(a) Geylephug Dzungkhag  
Gewog: 1. Bhur 2. Danabari 3. Gelephu  
4. Lalai 5. Serzhong 6. Surey  
7. Taklai  
(b) Kalikhola Dzungkhag  
Gewog: 1. Deorali 2. Kalikhola 3. Nichula  
(c) Sarbhang Dzungkhag  
Gewog: 1. Doban 2. Hiley 3. Leopani  
4. Sarpangtar 5. Senge
13. Zhemgang Dzungkhag  
Gewog: 1. Bardo 2. Nangkor 3. Shingkar  
4. Trong  
(a) Panbang Dzungkhag  
Gewog: 1. Bjoka 2. Ngangla 3. Phangkar
14. Trongsa Dzungkhag  
Gewog: 1. Bjakteng 2. Korphu 3. Langthi  
4. Nubi 5. Tangsibji
15. Lhuntshi Dzungkhag  
Gewog: 1. Gangzur 2. Jare 3. Khoma  
4. Kurteo 5. Menbi 6. Minji  
7. Metsho 8. Tsenkar

ADMINISTRATIVE UNITS (continuation)

16. Monggar Dzongkhag

Gewog:	1. Chaskhar	2. Drametse	3. Gungdue
	4. Kengkhar	5. Monggar	6. Ngatshang
	7. Saleng	8. Silambi	9. Thangrong
	10. Tsakaling	11. Tsamang	

17. Pemagatsel Dzongkhag

Gewog:	1. Chongshing	2. Dungme	3. Chhimung
	4. Khar	5. Shumar	6. Yurung
	7. Zobe	8. Khangma	

18. Samdrup Jongkha Dzongkhag

Gewog:	1. Orong	2. Gomdar	
(a) Dechhenling Dungkhag			
Gewog:	1. Dechhenling	2. Norbugang	
(b) Bangtar Dungkhag			
Gewog:	1. Bakuli	2. Dalim	3. Martshala
	4. Samrang		
(c) Daifam Dungkhag			
Gewog:	1. Hastinapur	2. Shingkharlauri	3. Serthig

19. Trashigang Dzongkhag

Gewog:	1. Bartsham	2. Bidung	3. Kanglung
	4. Phongme	5. Radi	6. Samkhar
	7. Shongphu	8. Udzorong	9. Yangnyer
(a) Sakteng Dungkhag			
Gewog:	1. Mera	2. Sakteng	
(b) Thrimshing Dungkhag			
Gewog:	1. Kangpara	2. Thrimshing	
(c) Wamrong Dungkhag			
Gewog:	1. Khaling	2. Lumang	3. Nanong

20. Yangtse Dzongkhag

Gewog:	1. Khamdang	2. Tomzhangtshen	
	3. Teotsho	4. Yalang	5. Yangtse
	6. Ramjar	7. Bumdeling	8. Jamkhar

TOTAL NUMBER OF DZONGKHAGS = 20

TOTAL NUMBER OF GEWOGS = 197

# BHUTAN

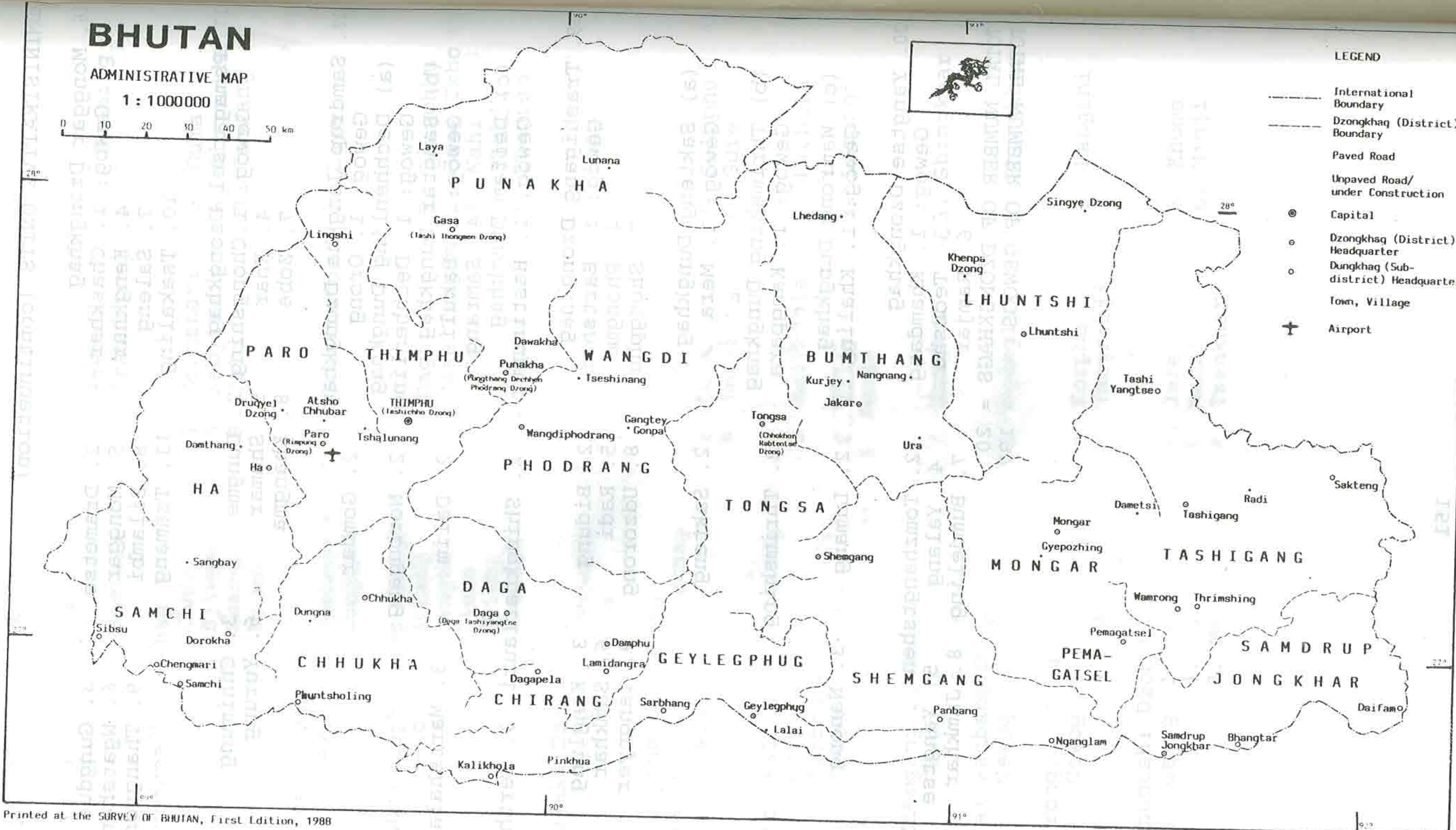
ADMINISTRATIVE MAP

1 : 1 000 000



## LEGEND

- International Boundary
- Dzongkhag (District) Boundary
- Paved Road
- Unpaved Road/under Construction
- Capital
- Dzongkhag (District) Headquarter
- Dzongkhag (Sub-district) Headquarter
- Town, Village
- Airport



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